
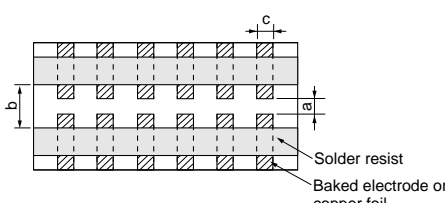



No.	Item	Specifications		Test Method																
		Temperature Compensating Type	High Dielectric Type																	
1	Operating Temperature Range	-55 to +125°C	B1, B3, F1, R6 : -25 to +85°C R1, R7 : -55 to +125°C E4 : +10 to +85°C F5 : -30 to +85°C	Reference temperature : 25°C (2Δ, 3Δ, 4Δ, B1, B3, F1, R1, R6 : 20°C)																
2	Rated Voltage	See the previous pages		The rated voltage is defined as the maximum voltage which may be applied continuously to the capacitor. When AC voltage is superimposed on DC voltage, V ^{P-P} or V ^{Q-P} , whichever is larger, should be maintained within the rated voltage range.																
3	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities		Visual inspection																
4	Dimensions	Within the specified dimensions		Using calipers																
5	Dielectric Strength	No defects or abnormalities		No failure should be observed when *300% of the rated voltage (temperature compensating type) or 250% of the rated voltage (high dielectric constant type) is applied between the terminations for 1 to 5 seconds, provided the charge/discharge current is less than 50mA. *200% for 500V																
6	Insulation Resistance	C ≤ 0.047μF : More than 10,000MΩ C > 0.047μF : 500Ω · F C : Nominal Capacitance		The insulation resistance should be measured with a DC voltage not exceeding the rated voltage at 20/25°C and 75%RH max. and within 2 minutes of charging, provided the charge/discharge current is less than 50mA.																
7	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance		The capacitance/Q/D.F. should be measured at 20/25°C at the frequency and voltage shown in the table.																
8	Q/ Dissipation Factor (D.F.)	30pF and over : Q ≥ 1000 30pF and below : Q ≥ 400+20C C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)	[B1, B3, R1, R6, R7, E4, C8] W.V. : 25V min. : 0.025 max. W.V. : 16/10V : 0.035 max. W.V. : 6.3/4V : 0.05 max. (C < 3.3μF) W.V. : 0.1 max. (C ≥ 3.3μF) [F1, F5] W.V. : 25V min. : 0.05 max. (C < 0.1μF) W.V. : 0.09 max. (C ≥ 0.1μF) W.V. : 16/10V : 0.125 max. W.V. : 6.3V : 0.15 max.	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Char.</th> <th>ΔC to ΔU, 1X (1000pF and below)</th> <th>ΔC to ΔU, 1X (more than 1000pF) R6, R7, F5 B1, B3, F1</th> <th>E4</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Item</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Frequency</td> <td>1±0.1MHz</td> <td>1±0.1kHz</td> <td>1±0.1kHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Voltage</td> <td>0.5 to 5Vrms</td> <td>1±0.2Vrms</td> <td>0.5±0.05Vrms</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Char.	ΔC to ΔU, 1X (1000pF and below)	ΔC to ΔU, 1X (more than 1000pF) R6, R7, F5 B1, B3, F1	E4	Item				Frequency	1±0.1MHz	1±0.1kHz	1±0.1kHz	Voltage	0.5 to 5Vrms	1±0.2Vrms	0.5±0.05Vrms
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9	Capacitance Temperature Characteristics	No bias	Within the specified tolerance (Table A-1)	B1, B3 : Within $\pm 10\%$ (-25 to $+85^\circ\text{C}$) R1, R7 : Within $\pm 15\%$ (-55 to $+125^\circ\text{C}$) R6 : Within $\pm 15\%$ (-55 to $+85^\circ\text{C}$) E4 : Within $+22/-56\%$ ($+10$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$) F1 : Within $+30/-80\%$ (-25 to $+85^\circ\text{C}$) F5 : Within $+22/-82\%$ (-30 to $+85^\circ\text{C}$) C8 : Within $\pm 22\%$ (-55 to $+105^\circ\text{C}$)	The capacitance change should be measured after 5 min. at each specified temp. stage. (1) Temperature Compensating Type The temperature coefficient is determined using the capacitance measured in step 3 as a reference. When cycling the temperature sequentially from step 1 through 5 ($5\text{C} : +25$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}/\Delta\text{C} : +20$ to $+125^\circ\text{C} : \text{other temp. coeffs.} : +25$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}/+20$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$) the capacitance should be within the specified tolerance for the temperature coefficient and capacitance change as Table A-1. The capacitance drift is calculated by dividing the differences between the maximum and minimum measured values in the step 1, 3 and 5 by the cap. value in step 3.																																							
		50% of the Rated Voltage		B1 : Within $+10/-30\%$ R1 : Within $+15/-40\%$ F1 : Within $+30/-95\%$																																								
	Capacitance Drift	Within $\pm 0.2\%$ or $\pm 0.05\text{pF}$ (Whichever is larger.) *Not apply to 1X/25V	*Initial measurement for high dielectric constant type Perform a heat treatment at $150+0/-10^\circ\text{C}$ for one hour and then set for 48 ± 4 hours at room temperature. Perform the initial measurement.	(2) High Dielectric Constant Type The ranges of capacitance change compared with the 20°C value over the temperature ranges shown in the table should be within the specified ranges.* In case of applying voltage, the capacitance change should be measured after 1 more min. with applying voltage in equilibration of each temp. stage.																																								
				<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Step</th> <th>Temperature ($^\circ\text{C}$)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Reference Temperature ± 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>-55 ± 3 (for ΔC)/-25 ± 3 (for other TC)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Reference Temperature ± 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>125 ± 3 (for ΔC)/85 ± 3 (for other TC)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Reference Temperature ± 2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Step</th> <th>Temperature ($^\circ\text{C}$)</th> <th>Applying Voltage (V)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Reference Temperature ± 2</td> <td rowspan="3">No bias</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>-55 ± 3 (for R1, R7, R6) -25 ± 3 (for B1, B3, F1) -30 ± 3 (for F5)/10 ± 3 (for E4)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Reference Temperature ± 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>125 ± 3 (for R1, R7)/ 85 ± 3 (for B1, B3, R6 F1, F5, E4)</td> <td rowspan="4">50% of the rated voltage</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Reference Temperature ± 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>-55 ± 3 (for R1)/ -25 ± 3 (for B1, F1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>Reference Temperature ± 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>125 ± 3 (for R1)/ 85 ± 3 (for B1, F1)</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Step	Temperature ($^\circ\text{C}$)	1	Reference Temperature ± 2	2	-55 ± 3 (for ΔC)/ -25 ± 3 (for other TC)	3	Reference Temperature ± 2	4	125 ± 3 (for ΔC)/ 85 ± 3 (for other TC)	5	Reference Temperature ± 2	Step	Temperature ($^\circ\text{C}$)	Applying Voltage (V)	1	Reference Temperature ± 2	No bias	2	-55 ± 3 (for R1, R7, R6) -25 ± 3 (for B1, B3, F1) -30 ± 3 (for F5)/ 10 ± 3 (for E4)	3	Reference Temperature ± 2	4	125 ± 3 (for R1, R7)/ 85 ± 3 (for B1, B3, R6 F1, F5, E4)	50% of the rated voltage	5	Reference Temperature ± 2	6	-55 ± 3 (for R1)/ -25 ± 3 (for B1, F1)	7	Reference Temperature ± 2	8	125 ± 3 (for R1)/ 85 ± 3 (for B1, F1)							
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10	Adhesive Strength of Termination	No removal of the terminations or other defect should occur	 <p>Fig. 1a</p>	Solder the capacitor to the test jig (glass epoxy board) shown in Fig. 1a using an eutectic solder. Then apply 10N^* force in parallel with the test jig for 10 ± 1 sec. The soldering should be done either with an iron or using the reflow method and should be conducted with care so that the soldering is uniform and free of defects such as heat shock. *1N (GRM02), 2N (GR□03), 5N (GR□15, GRM18)																																								
				<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>GRM02</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>0.56</td> <td>0.23</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GR□03</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>0.9</td> <td>0.3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GR□15</td> <td>0.4</td> <td>1.5</td> <td>0.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GRM18</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>3.0</td> <td>1.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GRM21</td> <td>1.2</td> <td>4.0</td> <td>1.65</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GRM31</td> <td>2.2</td> <td>5.0</td> <td>2.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GRM32</td> <td>2.2</td> <td>5.0</td> <td>2.9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GRM43</td> <td>3.5</td> <td>7.0</td> <td>3.7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GRM55</td> <td>4.5</td> <td>8.0</td> <td>5.6</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	a	b	c	GRM02	0.2	0.56	0.23	GR□03	0.3	0.9	0.3	GR□15	0.4	1.5	0.5	GRM18	1.0	3.0	1.2	GRM21	1.2	4.0	1.65	GRM31	2.2	5.0	2.0	GRM32	2.2	5.0	2.9	GRM43	3.5	7.0	3.7	GRM55	4.5	8.0	5.6
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No.	Item	Specifications		Test Method															
		Temperature Compensating Type	High Dielectric Type																
15	Temperature Cycle	The measured and observed characteristics should satisfy the specifications in the following table		<p>Fix the capacitor to the supporting jig in the same manner and under the same conditions as (10). Perform the five cycles according to the four heat treatments shown in the following table. Set for 24±2 hours at room temperature, then measure.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Step</th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> <th>4</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Temp. (°C)</td> <td>Min. Operating Temp. +0/-3</td> <td>Room Temp.</td> <td>Max. Operating Temp. +3/-0</td> <td>Room Temp.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Time (min.)</td> <td>30±3</td> <td>2 to 3</td> <td>30±3</td> <td>2 to 3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>•Initial measurement for high dielectric constant type Perform a heat treatment at 150+0/-10°C for one hour and then set at room temperature for 48±4 hours. Perform the initial measurement.</p>	Step	1	2	3	4	Temp. (°C)	Min. Operating Temp. +0/-3	Room Temp.	Max. Operating Temp. +3/-0	Room Temp.	Time (min.)	30±3	2 to 3	30±3	2 to 3
		Step	1		2	3	4												
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		Time (min.)	30±3		2 to 3	30±3	2 to 3												
		Appearance	No defects or abnormalities																
		Capacitance Change	Within ±2.5% or ±0.25pF (Whichever is larger)		B1, B3, R1, R6, R7, C8 : Within ±7.5% F1, F5, E4 : Within ±20%														
Q/D.F.	30pF and over : Q≥1000 30pF and below : Q≥400+20C C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)	[B1, B3, R1, R6, R7, E4, C8] W.V. : 25V min. : 0.025 max. W.V. : 16/10V : 0.035 max. W.V. : 6.3/4V : 0.05 max. (C<3.3μF) : 0.1 max. (C≥3.3μF) [F1, F5] W.V. : 25V min. : 0.05 max. (C<0.1μF) : 0.09 max. (C≥0.1μF) W.V. : 16/10V : 0.125 max. W.V. : 6.3V : 0.15 max.																	
I.R.	More than 10,000MΩ or 500Ω · F (Whichever is smaller)																		
Dielectric Strength	No defects																		
16	Humidity (Steady State)	The measured and observed characteristics should satisfy the specifications in the following table		<p>Set the capacitor at 40±2°C and in 90 to 95% humidity for 500±12 hours. Remove and set for 24±2 hours (temperature compensating type) or 48±4 hours (high dielectric constant type) at room temperature, then measure.</p>															
		Appearance	No defects or abnormalities																
		Capacitance Change	Within ±5% or ±0.5pF (Whichever is larger)		B1, B3, R1, R6, R7, C8 : Within ±12.5% F1, F5 : Within ±30%														
		Q/D.F.	30pF and over : Q≥350 10pF and over : Q≥275+2.5C 30pF and below : Q≥200+10C 10pF and below : Q≥200+10C C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)		[B1, B3, R1, R6, R7, E4, C8] W.V. : 25V min. : 0.05 max. W.V. : 16/10V : 0.05 max. W.V. : 6.3/4V : 0.075 max. (C<3.3μF) : 0.125 max. (C≥3.3μF) [F1, F5] W.V. : 25V min. : 0.075 max. (C<0.1μF) : 0.125 max. (C≥0.1μF) W.V. : 16/10V : 0.15 max. W.V. : 6.3V : 0.2 max.														
		I.R.	More than 1,000MΩ or 50Ω · F (Whichever is smaller)																

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