# Watt Peak Power Zener Transient Voltage Suppressors

### **Bidirectional\***

The SMB series is designed to protect voltage sensitive components from high voltage, high energy transients. They have excellent clamping capability, high surge capability, low zener impedance and fast response time. The SMB series is supplied in ON Semiconductor's exclusive, cost-effective, highly reliable Surmetic™ package and is ideally suited for use in communication systems, automotive, numerical controls, process controls, medical equipment, business machines, power supplies and many other industrial/consumer applications.

#### **Features**

- Working Peak Reverse Voltage Range 10 V to 75 V
- Standard Zener Breakdown Voltage Range 11.7 V to 91.7 V
- Peak Power 600 Watts @ 1 ms
- ESD Rating of Class 3 (> 16 KV) per Human Body Model
- Maximum Clamp Voltage @ Peak Pulse Current
- Low Leakage < 5 μA Above 10 V
- UL 497B for Isolated Loop Circuit Protection
- Response Time is Typically < 1 ns
- Pb-Free Packages are Available

### **Mechanical Characteristics**

**CASE:** Void-free, transfer-molded, thermosetting plastic

**FINISH:** All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads are readily solderable

### **MAXIMUM CASE TEMPERATURE FOR SOLDERING PURPOSES:**

260°C for 10 Seconds

**LEADS:** Modified L-Bend providing more contact area to bond pads

POLARITY: Polarity band will not be indicated

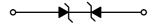
**MOUNTING POSITION:** Any



### ON Semiconductor®

http://onsemi.com

# PLASTIC SURFACE MOUNT ZENER OVERVOLTAGE TRANSIENT SUPPRESSORS 10-78 V, 600 W PEAK POWER





SMB CASE 403C PLASTIC

#### MARKING DIAGRAM



A = Assembly Location

Y = Year WW = Work Week

xxC = Specific Device Code (See Table on Page 3)

= Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device*	Package	Shipping <sup>†</sup>		
1SMBxxCAT3	SMB	2500/Tape & Reel		
1SMBxxCAT3G	SMB (Pb-Free)	2500/Tape & Reel		

<sup>\*</sup>The "T3" suffix refers to a 13 inch reel.

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

Individual devices are listed on page 3 of this data sheet.

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak Power Dissipation (Note 1) @ T <sub>L</sub> = 25°C, Pulse Width = 1 ms	P <sub>PK</sub>	600	W
DC Power Dissipation @ T <sub>L</sub> = 75°C Measured Zero Lead Length (Note 2) Derate Above 75°C Thermal Resistance from Junction–to–Lead	P <sub>D</sub>	3.0 40 25	W mW/°C °C/W
DC Power Dissipation (Note 3) @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Derate Above 25°C Thermal Resistance from Junction-to-Ambient	P <sub>D</sub> R <sub>θJA</sub>	0.55 4.4 226	W mW/°C °C/W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C

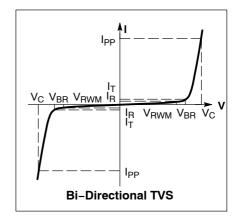
Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

- 1. 10 X 1000 μs, non–repetitive
- 2. 1" square copper pad, FR-4 board
  3. FR-4 board, using ON Semiconductor minimum recommended footprint, as shown in 403A case outline dimensions spec \*Please see 1SMB5.0AT3 to 1SMB170AT3 for Unidirectional devices

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C \text{ unless otherwise noted})$ 

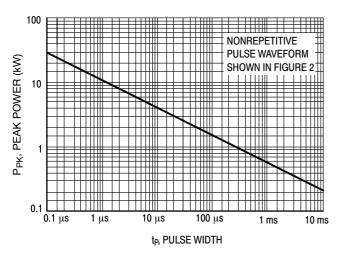
Symbol	Parameter					
I <sub>PP</sub>	Maximum Reverse Peak Pulse Current					
V <sub>C</sub> Clamping Voltage @ I <sub>PP</sub>						
V <sub>RWM</sub> Working Peak Reverse Voltage						
I <sub>R</sub>	Maximum Reverse Leakage Current @ V <sub>RWM</sub>					
V <sub>BR</sub> Breakdown Voltage @ I <sub>T</sub>						
I <sub>T</sub>	Test Current					



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Devices listed in bold, italic are ON Semiconductor Preferred devices.)

		V <sub>RWM</sub>		Breakdown Voltage			V <sub>C</sub> @ I <sub>PP</sub> (Note 6)		C <sub>typ</sub>	
			(Note 4) I <sub>R</sub> @ V <sub>RWM</sub>		V <sub>BR</sub> (Note 5) Volts @		@ I <sub>T</sub>	V <sub>C</sub>	I <sub>PP</sub>	(Note 7)
Device*	Marking	Volts	μ <b>Α</b>	Min	Nom	Max	mA	Volts	Amps	pF
1SMB10CAT3, G	KXC	10	5.0	11.1	11.69	12.27	1.0	17.0	35.3	805
1SMB11CAT3, G	KZC	11	5.0	12.2	12.84	13.5	1.0	18.2	33.0	740
1SMB12CAT3, G	LEC	12	5.0	13.3	14.00	14.7	1.0	19.9	30.2	680
1SMB13CAT3, G	LGC	13	5.0	14.4	15.16	15.9	1.0	21.5	27.9	630
1SMB14CAT3, G	LKC	14	5.0	15.6	16.42	17.2	1.0	23.2	25.8	590
1SMB15CAT3, G	<i>LMC</i>	<b>15</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>16.7</b>	<b>17.58</b>	<b>18.5</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>24.4</b>	<b>24.0</b>	<b>555</b>
1SMB16CAT3, G	LPC	16	5.0	17.8	18.74	19.7	1.0	26.0	23.1	520
1SMB17CAT3, G	LRC	17	5.0	18.9	19.90	20.9	1.0	27.6	21.7	490
1SMB18CAT3, G	LTC	18	5.0	20.0	21.06	22.1	1.0	29.2	20.5	465
1SMB20CAT3, G	LVC	20	5.0	22.2	23.37	24.5	1.0	32.4	18.5	425
1SMB22CAT3, G	LXC	22	5.0	24.4	25.69	27.0	1.0	35.5	16.9	390
1SMB24CAT3, G	LZC	24	5.0	26.7	28.11	29.5	1.0	38.9	15.4	366
1SMB26CAT3, G	MEC	26	5.0	28.9	30.42	31.9	1.0	42.1	14.2	330
1SMB28CAT3, G	MGC	28	5.0	31.1	32.74	34.4	1.0	45.4	13.2	310
1SMB30CAT3, G	MKC	30	5.0	33.3	35.06	36.8	1.0	48.4	12.4	290
1SMB33CAT3, G	MMC	33	5.0	36.7	38.63	40.6	1.0	53.3	11.3	265
1SMB36CAT3, G	MPC	36	5.0	40.0	42.11	44.2	1.0	58.1	10.3	245
1SMB40CAT3, G	MRC	40	5.0	44.4	46.74	49.1	1.0	64.5	9.3	220
1SMB43CAT3, G	MTC	43	5.0	47.8	50.32	52.8	1.0	69.4	8.6	210
1SMB45CAT3, G	MVC	45	5.0	50.0	52.63	55.3	1.0	72.2	8.3	200
1SMB48CAT3, G	MXC	48	5.0	53.3	56.11	58.9	1.0	77.4	7.7	190
1SMB51CAT3, G	MZC	51	5.0	56.7	59.69	62.7	1.0	82.4	7.3	175
1SMB54CAT3, G	NEC	54	5.0	60.0	63.16	66.32	1.0	87.1	6.9	170
1SMB58CAT3, G	NGC	58	5.0	64.4	67.79	71.18	1.0	93.6	6.4	155
1SMB60CAT3, G	NKC	60	5.0	66.7	70.21	73.72	1.0	96.8	6.2	150
1SMB64CAT3, G	NMC	64	5.0	71.1	74.84	78.58	1.0	103	5.8	145
1SMB75CAT3, G	NRC	75	5.0	83.3	91.65	92.07	1.0	121	4.9	125

<sup>4.</sup> A transient suppressor is normally selected according to the working peak reverse voltage (V<sub>RWM</sub>), which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.
5. V<sub>BR</sub> measured at pulse test current I<sub>T</sub> at an ambient temperature of 25°C.
6. Surge current waveform per Figure 2 and derate per Figure 3 of the General Data – 600 Watt at the beginning of this group.
7. Bias Voltage = 0 V, F = 1 MHz, T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C
\*The "G" suffix indicates Pb–Free package available.

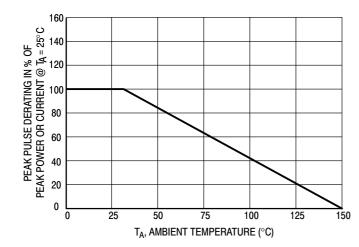


PULSE WIDTH (tp) IS DEFINED AS THAT POINT WHERE THE PEAK CURRENT DECAYS TO 50% OF lpp.

PEAK VALUE – lpp HALF VALUE –  $\frac{lpp}{2}$ t, TIME (ms)

Figure 1. Pulse Rating Curve

Figure 2. Pulse Waveform



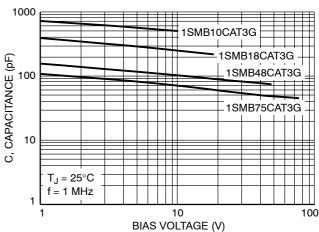
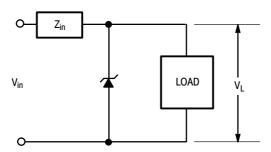


Figure 3. Pulse Derating Curve

Figure 4. Typical Junction Capacitance vs. Bias Voltage

### **TYPICAL PROTECTION CIRCUIT**



#### **APPLICATION NOTES**

#### **RESPONSE TIME**

In most applications, the transient suppressor device is placed in parallel with the equipment or component to be protected. In this situation, there is a time delay associated with the capacitance of the device and an overshoot condition associated with the inductance of the device and the inductance of the connection method. The capacitive effect is of minor importance in the parallel protection scheme because it only produces a time delay in the transition from the operating voltage to the clamp voltage as shown in Figure 5.

The inductive effects in the device are due to actual turn-on time (time required for the device to go from zero current to full current) and lead inductance. This inductive effect produces an overshoot in the voltage across the equipment or component being protected as shown in Figure 6. Minimizing this overshoot is very important in the application, since the main purpose for adding a transient suppressor is to clamp voltage spikes. The SMB series have a very good response time, typically < 1 ns and negligible inductance. However, external inductive effects could produce unacceptable overshoot. Proper circuit layout,

minimum lead lengths and placing the suppressor device as close as possible to the equipment or components to be protected will minimize this overshoot.

Some input impedance represented by  $Z_{in}$  is essential to prevent overstress of the protection device. This impedance should be as high as possible, without restricting the circuit operation.

### **DUTY CYCLE DERATING**

The data of Figure 1 applies for non-repetitive conditions and at a lead temperature of 25°C. If the duty cycle increases, the peak power must be reduced as indicated by the curves of Figure 7. Average power must be derated as the lead or ambient temperature rises above 25°C. The average power derating curve normally given on data sheets may be normalized and used for this purpose.

At first glance the derating curves of Figure 7 appear to be in error as the 10 ms pulse has a higher derating factor than the 10  $\mu$ s pulse. However, when the derating factor for a given pulse of Figure 7 is multiplied by the peak power value of Figure 1 for the same pulse, the results follow the expected trend.

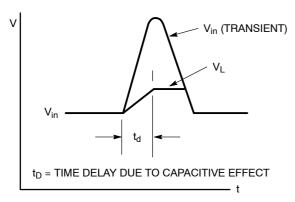


Figure 5.

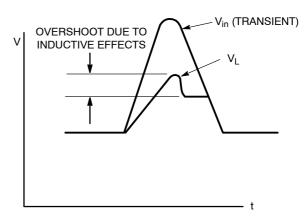


Figure 6.

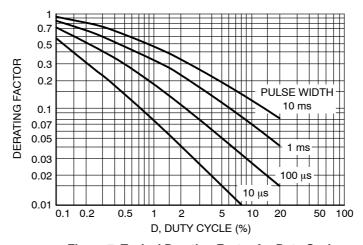


Figure 7. Typical Derating Factor for Duty Cycle

### **UL RECOGNITION**

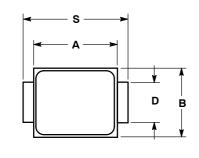
The entire series has *Underwriters Laboratory Recognition* for the classification of protectors (QVGQ2) under the UL standard for safety 497B and File #E210057. Many competitors only have one or two devices recognized or have recognition in a non-protective category. Some competitors have no recognition at all. With the UL497B recognition, our parts successfully passed several tests

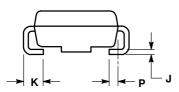
including Strike Voltage Breakdown test, Endurance Conditioning, Temperature test, Dielectric Voltage-Withstand test, Discharge test and several more.

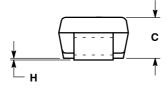
Whereas, some competitors have only passed a flammability test for the package material, we have been recognized for much more to be included in their Protector category.

#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

### **SMB** CASE 403C-01 **ISSUE A**





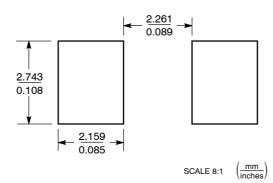


#### NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
  D DIMENSION SHALL BE MEASURED WITHIN DIMENSION P.

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.160	0.180	4.06	4.57	
В	0.130	0.150	3.30	3.81	
С	0.075	0.095	1.90	2.41	
D	0.077	0.083	1.96	2.11	
Н	0.0020	0.0060	0.051	0.152	
J	0.006	0.012	0.15	0.30	
K	0.030	0.050	0.76	1.27	
Р	0.020 REF		0.51 REF		
S	0.205	0.220	5.21	5.59	

### **SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\***



\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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