

# MPC8569E-MDS-PB

This document describes the MPC8569E-MDS-PB and its related hardware kit. The MPC8569E-MDS-PB getting started procedure explains and verifies the board's basic operation in a step-by-step format.

Settings for switches, jumpers, LEDs, and push buttons are shown, and there are instructions for connecting peripheral devices.

The MPC8569E-MDS-PB functions with an integrated development environment (IDE), such as Freescale's *CodeWarrior*<sup>™</sup>, but instructions for working with the IDE are beyond the scope of this document.

**NOTE!**

The terms PEX and PCIe are interchangeable. However, as the modules are stamped "PEX", the document uses this term.

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# 1 Revisions Table

Table 1. Revisions Table

Date	Rev.	Author	Tech Editor	Description
19 Jan 2009	1.0	Vladimir Yukht	Hadas Khen	HWGS Rev. 1.0
12 Mar 2009	2.0	Vladimir Yukht	Hadas Khen	BCSR changes.
31 Mar 2009	2.1	Vladimir Yukht	Hadas Khen	RCW changes
5 May 2009	2.2	Vladimir Yukht	Hadas Khen	BCSR, terminology, reference document changes, and new photos (Bootwiz).
21 May 2009	3.0	Vladimir Yukht	Hadas Khen	Revised content
22 June 2009	3.1	Vladimir Yukht	Hadas Khen	BCSR changes

# 2 Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

Table 2. Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

Usage	Description
ADDR	Address
ADS	Application Development System
BCSR	Board Control and Status Register
BVDD	Local Bus Volt Direct Current
CCB	Platform Clock
CKE	DDR Clock Enable
CLKIN	Clock Input; interchangeable with SYSCLK
CLKOUT	Clock Output
CNTR ISP	Control PLD Integrated SW Programming
COP	Common On-Chip Processor
CPU	Central Processing Unit
CS	Component Side
DDR	Double Data Rate
DIP	Dual-in-Line Package (switches)
DUART	Dual Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
e500	CPU Core Name
ECC	Error Detection and Correction
EEPROM	Electrical Erasable Programmable Memory

**Table 2. Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations**

Usage	Description
eLBC	Enhanced Local Bus Controller
EN	Enable
EP	End Point
ETH	Ethernet
FCM	NAND Flash Control Machine
FSL	Freescale Semiconductor
GETH	Gigabit Ethernet (also GbE)
GPCM	General Purpose Chip-Select Machine
Host	MPC8569E
HRESET	Hard Reset
HW	Hardware
I <sup>2</sup> C	Inter-Integrated Circuit multi-master serial computer bus
IDE	Integrated Development Environment
IO	Input/Output
IRSENSE	Service Voltage Drop Testing
JTAG	Joint Test Access Group (IEEE® Std. 1149.1™)
LED	Light-emitting Diode
LYNX	Internal terminology; interchangeable with SerDes
LVDD	QUICC Engine Block UCC1-UCC4 Voltage
MCK(E)	DDR Master Clock
MDIC	DDR Memory Driver Impedance Calibration
MEMC	Memory Controller
MMC	Multi Media Card
MPI	Metallized Particle Interconnect Matrix
NAND	FLASH Memory
NMI	Non-Maskable Interrupt
nMVRST	Marvell PHY Reset Signal
NOR	Flash Memory
PB	MPC8569E-MDS Processor Board
PCI	Peripheral Components Interconnect
PCIe	PCI Express = PCIe = PEX

**Table 2. Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations**

Usage	Description
PEX	PCI Express = PEX = PCIe
PHY	Physical Layer
PIB	Platform I/O Board
PLD	Programmable Logic Device
PLL	Phased Lock Loop
POST FA_AND	Service Failure Analysis
PRESET	Power-on-Reset
PS	Print Side
PS ISP	PS Control PLD Integrated SW Programming
PTP	Precision Time Protocol
QE	Quick Engine
RC	Root Complex
RCW	Reset Configuration Word
REG CFG	Configuration Register
RGMII	Reduced General Media Independent Interface
RMII	Reduced Media Independent Interface
ROM	Read Only Memory
RTC	Real Time Clock
SD	Secure Digital Card
SDHC	Secure Digital High Capacity Card
SerDes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Serializer/Deserializer</li> <li>• High Speed Serial Communication Lines; e.g., PEX (PCIe), SRIO, SGMII, etc.</li> </ul>
SGMII	Serial Gigabit Media Independent Interface
SHMOO	Graphical representation of selected test parameters in an electronic circuit.
SMII	Serial Media Independent Interface
SODIMM	Mini DIMM Form Factor
SRESET	Soft Reset
SRIO	Serial RapidIO
SW	Switch
SYSCLK	System Clock; interchangeable with CLKIN

**Table 2. Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations**

Usage	Description
TAP	e.g., USB or ETH TAP
TDM	Time Division Multiplexing
TRIG OUT	Signal Trigger_Out
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
UCC	Universal Communication Controller
UEM	Universal Ethernet Module
UPC	Universal Programmable Controller
USB	Universal Serial Bus
V	Volt
VDD	Common Power Supply Terminals

### 3 Related Reading

The below noted documents are available in the Freescale website to those with NDA Agreement access; the website is found at <http://www.freescale.com/>.

**Table 3. Related Reading**

Document	Description
CodeWarrior™ Kit Configuration Guide	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Complete HW setup explanation.</li> <li>• Kit Configuration Guide explains how to set up and use each SW component in the development kit.</li> </ul>
MPC8569E PowerQUICC™ III Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications	MPC8569EEC
MPC8569E PowerQUICC™ III Integrated Processor Reference Manual	MPC8569ERM

# 4 Hardware Kit Content

**NOTE!**

The terms PEX and PCIe are interchangeable. However, as the modules are stamped “PEX”, the document uses this term.

Hardware Kit Contents	Figure 1. HW Kit Inventory
<p><b>Processor Board and Modules</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. MPC8569E-MDS-PB (1)</li> <li>2. UEM (2)</li> <li>3. SRIOx1 (2) and plastic screws (2)</li> <li>4. PEXx2 (1) and plastic screw (1)</li> <li>5. SRIO_LOOPBACK CARD (2)</li> <li>6. Bootwiz (1)</li> </ol> <p><b>Cables</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>7. RS-232 standard serial cable with two 9-pin connectors (2)</li> <li>8. FSL adaptor cable with one 10-pin and two RS-232 connectors (1)</li> <li>9. ETH cables (4) with RJ45 connectors</li> <li>10. ETH loop-back cables (4)</li> </ol> <p><b>Power Supply and USB TAP</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>11. AC/DC 5V/8A power supply</li> <li>12. CodeWarrior USB TAP</li> </ol> <p><b>Miscellaneous</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>13. Allen key</li> <li>14. UEM plastic guide pins (6)</li> <li>15. Auxiliary UTAP to CNTR-ISP connector (1)</li> </ol> <p><b>Printed Matter (not shown in Figure 1)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MPC8569E-MDS-PB HW Getting Started</li> <li>• Freescale Warranty Card: 920-75133</li> <li>• Safety Notice: 926-75254</li> <li>• Contact Information Sheet: 920-90570-00</li> </ul>	<p>The image shows the hardware kit inventory items numbered 1 through 15. Item 1 is the MPC8569E-MDS-PB processor board. Items 2-6 are various modules and cards. Items 7-10 are different types of cables. Item 11 is a black power supply. Item 12 is a CodeWarrior USB TAP. Item 13 is an Allen key. Item 14 is a blue plastic guide pin. Item 15 is a small connector.</p>

# 5 MPC8569E-MDS-PB Schematic CS and PS Views

Figure 2. MPC8569E-MDS-PB Component Side (CS) View

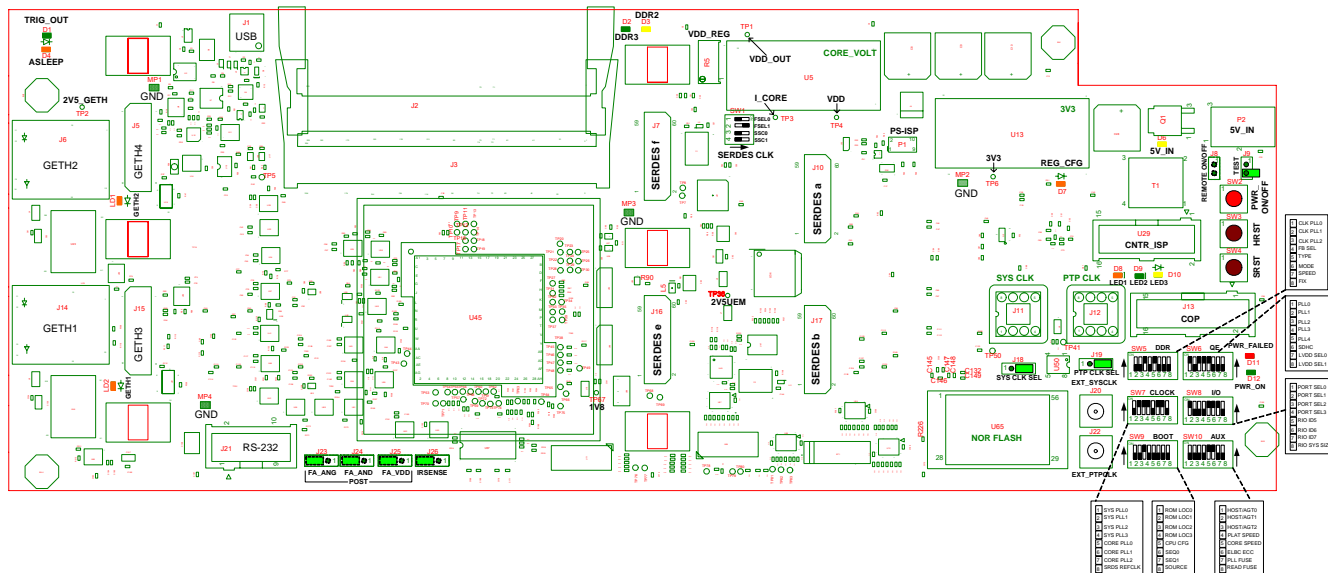
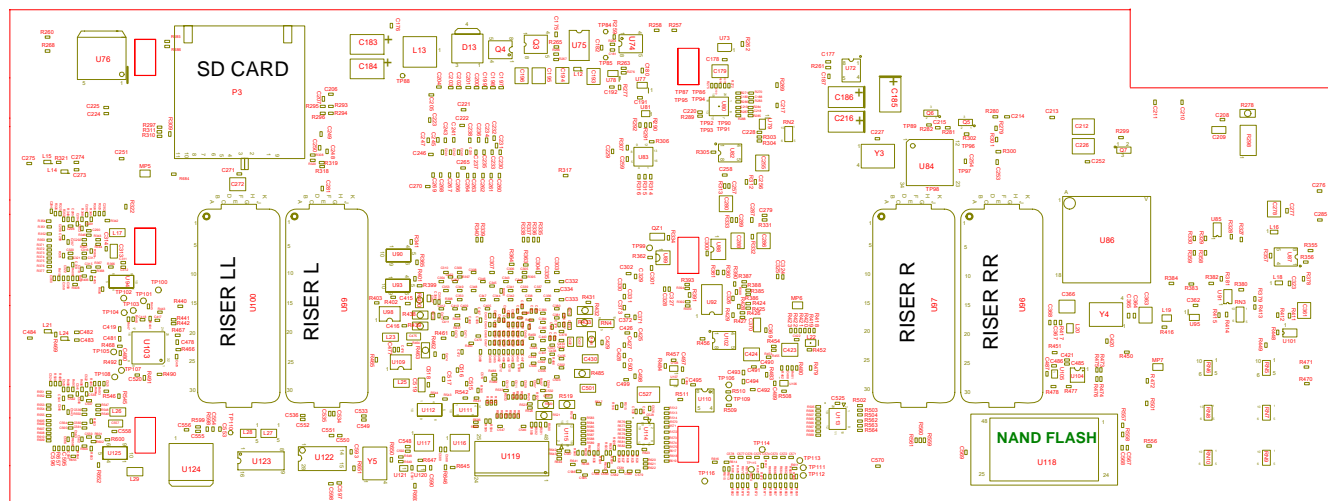


Figure 3. MPC8569E-MDS-PB Print Side (PS) View



## 6 Switch Default Settings

The MPC8569E-MDS-PB has dual-in-line package (DIP) switches; see Figure 5.

Default DIP switch positions establish MPC8569E-MDS-PB clock modes; see Table 4.

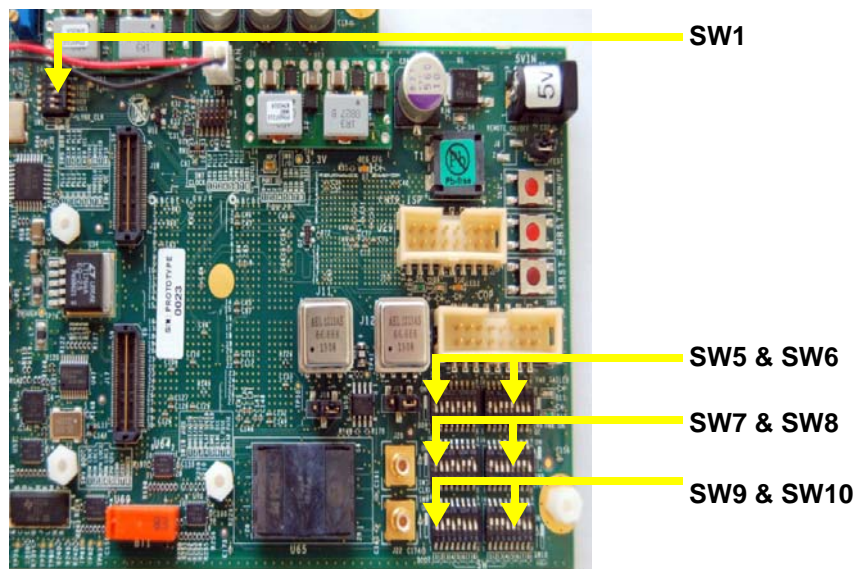
**NOTE!**

Ensure DIP switches are set according to default values.

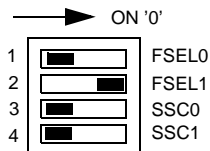
**Table 4. MPC8569E-MDS-PB Default Configurations**

Mode	Value
BVDD Voltage	3.3V only
CCB Clock	533MHz
SYSClk (CLKIN)	66.67 MHz
Core Clock	1067MHz MHz
DDR CLK	400 MHz (DDR3)
LVDD1 and LVDD2 Voltage	2.5V
PTP CLK	66.67 MHz
QE Clock	533MHz
RTC CLK	66.67 MHz
SerDes REF CLK	100 MHz
SRIO	2.5 GBaud
VDD Voltage	1.1V

**Figure 4. MPC8569E-MDS-PB DIP-Switch Locations**

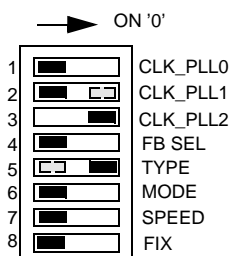




**SW1 Configuration: SerDes CLK**

**SW1.1-SW1.4: SerDes Reference Clock**

- Sets reference clock value for MPC8569 SerDes module.
- Sets reference clock values for external PEX/SRIO/SGMII interfaces.
- (Default) 100 MHz and no spread.

FSEL0	FSEL1	Q0:Q1	SSC0	SSC1	SPREAD%
0 (ON)	0 (ON)	25 MHz	0 (ON)	0 (ON)	CENTER +/- 0.25
<b>1 (OFF)</b>	<b>0 (ON)</b>	<b>100 MHz</b>	1 (OFF)	0 (ON)	DOWN -0.5
0 (ON)	1 (OFF)	125 MHz	0 (ON)	1 (OFF)	DOWN -0.75
1 (OFF)	1 (OFF)	25 OMHz	<b>1 (OFF)</b>	<b>1 (OFF)</b>	<b>NO SPREAD</b>

**SW5 Configuration: DDR3**

**SW5.1- SW5.3: DDR Complex Clock PLL Ratio**

- Establish clock ratio between SYSCLK input and DDR complex clock.

Value (Binary)	DDR Complex Clock: SYSCLK Ratio
000	3:1
001	4:1
010	5:1
011	6:1
100	8:1
101	10:1
110	(Default) 12:1
111	Synchronous Mode*

\*Synchronous mode: DDR data rate = CCB clock.

**NOTE!**

Switch positions related to DDR2 usage are marked with the symbol:


**SW5.4: DDR PLL Feedback Select**

- '0': Local/Shorter feedback path selected
- '1': (Default) Longer feedback path selected (matches insertion delay of DDR, QE and Platform)

**SW5.5: DDR SDRAM Type**

- '0': (Default) DDR3, 1.5V, CKE low at reset.
- '1': DDR2, 1.8V, CKE low at reset.

**SW5.6: DRAM Mode**

- '0': Primary and secondary DDR is enabled (32-bit width data bus).
- '1': (Default) Primary DDR is enabled (64-bit width data bus); secondary DDR is disabled.

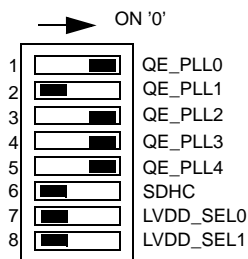
**SW5.7: DDR Speed**

- '1': (Default) DDR clock frequency < 500MHz.
- '0': DDR clock frequency > or = to 500MHz.

**SW5.8: Disables DDR2 Phase Reset Logic**

- '0': DDR controller disables MCKE at reset; a few cycles later MCK is disabled.
- '1': (Default) At reset, DDR controller simultaneously disables MCK and MCKE.

## SW6 Configuration: QE



### SW6.1-SW6.5: QUICC Engine PLL Configuration

- QUICC Engine Clock: defined by a multiplier & divisor applied to the SYSCLK input signal:  

$$\text{QUICC Engine clock} = \text{SYSCLK} * \text{cfg\_qe\_pll}[0:4]$$

Value (Binary)*	Multiplier
0_0000	16
0_0010	2
0_0011	3
0_0100	4
0_0101	5
0_0110	6
0_0111	7
0_1000	(Default) 8
0_1001	9
0_1010	10

\*All other combinations are reserved.

### SW6.6: SDHC Card Detect Polarity Select

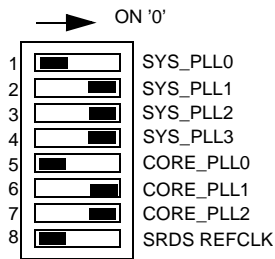
- '0': SDHC card-detect polarity is inverted.
- '1': (Default) SDHC card-detect polarity isn't inverted.

### SW6.7: QE UCC1 and UCC3 Voltage Select

- '0': QUICC Engine UCC1&3 GB Ethernet interface operates at 3.3V.
- '1': (Default) QUICC Engine UCC1&3 GB Ethernet interface operates at 2.5V.

### SW6.8: QE UCC2 and UCC4 Voltage Select

- '0': QUICC Engine UCC2&4 GB Ethernet interface operates at 3.3V.
- '1': (Default) QUICC Engine UCC2&4 GB Ethernet interface operates at 2.5V.

**SW7 Configuration: CLOCK**

**SW7.1-SW7.4: CCB Clock PLL Ratio**

- System PLL inputs establish the clock ratio between SYSCLK input and the Platform Clock (CCB) used by MPC8569E.

Value (Binary)	CCB Clock: SYSCLK Ratio
0000	Reserved
0001	Reserved
0010	2:1
0011	3:1
0100	4:1
0101	5:1
0110	6:1
0111	7:1
1000	(Default) 8:1
1001	Reserved
1010	Reserved
1011	Reserved
1100	Reserved
1101	Reserved
1110	Reserved
1111	Reserved

**SW7.5-SW7.7: e500 Core PLL Ratios**

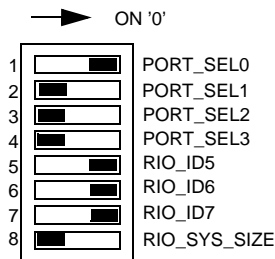
- Establish ratio between e500 core and e500 core complex bus (CCB) clocks.

Value (Binary)	e500 Core: CCB Clock Ratio
000	4:1
001	9:2 (4.5:1)
010	1:1
011	3:2 (1.5:1)
100	(Default) 2:1
101	5:2 (2.5:1)
110	3:1
111	7:2 (3.5:1)

**SW7.8: SerDes Reference Clock Configuration**

- '0': SerDes expects a 125 MHz reference clock frequency.
- '1': (Default) SerDes expects a 100 MHz reference clock frequency.

## SW8 Configuration: I/O



### NOTE!

100 MHz clock reference (set `cfg_srds_refclk` to 1).

125 MHz clock reference (set `cfg_srds_refclk` to 0).

### SW8.1-SW8.4: I/O Port Selection

Value (Binary)	Description	SerDes Reference Clock Speed
0000	- PCI Express x1 (2.5 Gbps), Lane A	100 MHz
0001	- SRIO1 1x (2.5 Gbps), Lane A - SRIO2 1x (2.5 Gbps), Lane B - SGMII x2 (1.25 Gbps; half-speed), Lanes E-F	100 MHz
0010	- SRIO1 1x (2.5 Gbps; half-speed), Lane A - SRIO2 1x (2.5 Gbps; half-speed), Lane B - SGMII x2 (1.25 Gbps; half-speed), Lanes E-F	100 MHz
0011	- SRIO1 1x (3.125 Gbps), Lane A - SRIO2 1x (3.125 Gbps), Lane B	125 MHz
0100	- PCI Express x1 (2.5 Gbps), Lane A - SGMII x2 (1.25 Gbps; half-speed), Lanes E-F	100 MHz
0101	- PCI Express x2 (2.5 Gbps), Lanes A-B - SGMII x2 (1.25 Gbps; half-speed), Lanes E-F	100 MHz
0110	- PCI Express x1 (2.5 Gbps), Lane A - SRIO1 1x (2.5 Gbps), Lane E - SRIO2 1x (2.5 Gbps), Lane F	100 MHz
0111 (Default)	- PCI Express x2 (2.5 Gbps), Lanes A-B - SRIO1 1x (2.5 Gbps), Lane E - SRIO2 1x (2.5 Gbps), Lane F	100 MHz
1000	- PCI Express x2 (2.5 Gbps), Lanes A-B - SRIO1 1x (2.5 Gbps—half speed), Lane E - SRIO2 1x (2.5 Gbps—half speed), Lane F	100 MHz
1001	- SRIO1 4x (1.25 Gbps; half-speed), Lanes A-B, E-F	100 MHz
1010	- SRIO1 4x (2.5 Gbps), Lanes A-B, E-F	100 MHz
1011	- SRIO1 4x (3.125 Gbps), Lanes A-B, E-F	125 MHz
1100	- PCI Express x1 (2.5 Gbps), Lane A - SRIO2 x1 (2.5 Gbps; half-speed), Lane B - SGMII x2 (1.25 Gbps; half-speed), Lanes E-F	100 MHz
1101	- Serdes disabled; Lanes A-B, E-F are powered-off	-
1110	- Reserved	-
1111	- PCI Express x4 (2.5 Gbps), Lanes A-B, E-F	100 MHz

### SW8.5-SW8.7: RapidIO Device ID of the MPC8569E

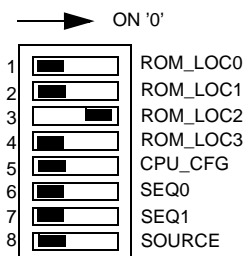
- Specifies lower-order bits (3) for use by hosts on the RapidIO interface.
- (Default) If configured as a RapidIO host then the upper-order device ID bits default to '0'.
- If configured as a RapidIO agent then the upper-order device ID bits default to '1'.
- Regardless of host/agent mode configuration, unconnected `cfg_device_ID_1[n]` inputs default to '1'.

### SW8.8: RapidIO System Size

- '0': Large system size with a maximum of 65,536 devices.
- '1': (Default) Small system size with a maximum of 256 devices.

**SW9 Configuration: BOOT**
**SW9.1-SW9.4: Boot ROM Location**

Value (Binary)	Description
0000	PCI Express
0001	Reserved
0010	SRIO 1
0011	SRIO 2
0100	DDR Controller 1
0101	DDR Controller 2
0110	Reserved
0111	ON-chip Boot ROM (eSDHC configuration)
1000	Local bus FCM 8-bit NAND FLASH small page
1001	Reserved
1010	Local bus FCM 8-bit NAND FLASH large page
1011	Reserved
1100	Reserved
1101	(Default) Local bus GPCM; 8-bit ROM
1110	Local bus GPCM; 16-bit ROM
1111	Local bus GPCM; 16-bit ROM


**SW9.5: CPU Boot Configuration**

- '0': CPU boot hold-off mode. Until configured by an external master the e500 core can't boot.
- '1': (Default) Until configured by an external master the e500 core can't boot.

**SW9.6-SW9.7: Boot Sequencer Configuration**

- 00: Reserved
- 01: Uses normal I<sup>2</sup>C address mode. Boot sequencer is enabled. Loads configuration information from an I<sup>2</sup>C1 interface ROM; a valid ROM must be present.
- 10: Uses extended I<sup>2</sup>C address mode. Boot sequencer is enabled. Loads configuration information from an I<sup>2</sup>C1 interface ROM; a valid ROM must be present.
- 11: (Default) I<sup>2</sup>C ROMs not accessed. Boot sequencer is disabled.

**SW9.8: Reset Configuration Source**

- '0': RCW is read through I<sup>2</sup>C.
- '1': (Default) RCW is read through IO pin sampling.

<b>SW10 Configuration: AUX</b>																																											
<div style="margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p>ON '0'</p> </div> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">1</td><td style="width: 20px; border: 1px solid black; background-color: black;"></td><td>HOST_AGT0</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">2</td><td style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: black;"></td><td>HOST_AGT1</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">3</td><td style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: black;"></td><td>HOST_AGT2</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">4</td><td style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: black;"></td><td>PLAT SPEED</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">5</td><td style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: black;"></td><td>CORE SPEED</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">6</td><td style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: black;"></td><td>ELBC ECC</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">7</td><td style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: black;"></td><td>PLL FUSE</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">8</td><td style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: black;"></td><td>READ FUSE</td></tr> </table>	1		HOST_AGT0	2		HOST_AGT1	3		HOST_AGT2	4		PLAT SPEED	5		CORE SPEED	6		ELBC ECC	7		PLL FUSE	8		READ FUSE	<p><b>SW10.1-SW10.3: Host/Agent Configuration</b></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 20%;">Value (Binary)</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">000</td> <td>MPC8569E acts as an Agent for PCI Express (EP) and both SRIO interfaces.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">001</td> <td>MPC8569E acts as an Agent for both SRIO interfaces.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">010</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">011</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">100</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">101</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">110</td> <td>MPC8569E acts as a PCI Express EP.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">111</td> <td>(Default) MPC8569E acts as the Host-processor/RC.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>SW10.4: Platform Speed</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• '0': CCB frequency is &lt; 333 MHz.</li> <li>• '1': (Default) CCB frequency is &gt; or = to 333 MHz.</li> </ul> <p><b>SW10.5: Core speed</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• '1': Core clock frequency is &lt; or = to 1000 MHz.</li> <li>• '0': (Default) Core clock frequency is &gt; 1000 MHz.</li> </ul> <p><b>SW10.6: eLBC ECC Enable</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• '0': (Default) eLBC ECC is disabled after POR.</li> <li>• '1': eLBC ECC is enabled after POR.</li> </ul> <p><b>SW10.7: Fuse PLL Override Disable</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• '0': PLL parameters are controlled by fuse bits.</li> <li>• '1': (Default) PLL parameters are controlled by plugs.</li> </ul> <p><b>SW10.8: Fuse Read Enable</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• '0': Fuse reads are disabled during the reset sequence.</li> <li>• '1': (Default) Fuse reads are enabled during reset sequence.</li> </ul>	Value (Binary)	Description	000	MPC8569E acts as an Agent for PCI Express (EP) and both SRIO interfaces.	001	MPC8569E acts as an Agent for both SRIO interfaces.	010	Reserved	011	Reserved	100	Reserved	101	Reserved	110	MPC8569E acts as a PCI Express EP.	111	(Default) MPC8569E acts as the Host-processor/RC.
1		HOST_AGT0																																									
2		HOST_AGT1																																									
3		HOST_AGT2																																									
4		PLAT SPEED																																									
5		CORE SPEED																																									
6		ELBC ECC																																									
7		PLL FUSE																																									
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## 7 Connector Default Settings

The below table, Table 5, lists factory default connector, header, and socket settings for the MPC8569E-MDS-PB. Figure 6 marks the location of the listed connector types.

**Table 5. MPC8569E-MDS-PB Connector Default Settings**

#	Type	Description	Function
J1	Connector	USB	(Default) OPEN
J2	Socket	DDR1 (64/32-bit)	SODIMM 64-bit/modified 32-bit if both MEMC1&2 controllers in use.
J3	Socket	DDR2 (32-bit)	SODIMM 64-bit if both MEMC1&2 controllers in use.
J4	Header	CPU FAN	MPC8569_5V_FAN
J5	Header	GETH4	(Default) OPEN
J6	Header	GETH2	(Default) OPEN
J7	Header	SerDes f	(Default) OPEN
J8	Header	Remote ON/OFF	(Default) Unassembled
J9	Header	TEST	(Default) OPEN
J10	Header	SerDes a	(Default) OPEN
J11	Socket	System Clock Oscillator: 66.67 MHz	(Default) Inserted
J12	Socket	PTP Clock Oscillator: 66.67 MHz	(Default) Inserted
J13	16-pin Header	COP Interconnection	External USB-TAP interconnection.
J14	Header	GETH1	(Default) OPEN
J15	Header	GETH3	(Default) OPEN
J16	Header	SerDes e	(Default) OPEN
J17	Header	SerDes b	(Default) OPEN
J18	Header	System Clock Source Selection	1-2: External SYSCLK; 2-3: (Default) Onboard SYSCLK
J19	Header	PTP Clock Source Selection	1-2: External SYSCLK; 2-3: (Default) Onboard SYSCLK
J20	SMB Connector	External System Clock Source	(Default) OPEN
J21	10-pin Header	Dual RS-232 External Connection	Interconnection with RS-232 adapter cable.
J22	SMB Connector	External PTP Clock Source	(Default) OPEN
J23	3-pin Header	POST FA_AND	(Default) Unassembled
J24	3-pin Header	POST FA_ANG	(Default) Unassembled
J25	3-pin Header	POST FA_VDD	(Default) Unassembled
J26	3-pin Header	IRSENSE	(Default) Unassembled
J27	MPC8569 Socket	MPI Socket; located on PS.	(Default) Assembled

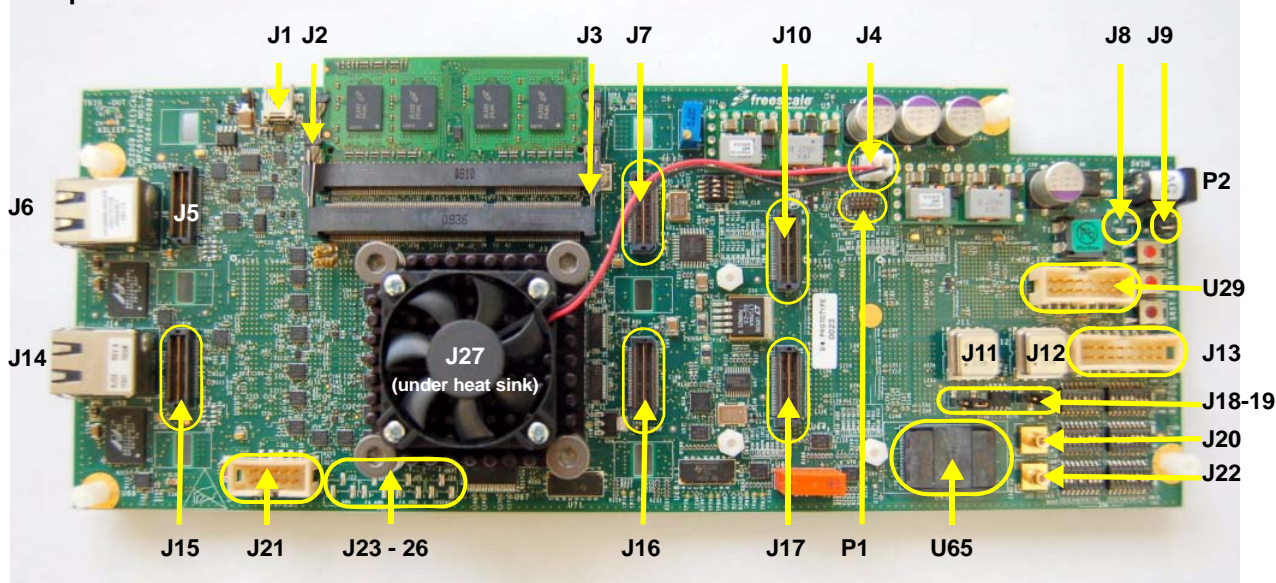
**Table 5. MPC8569E-MDS-PB Connector Default Settings**

#	Type	Description	Function
U29 <sup>1</sup>	16-pin Header	CNTR ISP	Used for BCSR programming.
U65	Socket	NOR Flash Socket	(Default) Insert NOR Flash device.
U118	Socket	NAND Flash Socket; located on PS.	(Default) Insert NAND Flash device.
P1	10-pin Header	PS ISP	Used for PS-cntr. PLD programming.
P2	Connector	5V IN power jack	MPC8569E-MDS-PB 5V power jack.
P3	Socket	SD Card Slot; located on PS.	Used for SD/MMC card insertion.

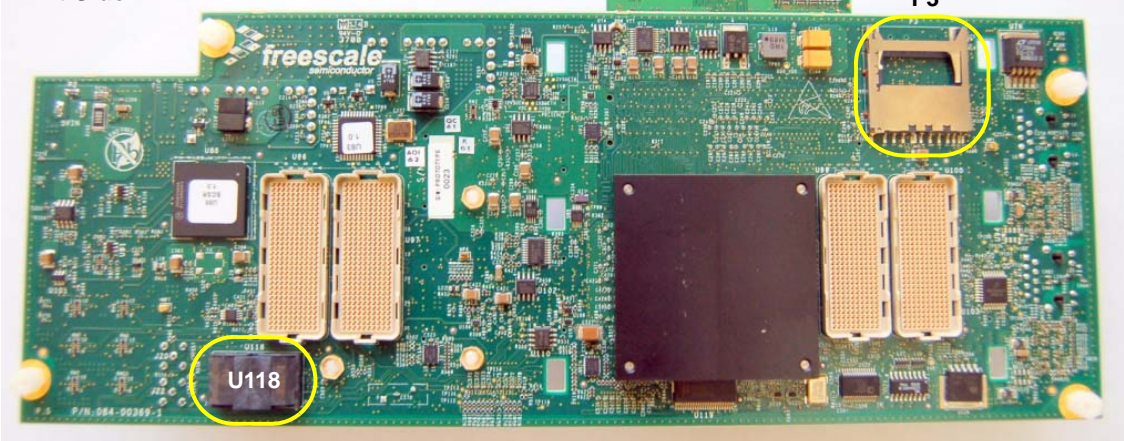
<sup>1</sup> An auxiliary connector (UTAP to CNTR-ISP) is used to reprogram the U86 onboard PLD Altera. Insert auxiliary connector into U29 header then attach USB TAP connector to auxiliary connector.

**Figure 5. MPC8569E-MDS-PB Connectors**

**Component Side**



**Print Side**








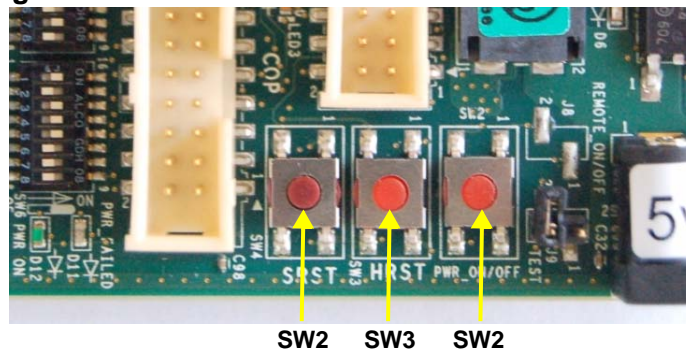
## 8 Push Buttons

Table 6 lists the functioning of MPC8569E-MDS-PB push buttons.

**Table 6. MPC8569E-MDS-PB Push Buttons**

Push Button	Position	Description & Default
SW2: POWER-ON/OFF		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Press SW2 to Power-ON/OFF all PB components.</li> <li>Powered from an external 5V power supply via the P2 power jack.</li> <li>Combined mode: +5V on PIB power supply via riser connectors.</li> </ul>
SW3: HRESET		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Press SW3 for HRESET of the PB.</li> </ul>
SW4: SRESET		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Press SW4 for SRESET of the PB.</li> <li>Retains clock and chip-select data contents despite the reset.</li> </ul>

**Figure 6. MPC8569E-MDS-PB Push Button Locations**



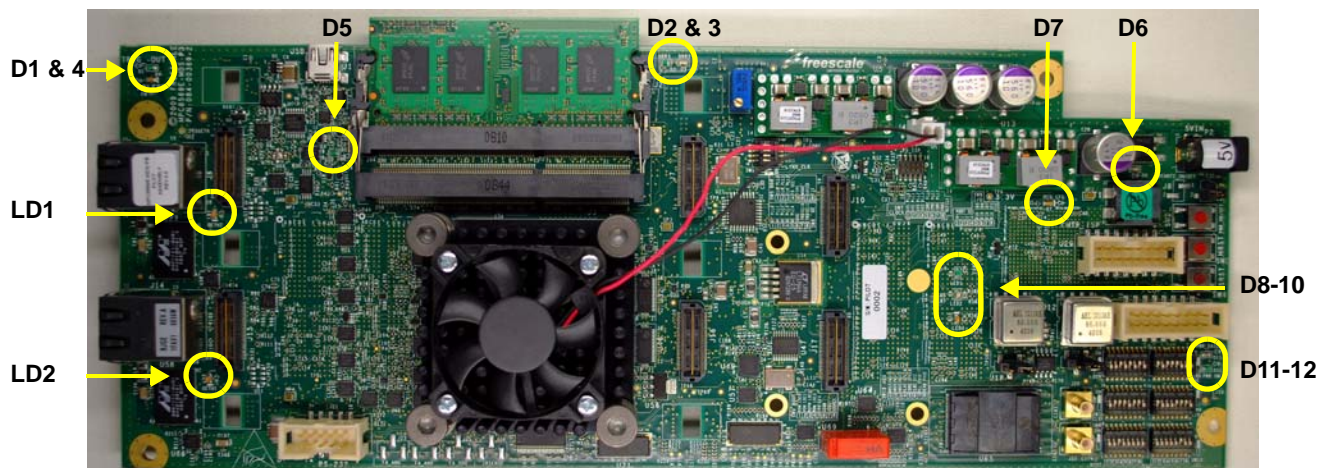
# 9 LED Lights

Table 7, below, lists the functioning of MPC8569E-MDS-PB LED lights. See Figure 8 for LED locations.

**Table 7. MPC8569E-MDS-PB LEDs**

LED	Name	Color	LED ON	LED OFF
LD1	GETH2	Orange	• GETH2 enabled. BCSR8-[0] is high.	• BCSR8-[0] is low.
LD2	GETH1	Orange	• GETH1 enabled. BCSR7-[0] is high	• BCSR7-[0] is low.
D1	TRIG OUT	Green	• Processor is in ready state.	• Processor NOT in ready state; or • Processor is in debug mode.
D2	DDR3	Green	• DDR3 (1.5V) voltage supply.	• Board is OFF (no power); or • DDR2 voltage supply.
D3	DDR2	Yellow	• DDR2 (1.8V) voltage supply.	• Board is OFF (no power); or • DDR3 voltage supply.
D4	ASLEEP	Orange	• MPC8569 HRESET is asserted.	• MPC8569 HRESET isn't asserted.
D5	USB POWER	Green	• BCSR17-[2] is low; USB power applied to J1 USB connector.	• BCSR17-[2] is high; USB power isn't applied to USB connector.
D6	5VIN	Yellow	• 5V input power applied to board.	• No power supplied to the board.
D7	REG CFG	Orange	• MPC8569 configurable from BCSR.	• MPC8569 configurable from DIP-switches.
D8	LED1	Green	• BCSR11-[1] is low.	• BCSR11-[1] is high.
D9	LED2	Yellow	• BCSR11-[2] is low.	• BCSR11-[2] is high.
D10	LED3	Orange	• BCSR11-[3] is low.	• BCSR11-[3] is high.
D11	PWR FAILED	Red	• Internal power supply fail.	• Internal power supply is good; or • Board is OFF (no power).
D12	PWR ON	Green	• Internal power supply is good.	• Internal power supply is good; or • Board is OFF (no power).

**Figure 7. MPC8569E-MDS-PB LEDs**



# 10 Board Control Status Registers (BCSR)

## 10.1 BCSR0

Table 8. BCSR0 Register

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0:3]	CFG_SYS_PLL[0:3]	Establishes clock ratio between SYSCLK and CCB.	SW7[1:4] sampled at HRESET. [1000]	R,W
[4:6]	CFG_CORE_PLL[0:2]	Sets ratio between e500 Core PLL clock and CCB.	SW7[5:7] sampled at HRESET [100]	R,W
[7]	CFG_SRDS_REFCLK	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: SerDes expects 125 MHz reference clock frequency.</li> <li>1 (Default): SerDes expects 100 MHz reference clock frequency.</li> </ul>	SW7[8] sampled at HRESET [1]	R,W

## 10.2 BCSR1

Table 9. BCSR1 Register

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0:2]	CFG_DDR_CLK_PLL[0:2]	Configure DDR PLL ratio.	SW5[1:3] sampled at HRESET. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DDR2 [100]</li> <li>DDR3 [110]</li> </ul>	R,W
[3]	CFG_DDR_FB_SEL	DDR QE and Platform PLL Feedback Select <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: gclk-matched/long DDR, QE, and Platform PLLs feedback path.</li> <li>1 (Default): local/short DDR PLL feedback path.</li> </ul>	SW5[4] sampled at HRESET [1]	R,W
[4]	CFG_DDR_TYPE	DDR Dram Type (DDR2 or DDR3) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: DDR3 of 1.5V and low CKE at reset.</li> <li>1 (Default): DDR2 of 1.8V and low CKE at reset.</li> </ul>	SW5[5] sampled at HRESET. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DDR3 [0]</li> <li>DDR2 [1]</li> </ul>	R,W
[5]	CFG_DDR_MODE	DDR Dram Mode (1x64 or 2x32) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Primary and Secondary DDR is enabled (32-bit width data bus).</li> <li>1 (Default): Primary DDR is enabled (64-bit width data bus) but secondary DDR is disabled.</li> </ul>	SW5[6] sampled at HRESET [1]	R,W
[6]	CFG_DDR_SPEED	DDR speed configuration input configures internal logic for proper operation of the DDR. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: DDR clock frequency &lt; 500MHz.</li> <li>1: DDR clock frequency is &gt; or = 500MHz.</li> </ul>	SW5[7] sampled at HRESET [0]	R,W
[7]	DDR_FIX	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: At reset, DDR disables both MCK and MCKE.</li> <li>0: DDR disables MCKE at reset; a few cycles later MCK is disabled.</li> </ul>	SW5[8] sampled at HRESET [1]	R,W

## 10.3 BCSR2

**Table 10. BCSR2 Register**

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0:4]	CFG_QE_PLL[0:4]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A multiplier and divisor, applied to SYSCLK input, define the QE clock:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– QE Clock=SYSCLK*(CFG QE PLL[0:4]/CFG_QE_CLK)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	SW6[1:5] sampled at HRESET [01000]	R,W
[5]	SDHC	SDHC Card Detect Polarity Select <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: SDHC card-detect polarity is inverted.</li> <li>1 (Default): SDHC card-detect polarity isn't inverted.</li> </ul>	SW6[6] sampled at HRESET [1]	R,W
[6:7]	CFG_LVDD_VSEL[0:1]	Voltage Select Dedicated Pins <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>QE UCC1 and UCC3 Voltage Select</li> <li>QE UCC2 and UCC4 Voltage Select</li> </ul>	SW6[6:7] sampled at HRESET [11]	R,W

## 10.4 BCSR3

**Table 11. BCSR3 Register**

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0:3]	CFG_PORT_SEL[0:3]	IO Select Configuration for SerDes.	SW8[1:4] sampled at HRESET [0111]	R,W
[4:6]	CFG_RIO_ID[5:7]	RapidIO Device ID [5:7].	SW8[5:7] sampled at HRESET [000]	R,W
[7]	CFG_RIO_SYS_SIZE	RapidIO System Size <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Large system size with a maximum of 65,536 devices.</li> <li>1: Small system size with a maximum of 256 devices.</li> </ul>	SW8[8] sampled at HRESET [1]	R,W

## 10.5 BCSR4

**Table 12. BCSR4 Register**

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0:3]	CFG_ROM_LOC[0:3]	Selects physical location of boot ROM.	SW9[1:4] sampled at HRESET [1101]	R,W
[4]	CFG_BOOT_CPU	Specifies Boot Configuration Mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: CPU Boot Hold-off Mode; e500 core boots after configuration by an external master.</li> <li>1 (Default): e500 core boots without being configured by an external master.</li> </ul>	SW9[5] sampled at HRESET [1]	R,W
[5:6]	CFG_BOOT_SEQ[0:1]	Boot Sequencer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows Boot Sequencer to load serial ROM (on I<sup>2</sup>C1 port) configuration data before the host configures the MPC8569E.</li> </ul>	SW9[6:7] sampled at HRESET [11]	R,W

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[7]	CFG_SOURCE	Reset Configuration Source bit lets users select RCW source. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: RCW is read through I<sup>2</sup>C.</li> <li>1: RCW is read through IO pin sampling.</li> </ul>	SW9[8] sampled at HRESET [1]	R,W

## 10.6 BCSR5

Table 13. BCSR5 Register

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0:2]	CFG_HOST_AGT[0:2]	MPC8569E configured to act as a host or agent to another interface master (PEX and SRIO).	SW10[1:3] sampled at HRESET [111]	R,W
[3]	CFG_PLAT_SPEED	Platform speed configuration input configures internal logic for proper operation with CCB frequencies. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: CCB frequency &lt; 333 MHz</li> <li>1: CCB frequency &gt; or = 333 MHz.</li> </ul>	SW10[4] sampled at HRESET [1]	R,W
[4]	CFG_CORE_SPEED	Core speed configuration input configures internal logic for proper operation with core clock frequencies. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Core clock frequency &lt; or = to 1000MHz.</li> <li>1: Core clock frequency &gt; 1000MHz.</li> </ul>	SW10[5] sampled at HRESET [1]	R,W
[5]	CFG_ELBC_ECC	POR configuration input enables eLBC ECC checking on booted external local bus interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: eLBC ECC disabled after POR.</li> <li>1: eLBC ECC enabled after POR.</li> </ul>	SW10[5] sampled at HRESET [0]	R,W
[6]	CFG_FUSE_OVR_DIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Fuse PLL override is enabled.</li> <li>1: Fuse PLL override is disabled.</li> </ul>	SW10[6] sampled at HRESET [1]	R,W
[7]	CFG_FUSE_READ	Fuse Read Enable <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Fuse reads are disabled during reset sequence.</li> <li>1 (Default): Fuse reads are enabled during reset sequence.</li> </ul>	SW10[7] sampled at HRESET [1]	R,W

## 10.7 BCSR6

Table 14. BCSR6 Register description

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0]	UPC1_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable UPC1, ATM, or POS</li> <li>0: Disable UPC1 <b>OR</b> enable TDM1A, TDM1B, TDM1E, TDM1F, TDM1G, TDM1H, TDM2A, TDM2C, TDM2D, TDM2E, RMII5, RMII7, RMII8, TDM2G, TDM2F, and RMII6</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[1]	RUPC1POS_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable UPC1POS</li> <li>0: Disable UPC1POS <b>OR</b> enable TDM2A and TDM1B</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[2]	RUPC1ADDR_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable UPC1ADDR, ATM, or POS</li> <li>0: Disable UPC1ADDR (Unsupported: SMII8 and SMII6)</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[3]	RUPC1DEV2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable UPC1DEV2, ATM, or POS</li> <li>0: Disable UPC1DEV2 <b>OR</b> enable TDM2C and UCC3</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[4]	SD_CARD_1bit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable SD serial mode <b>AND</b> disable I<sup>2</sup>C2</li> <li>0: Disable SD serial mode <b>AND</b> enable I<sup>2</sup>C2</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[5]	SD_CARD_4bits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable SD Card nibble mode (SD_CARD_1bit should be "1") <b>AND</b> disable DUART0 and I<sup>2</sup>C2 bus</li> <li>0: Enable DUART0 <b>AND</b> disable SD Card nibble mode</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[6]	TDM2G	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>UPC1_EN = 0(BCSR6[7], disable)</li> <li>If bit =1, TDM2G is enabled</li> <li>RMII7(BCSR6[7] should be = 0</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[7]	RMII7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>UPC1_EN = 0((BCSR6[7], disable)</li> <li>If bit =1, RMII7 is enabled</li> <li>TDM2G(BCSR6[6] should be = 0)</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W

## 10.8 BCSR7

**Table 15. BCSR7 Register description**

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0]	UCC1_GETH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable UCC1_GETH, RGMII, or RTBI</li> <li>0: Disable UCC1_GETH <b>OR</b> enable UCC1_RMII (RMII1) on PIB</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[1]	UCC1_RGMII	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable RGMII</li> <li>0: Disable RTBI <b>AND</b> enable RMII on PIB</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[2]	UCC1_RTBI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable RTBI</li> <li>0: Disable RGMII <b>AND</b> enable RMII on PIB</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[3]	G1DIS_125	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Disable PHY1 clock_out 125MHz</li> <li>0: Enable</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[4]	G1ENA_XC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable</li> <li>0: Disable</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[5]	UCC1/UCC2 GETHRST	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Normal operation</li> <li>0: Reset (nMVRST) Marvel UCC1 and UCC2</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[6]	BRDWP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>BRD (EEPROM I<sup>2</sup>C Memory): write protected for I<sup>2</sup>C Flash</li> <li>0: Not protected</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[7]	BOOTWP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Not protected.</li> <li>0: Boot write protected</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W

## 10.9 BCSR8

Table 16. BCSR8 Register

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0]	UCC2_GETH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable UCC2_GETH, RGMII, or RTBI</li> <li>0: Disable UCC2_GETH <b>OR</b> enable UCC2_RMII (RMII2) on PIB</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[1]	UCC2_RGMII	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable RGMII</li> <li>0: Disable RTBI <b>AND</b> enable RMII on PIB</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[2]	UCC2_RTBI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable RTBI</li> <li>0: Disable RGMII <b>AND</b> enable RMII on PIB</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[3]	G2DIS_125	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Disable PHY2 clock_out 125MHz</li> <li>0: Enable PHY2 clock_out 125MHz</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[4]	G2ENA_XC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable</li> <li>0: Disable</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[5]	CS_NOR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Boot from NAND_FLASH</li> <li>0: Boot from NOR_FLASH</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[6]	UEM Marvell PHY RESET	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: RESET UEM3 (UCC3) and UEM4 (UCC4)</li> <li>0: Normal operation</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[7]	DDRDRV_SEL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: MEMC1,2: MDIC0,1=36.5OHm</li> <li>0: MEMC1,2: MDIC0,1=18OHm</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W

## 10.10 BCSR9

Table 17. BCSR9 Register

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0]	UCC3_GETH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable UCC3_GETH                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Use UEM module on PB for RGMII or RTBI.</li> </ul> </li> <li>0: Disable UCC3_GETH <b>OR</b> enable (depending upon UCC3_RMII bit) UCC3_RMII (RMII3) on PIB or TDM1C</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[1]	UCC3_RGMII	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable RGMII on UEM</li> <li>0: Disable RTBI on UEM <b>AND</b> enable RMII3 on PIB</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[2]	UCC3_RTBI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable RTBI on UEM</li> <li>0: Disable RGMII on UEM <b>AND</b> enable RMII3 on PIB</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[3]	UCC3_RMII	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If UCC3_GETH = 0                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– then bit = 1 enables UCC3_RMII on PIB</li> <li>– then bit =0 enables TDM1C and UPC1_DEV2</li> </ul> </li> <li>If UCC3_GETH = 1                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– then bit has no effect</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	[0]	R,W

## Board Control Status Registers (BCSR)

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[4]	RMII3__nSMII3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable RMII on PB (UEM)</li> <li>0: Enable SMII on PB (UEM) UCC6 (SMII unsupported)</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[5]	R_SMII3_nRMII3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable SMII on PB (UEM) UCC6 (SMII unsupported)</li> <li>0: Enable RMII on PB (UEM)</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[6]	RESERVED	RESERVED	[1]	R,W
[7]	nMVPHY_MICPHY3	Select UEM-assembled Marvell PHY or Micrel PHY. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Micrel</li> <li>0: Marvel</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W

## 10.11 BCSR10

Table 18. BCSR10 Register

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0]	UCC4_GETH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable UCC4_GETH Use UEM module on PB for RGMII or RTBI.</li> <li>0: Disable UCC4_GETH <b>OR</b> enable UCC4_RMII (RMII4) on PIB or TDM1C</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[1]	UCC4_RGMII	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable RGMII on UEM</li> <li>0: Disable RTBI on UEM <b>AND</b> enable RMII3 on PIB</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[2]	UCC4_RTBI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable RTBI on UEM</li> <li>0: Disable RGMII on UEM <b>AND</b> enable RMII3 on PIB</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[3]	RMII4__nSMII4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable RMII on PB (UEM)</li> <li>0: Enable SMII on PB (UEM) UCC8 (SMII unsupported)</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[4]	R_SMII4_nRMII4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Enable RMII on PB (UEM)</li> <li>1: Enable SMII on PB (UEM) UCC8 (SMII unsupported)</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[5]	nMVPHY_MICPHY4	Select UEM assembled Marvell PHY or Micrel PHY.	[0]	R,W
[6]	RnMICRST	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Micrel PHY Reset on both UCC3- &amp; UCC4-connected UEMs</li> <li>1: Normal operation</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[7]	RMV_SEL_FREQ_34	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Marvell PHY, UCC3 &amp; UCC4 have 25MHz input on UEM</li> <li>0: Marvell PHY, UCC3 &amp; UCC4 have 125MHz input on UEM</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W



## 10.12 BCSR11

Table 19. BCSR11 Register

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att																		
[0]	REGISTER_CONFIG	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0: Board configured through DIP-switches</li> <li>1: Board configured through BCSR registers</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W																		
[1]	LED1	1: LED ON	[0]	R,W																		
[2]	LED2	1: LED ON	[0]	R,W																		
[3]	LED3	1: LED ON	[0]	R,W																		
[4]	R_SLEW0	Select slew rate for GETH input clock. <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Setting</th> <th>Slew Rate</th> </tr> <tr> <th>SLEW0</th> <th>SLEW1</th> <th>(V/ns)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Setting		Slew Rate	SLEW0	SLEW1	(V/ns)	0	0	4	1	0	3	0	1	2	1	1	1	[0]	R,W
Setting			Slew Rate																			
SLEW0	SLEW1		(V/ns)																			
0	0		4																			
1	0	3																				
0	1	2																				
1	1	1																				
[5]	R_SLEW		[1]	R,W																		
[6]	SSC0	Select SerDes clock synthesizer spread spectrum mode. <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>SSC0</th> <th>SSC1</th> <th>SPREAD%</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0 (ON)</td> <td>0 (ON)</td> <td>CENTER +/- 0.25</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 (OFF)</td> <td>0 (ON)</td> <td>DOWN -0.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0 (ON)</td> <td>1 (OFF)</td> <td>DOWN -0.75</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 (OFF)</td> <td>1 (OFF)</td> <td>NO SPREAD</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	SSC0	SSC1	SPREAD%	0 (ON)	0 (ON)	CENTER +/- 0.25	1 (OFF)	0 (ON)	DOWN -0.5	0 (ON)	1 (OFF)	DOWN -0.75	1 (OFF)	1 (OFF)	NO SPREAD	[1]	R,W			
SSC0	SSC1		SPREAD%																			
0 (ON)	0 (ON)	CENTER +/- 0.25																				
1 (OFF)	0 (ON)	DOWN -0.5																				
0 (ON)	1 (OFF)	DOWN -0.75																				
1 (OFF)	1 (OFF)	NO SPREAD																				
[7]	SSC1		[1]	R,W																		

## 10.13 BCSR12

Table 20. BCSR12 Register

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0]	PCIE_CLKDIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable PEX clock</li> <li>0: Disable PEX clock</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[1]	TRIGIN	For internal use only (0)	[Z]	R,W
[2]	RMI16	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable RMI16 (on PIB) and TDM2F<sup>1</sup></li> <li>0: Disable RMI16 <b>AND</b> enable ATM or POS</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[3]	RMI18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Enable RMI18 (on PIB)</li> <li>0: Disable RMI18 <b>AND</b> enable TDM1H</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[4]	TDM2D_2F_DIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: For RMII6 on PIB</li> <li>• 0: For UPC1 or TDM2D or TDM2F</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[5]	RGETH_CLKSEL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: UEM ref clk = 125MHz</li> <li>• 0: UEM ref clk = 50MHz</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[6]	RESET_PIB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: RESET RMII PHY, TDM framer, and/ or ATM PHY</li> <li>• 0: Normal operation for RMII PHY, TDM framer, and/ or ATM PHY</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[7]	ISOLATE_GPIO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: For RMII6 and RMII7 operation</li> <li>• 0: For UPC1 operation</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W

<sup>1</sup> I<sup>2</sup>C PCA9555 address 26H should drive output register 1[0] to 1.

## 10.14 BCSR13

**Table 21. BCSR13 Register**

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0:7]	R_PS[0:7]	Internal Use Only	[1:1]	R,W

## 10.15 BCSR14

**Table 22. BCSR14 Register**

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0:4]	R_PS[8:12]	Internal Use Only	[11111]	R,W
[5]	TDM1G_EN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: TDM1G_EN enabled</li> <li>• 0: TDM1G_EN disabled</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[6]	PRESENCE 3	UEM inserted into J15 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Present</li> <li>• 0: Not present</li> </ul>	[X]	R
[7]	PRESENCE 4	UEM inserted into J5 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Present</li> <li>• 0: Not present</li> </ul>	[X]	R

## 10.16 BCSR15

**Table 23. BCSR15 Register**

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0]	G3ENA_XC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Enable</li> <li>• 0: Disable</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[1]	G4ENA_XC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Enable</li> <li>• 0: Disable</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[2]	G3DIS_125	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Disable PHY3 clock_out 125MHz</li> <li>• 0: Enable PHY3 clock_out 125MHz</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[3]	G4DIS_125	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Disable PHY4 clock_out 125Mhx</li> <li>• 0: Enable</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[4]	SMII6 DIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Disable SMII6 <b>AND</b> enable RMII6, TDM1C, UPC1 Dev2, and UCC3</li> <li>• 0: Enable SMII6 and TDM2D (SMII unsupported)</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[5]	SMII8 DIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Enable UCC8 RMI on PIB and TDM1H <b>AND</b> disable SMII8.</li> <li>• 0: Enable SMII8 (SMII unsupported)</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[6]	TDM1F	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Enable TDM1F</li> <li>• 0: Disable TDM1F</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[7]	RUART1_nQEUART	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Enable QE_UART</li> <li>• 0: Enable UART1, TDM1D, and TDM2B</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W

## 10.17 BCSR16

Table 24. BCSR16 Register

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0]	PORESET	PWR_ON Reset/HRESET <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: Active</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[1]	TSEC0MST	Reserved	[1]	R,W
[2]	TSEC1MST	Reserved	[1]	R,W
[3]	TSEC2MST	Reserved	[1]	R,W
[4]	TSEC3MST	Reserved	[1]	R,W
[5]	TSEC4MST	Reserved	[1]	R,W
[6]	TDM1C_DEV2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Enable UPC1 Device2</li> <li>• 0: Disable UPC1 Device 2 <b>OR</b> enable RMII3 on PIB,TDM1C and TDM2C</li> <li>• If bit = 0 then RMII3 is enabled</li> <li>• Dev2- RxEN_B[2]</li> <li>• TDM2c-TSYNC</li> <li>• TDM1c</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[7]	RESERVED	-	[0]	R,W

## 10.18 BCSR17

**Table 25. BCSR17 Register**

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Default	Att
[0]	RnUSBEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Disable USB <b>AND</b> enable TDM1B</li> <li>• 0: Enable USB</li> </ul>	[1]	R,W
[1]	RnUSBLOWSPD	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: USB full-speed (12Mb/s)</li> <li>• 0: USB low-speed (1.5Mb/s)</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[2]	RnUSBVCC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: USB acts as Device                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– USB powered from an external host</li> <li>– Enables RMI16 and TDM1G</li> </ul> </li> <li>• 1: USB acts as Host                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– USB supplies power to external device</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[3]	RUSB_MODE	USB Mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Host</li> <li>• 0: Device</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W
[4]	RPRESENCE_F	UEM inserted into J7 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Present</li> <li>• 0: Not present</li> </ul>	[x]	R
[5]	RPRESENCE_E	UEM inserted into J16 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Present</li> <li>• 0: Not present</li> </ul>	[x]	R
[6]	RFLASH_RDY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: Ready</li> <li>• 0: Busy</li> </ul>	[x]	R
[7]	FLASH_nWP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0: FLASH Write Protect</li> <li>• 1: FLASH normal operation</li> </ul>	[0]	R,W

## 10.19 BCSR18

**Table 26. BCSR18 Register**

Bit	Config Signals	Function	Value	Att
[0:3]	REV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BCSR revision</li> <li>• Four bit revision coding</li> </ul>	current version	R,W
[4:7]	SUBREV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BCSR SUB revision</li> <li>• Four bit revision coding</li> </ul>	sub version	R,W

# 11 Memory Map

## 11.1 MPC8569E PB Memory Map

### NOTE!

The memory map has NOT been finalized.

Access to MPC8569 memory slaves is controlled by the MPC8569 memory controller. [Table 27](#) is only a recommended memory map; it is a "soft" map device. Users are free to move addresses around the map.

**Table 27. MPC8569E-MDS-PB Memory Map (with NOR Flash as Boot Source)**

ADDRESS RANGE	Block	Allocation	Port Size
00000000 - 1FFFFFFF	DDR3/DDR3 Memory Controller	MEMC1 (512MB)	32
00000000 - 3FFFFFFF		MEMC1 (Integrated Mode) 1GB	64
20000000 - 3FFFFFFF		MEMC2 (512MB)	32
40000000 - 7FFFFFFF	Reserved	1GB	
80000000 - 9FFFFFFF	SRIO1	Outbound Window (512 MB)	x4 lane
A0000000 - BFFFFFFF	SRIO2	Outbound Window (512 MB)	x4 lane
C0000000 - DFFFFFFF	PEX	Outbound Window (512 MB)	x4 lane
E0000000 - E00FFFFF	MPC8569 Internal Map	Internal Memory Register Space (1 MB)	32
E0100000 - E03FFFFF	Reserved	For future MPC8569 derivatives (3 MB)	-
E0400000 - E047FFFF	L2SRAM	1MB	
E0480000 - F7FFFFFF	Reserved	400MB	
F8000000 - F8007FFF	BCSR on CS1	Altera (32KB)	8
F8008000 - F800FFFF	CS4	PIB (32KB)	8
F8010000 - F8017FFF	CS5	PIB (32KB)	8
FA018000 - FFFFFFFF	Reserved	100MB	
FC000000 - FFFFFFFF	NAND Flash on CS3/CS0	Samsung: K9F5608U0D-PCB0 (32MB)	8
FE000000 - FFFFFFFF	NOR Flash on CS0/CS3	Spansion: S29GL256N11TFIV2O (32MB)	8

## 12 Working Environment

**Table 28. MPC8569E-MDS-PB Working Environment Modes**

Mode	Optional Expansion	Description
Standalone PEX RC	Includes the noted modules: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• GETH3 &amp; 4 UEM</li> <li>• SerDes Lane e, f SRIOx1 or UEM (SGMII mode)</li> <li>• SerDes Lane a, b SRIOx1</li> <li>• SerDes Lane a, b PEXx2</li> <li>• 1xDDR3 SODIMMx64 or 2xDDR3x32 SODIMM</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PB powered, via P2, by an external 5V power supply (included in kit).</li> <li>• [Option] PEX EP powered, via P2 of PEXx2, by an external 12V power supply.</li> </ul>
PIB-combined Mode MPC9569-MDS-PB on PIB	Includes the noted modules: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• GETH3 &amp; 4 UEM</li> <li>• SerDes Lane e, f SRIOx1 or UEM (SGMII mode)</li> <li>• SerDes Lane a, b SRIOx1</li> <li>• SerDes Lane a, b PEXx2</li> <li>• 1xDDR3 SODIMMx64 or 2xDDR3x32 SODIMM</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PB powered from PIB via bottom riser connectors.</li> <li>• [Option] PEX EP powered, via P2 of PEXx2, from an external 12V power supply.</li> </ul>

# 13 Getting Started Procedures

This section outlines “Getting Started” procedures for the MPC8569E-MDS-PB including use of the JTAG connectivity unit. Optional modules are detailed in Section 12.

<b>Procedure 1: Check hardware kit contents (Section 4).</b>	
<b>Procedure 2: Check PB default switch settings (Section 6).</b>	
<b>Procedure 3: Check PB default connector settings (Section 7).</b>	
<b>Procedure 4: Establish working environment (Section 12).</b>	
<b>Procedure 5: Insert plastic guide pins into PB.</b>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Insert three guide pins. Pins hold UEM modules used in RGMII and RTBI modes.</li> <li>2. Insert three guide pins. Pins hold UEM modules (SGMII mode) used for SerDes Options 1, 2 and 3. See Section 12, Set-up 1.</li> </ol>	
<b>Procedure 6: Assemble and connect 5V power supply.</b>	
<p><b>NOTE!</b> Ensure Power-OFF.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Assemble AC/DC power supply kit:             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Cable with country-specific wall outlet plug.</li> <li>b) Power supply unit and cable with plug (for board connection).</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Connect the AC/DC power supply cable to the 5V IN on-board jack (P2).</li> <li>3. Plug the power cable into the wall outlet.</li> </ol>	

**Procedure 7: Perform initial board power-up and check LEDs (Section 7-8).**

**CAUTION!**

Prevent damage to the USB TAP; connect only after initial board reset.

1. Power PB via an external 5V power supply; LED D6 glows yellow.
2. Press SW2 to Power-ON all PB components.
3. Check for completion of PRESET sequence; indicated by steady lights from LEDs D1, D2 or D3, and D12.
4. Press SW2 to Power-OFF all PB components.

**Procedure 8: Connect CodeWarrior USB TAP to the PB.**

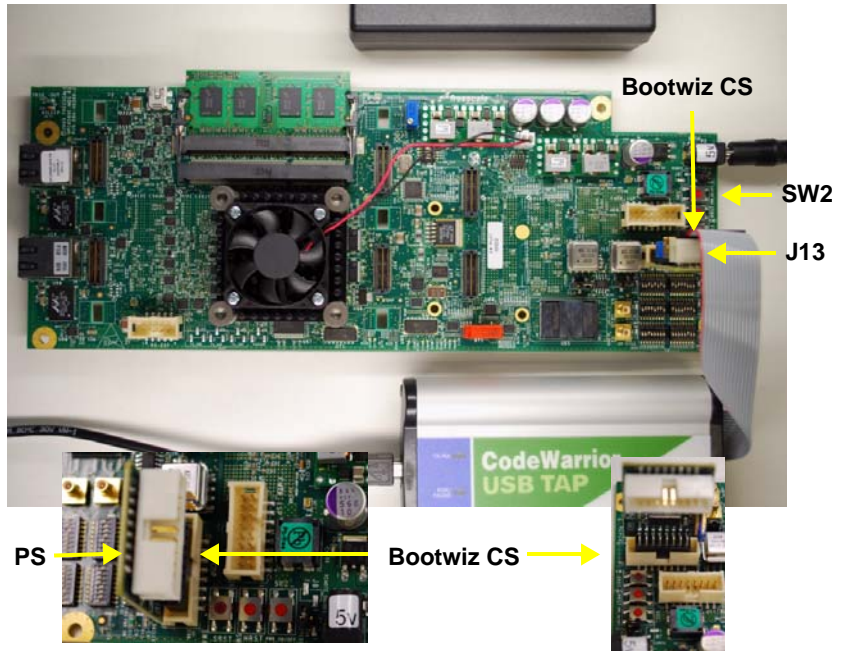
**CAUTION!**

To avoid damage, follow steps for aligning and connecting the Bootwiz.

**NOTE!**

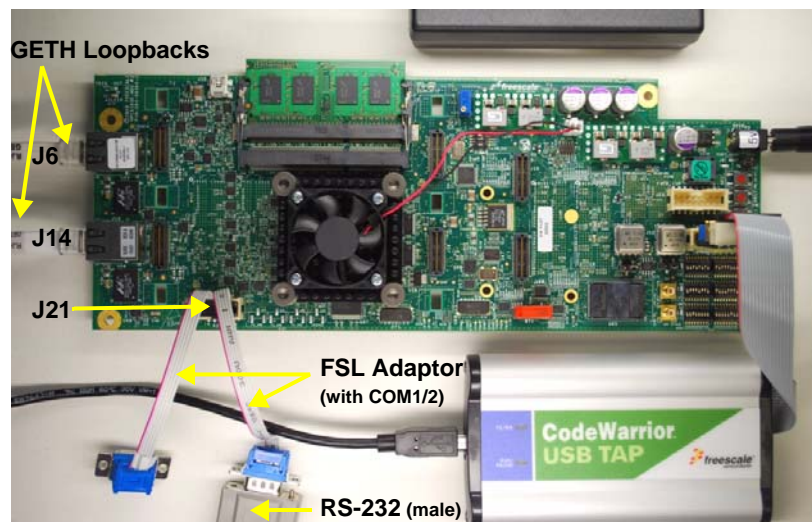
Freescale's CodeWarrior USB TAP enables CodeWarrior IDE software to work with the PB.

1. Align Bootwiz module with its CS facing the board's printed "COP" text. The PS must face switches SW5 - SW10.
2. Connect the Bootwiz module to the J13 COP board connector.
3. Attach the USB-TAP cable to the Bootwiz module's J2 connector.
4. Press button SW2 to Power-ON all PB components.
5. Check for completion of the reset sequence.



**Procedure 9: Attach cables per user development needs and planned board use.**

1. Connect FSL adaptor cable to J21 on PB.
2. Connect RS-232 (male) cable to COM1/2 (UART0/1) of FSL adaptor cable.
3. Connect RS-232 (female) to a PC.
4. Connect GETH loopback (shown in picture) or ETH cables with RJ45 connectors to the Ethernet ports:
  - J14 for GETH1
  - J6 for GETH2
5. Continue as per CodeWarrior Kit Configuration Guide instructions.





# 14 SerDes Module Set-ups

This section details SerDes options

### SerDes Options

1. Select a configuration scenario from the available options
2. Follow the steps for a given option, Options 1 through 5, below.
3. Plug 5V power cable into P2.
4. Press SW2 to Power-ON.

**NOTE!**  
Options 2 through 5: PEX EP board 12V DC power is supplied via the corresponding PEX-expansion module power jack.

**Option 1**

**Option 2,3**

**Option 4,5**

**a**

**b**

**c**

**e**

**f**

**a**

**e**

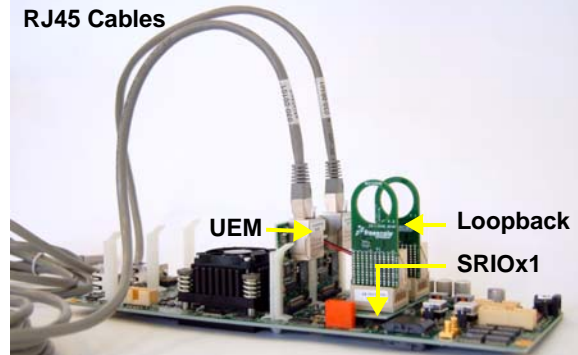
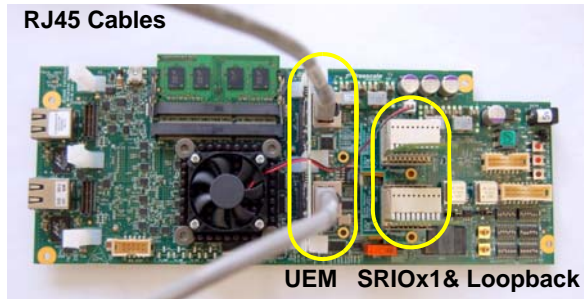
**f**

**a**

Option	Lanes				Frequency Information
	f	e	b	a	
1	SGMII	SGMII	x1 SRIO2	x1 SRIO1	SRIO at 2.5Gbaud
2	SGMII	SGMII	-	x1 PEX	PEX at 2.5Gbaud
3	SGMII	SGMII	x2 PEX		PEX at 2.5Gbaud
4	x1 SRIO2	x1 SRIO1	-	x1 PEX	2.5Gbaud
5	x1 SRIO2	x1 SRIO1	x2 PEX		2.5Gbaud

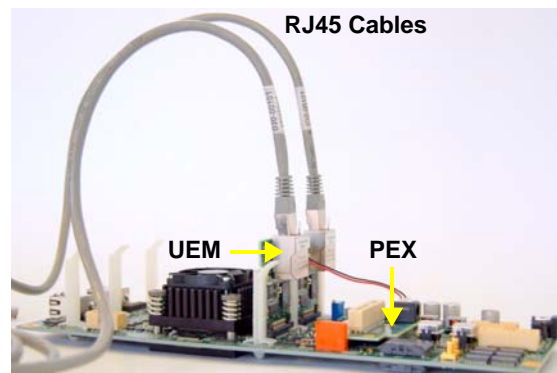
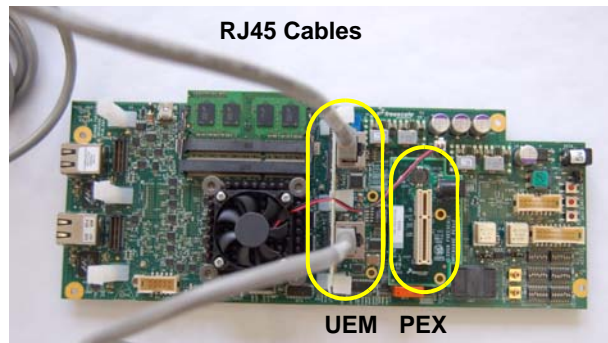
**SerDes Option 1: two UEM & two SRIOx1**

- a) Insert UEM (used in SGMII mode) modules into J16 and J7.
- b) Connect ETH RJ45 cables to UEM modules.
- a) Insert SRIOx1 modules into J10 and J17; stabilize with plastic screws.
- b) Insert SRIO loopback into assembled SRIOx1 modules.



**SerDes Option 2: two UEM & one PEXx1 (x1 mode)**

- a) Insert UEM modules into J16 and J7.
- b) Connect ETH RJ45 cables to UEM modules.
- c) Insert PEXx2 into J10 and J17.
- d) PEX slot now available as RC port x1.



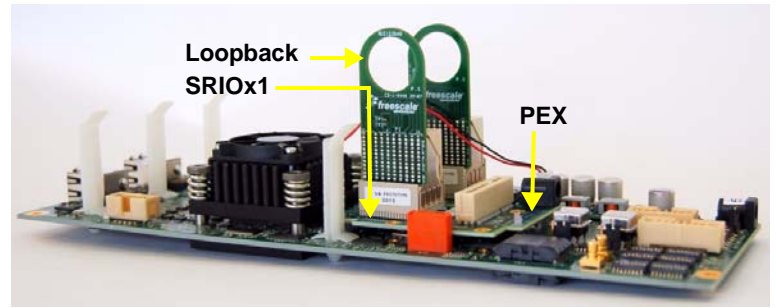
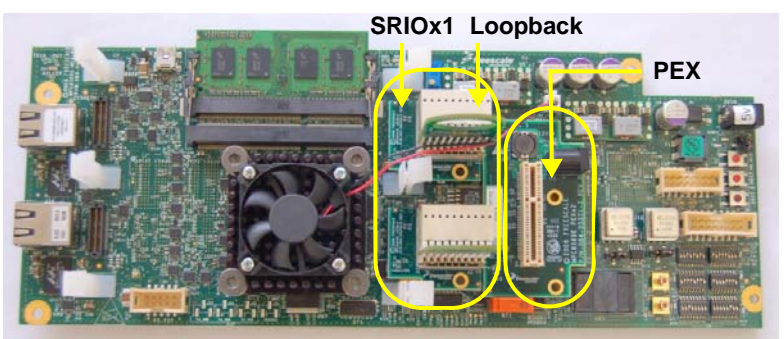
**SerDes Option 3: two UEM & one PEXx2 (x2 mode)**

- a) Repeat first three steps of Option 2.
- b) PEX slot now available as RC port x2.

See SerDes Option 2 photos.

**SerDes Option 4: two SRIOx1 & one PEXx1 (x1 mode)**

- a) Insert SRIOx1 modules into J16 and J7.
- b) Insert SRIO loopback into SRIOx1 modules.
- c) Insert PEXx2 into J10 and J17.
- d) PEX slot now available as RC port x1.



**SerDes Option 5: two SRIOx1 & one PEXx2 (x2 mode)**

- a) Repeat first three steps of Option 4.
- b) PEX slot now available as RC port x2.

See SerDes Option 4 photos.



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