

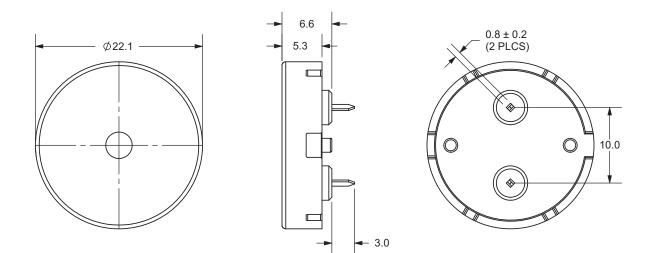
DESCRIPTION: piezo audio transducer

## **SPECIFICATONS**

operating voltage	30 Vp-p max.	
current consumption	6 mA max.	at 10 Vp-p, sqaure wave, 4.0 Khz
sound pressure level	84 db min.	at 10 cm/10 Vp-p, sqaure wave, 4.0 Khz
electrostatic capacity	12,000 ± 30%	at 1 Khz/1 V
operating tempurature	-30 ~ +85° C	
storage tempurature	-40 ~ +95° C	
dimensions	Ø22.1 x H6.6 mm	
weight	2.5 g max.	
material	ABS UL-94 1/16" HB high heat (black)	
terminal	pin type (Au plating)	
RoHS	yes	

#### **APPEARANCE DRAWING**

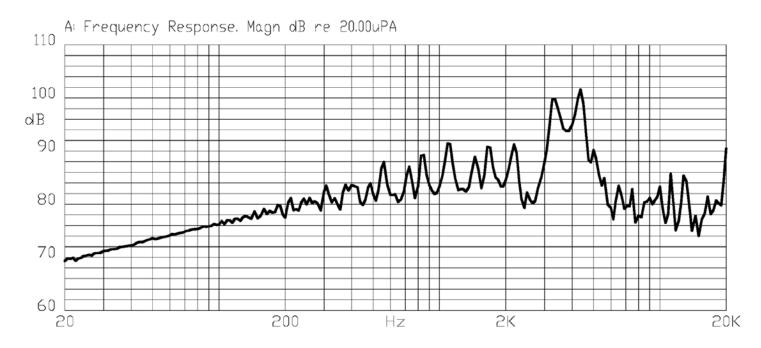
tolerance: ±0.5 units: mm



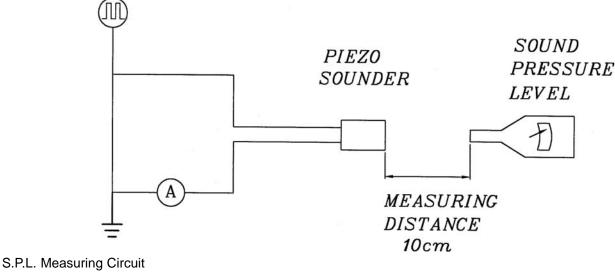


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# FREQUENCY RESPONSE CURVE



# **MEASUREMENT METHOD**



Input Signal: 10 Vp-p, 4.0 KHz, square wave Mic: RION S.P.L. meter UC30 or equivalent

S.G.: Hewlett Packard 33120A function generator or equivalent



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# **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

item	test condition	evaluation standard
solderability <sup>1</sup>	Lead terminals are immersed in rosin for	90% min. of the lead terminals
	5 seconds and then immersed in solder bath	will be wet with solder
	of 270 ±5°C for 3 ±1 seconds.	(except the edge of the terminal).
soldering heat resistance	Lead terminals are immersed up to 1.5mm from	
-	buzzer's body in solder bath of 300 ±5°C for	No interference in operation.
	$3 \pm 0.5$ seconds or 260 $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C for 10 $\pm 1$ seconds.	
terminal mechanical strength	For 10 seconds, the force of 9.8N (1.0kg) is	No damage or cutting off.
C C	applied to each terminal in axial direction.	
vibration	The buzzer shall be measured after applying	
	a vibration amplitude of 1.5 mm with 10 to	The value of oscillation
	55 Hz band of vibration frequency to each of	frequency/current consumption
	the 3 perpendicular directions for 2 hours.	should be ±10% of the initial
drop test	The part will be dropped from a height of	measurements. The SPL should
	75 cm onto a 40 mm thick wooden board 3	be within ±10dB compared with
	times in 3 axes (X, Y, Z) for a total of 9 drops.	the initial measurement.

Notes: 1. Not recommended for wave soldering

### **ENVIRONMENT TEST**

item	test condition	evaluation standard
high temp. test	After being placed in a chamber at +95°C for	
	240 hours.	
low temp. test	After being placed in a chamber at -40°C for	
-	240 hours.	
humidity test	After being placed in a chamber at +40°C and	
-	90±5% relative humidity for 240 hours.	
temp. cycle test	The part shall be subjected to 5 cycles. One	The buzzer will be measured after
	cycle will consist of:	being placed at +25°C for 4
		hours. The value of the
	+125°C	oscillation frequency/current
		consumption should be ±10%
	+25°C +25°C	compared to the initial
		measurements. The SPL should
	-40°C	be within ±10dB compared to the
		initial measurements.
	0.5hr 0.5hr 0.25 0.5hr 0.5hr 0.5hr 0.5hr 0.25	
	<ul> <li>■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■</li></ul>	
	3hours	
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### **RELIABILITY TEST**

item	test condition	evaluation standard
operating (life test)	1. Continuous life test:	The buzzer will be measured after
	The part will be subjected to 48 hours of	being placed at +25°C for 4
	continuous operation at +70°C with rated voltage applied.	hours. The value of the oscillation frequency/current consumption should be ±10%
	2. Intermittent life test:	compared to the initial
	A duty cycle of 1 minute on, 1 minutes off, a minimum of 5,000 times at room temp	measurements. The SPL should be within ±10dB compared to
	$(+25 \pm 2^{\circ}C)$ with rated voltage applied.	the initial measurements.

### **TEST CONDITIONS**

standard test conditiona) tempurature:  $+5 \sim +35^{\circ}$ Cb) humidity: 45 - 85%c) pressure: 860-1060 mbarjudgement test conditiona) tempurature:  $+25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ Cb) humidity: 60 - 70%c) pressure: 860-1060 mbar



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