



flowPIM 1 + PFC

600 V / 50 A

Topology features

- 2-leg interleaved PFC + Inverter
- On-board Capacitors
- Open Emitter configuration
- Shunt
- Temperature sensor

Component features

- 5us short circuit withstand time
- High speed switching
- Low EMI
- Short tail current

Housing features

- Base isolation: Al₂O₃
- Convex shaped substrate for superior thermal contact
- Thermo-mechanical push-and-pull force relief
- Press-fit pin
- Reliable cold welding connection

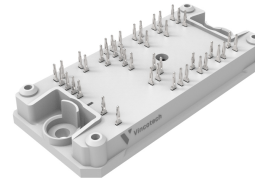
Target applications

- Embedded Drives
- Industrial Drives

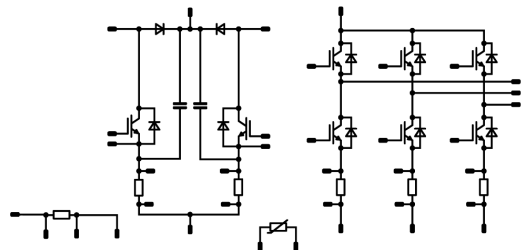
Types

- 10-PG06PPA050SJ01-LH54E08T

flow 1 12 mm housing



Schematic





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Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Inverter Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		600	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	49	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	150	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	81	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 400\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	5	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Inverter Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		600	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	36	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	60	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	58	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
PFC Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		650	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	47	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	150	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	81	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



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Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
PFC Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		600	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	53	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	120	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$	480	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	73	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

PFC Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	18	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	20	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	33	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Inverter Shunt

DC current	I		31,6	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_c = 70\text{ °C}$	2	W
Operation Temperature	T_{op}		-65 ... 170	°C

PFC Shunt

DC current	I		31,6	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_c = 70\text{ °C}$	2	W
Operation Temperature	T_{op}		-65 ... 170	°C



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datasheet

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Shunt				
DC current	I		63,2	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_c = 70\text{ °C}$	4	W
Operation Temperature	T_{op}		-65 ... 170	°C

Capacitor (PFC)

Maximum DC voltage	V_{MAX}		630	V
Operation Temperature	T_{op}		-55 ... 150	°C

Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			8,05	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 600	

*100 % tested in production



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Inverter Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0008	25	4,1	5,1	5,7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		50	25 125 150		1,49 1,61 1,64	1,8 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	600		25			2,8	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			100	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							1950		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25		83		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							67		pF
Gate charge	Q_g	$V_{CC} = 480$ V	15		50	25		249		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,18		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		70 70 71,2		ns
Rise time	t_r					25 125 150		45,2 43,2 42,8		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		114,8 133,6 138,6		ns
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		22,47 34,2 41,12		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 1,62$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 3,09$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 3,57$ μC				25 125 150		1,84 2,2 2,28		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		0,536 0,839 0,941		mWs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Inverter Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				30	25 150	1,25	1,64 1,55	1,95 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_i = 600$ V				25			27	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,63		K/W
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Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RM}	$di/dt=245$ A/μs $di/dt=545$ A/μs $di/dt=378$ A/μs	±15	350	50	25		10,63		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					125		16,09		
						150		16,77		
						25		251,47		
Recovered charge	Q_r					125		331,66		
						150		392,82		
		25		1,62						
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}	125		3,09						
		150		3,57						
		25		0,406						
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$	125		0,762						
		150		0,892						
		25		76,03						
						125		88,46		A/μs
						150		100,72		



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

PFC Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0005	25	3,3	4	4,7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		50	25 125 150		1,52 1,64 1,7	2,22 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	650		25			40	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							3000		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25		50		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							11		pF
Gate charge	Q_g	$V_{CC} = 520$ V	15		50	25		120		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,17		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		16,12 15,82 15,96		ns
Rise time	t_r					25 125 150		6,68 8,23 8,62		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		86,51 103,58 108,24		ns
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		2,44 10,89 11,76		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,799$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 2,02$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 2,53$ μC				25 125 150		0,4 0,758 0,884		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		0,315 0,457 0,492		mWs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
PFC Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F			60	25 125 150		1,89 1,57 1,5	2,5 ⁽¹⁾		V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 600$ V			25			25		μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					1,3			K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}				25 125 150		76,33 106,22 117,33			A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}				25 125 150		20,32 35,44 40,54			ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=6374$ A/μs $di/dt=4375$ A/μs $di/dt=4337$ A/μs	0/15	400	50	25 125 150	0,799 2,02 2,53			μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}				25 125 150		0,164 0,419 0,53			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		11479,58 8065,29 7530,06			A/μs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

PFC Sw. Protection Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				10	25 125	1,23	1,67 1,54	1,87 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_i = 650$ V				25			0,14	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,87		K/W
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Inverter Shunt

Static

Resistance	R							2		mΩ
Temperature coefficient	tc								275	ppm/K

PFC Shunt

Static

Resistance	R							2		mΩ
Temperature coefficient	tc								275	ppm/K

Shunt

Static

Resistance	R							1		mΩ
Temperature coefficient	tc								275	ppm/K



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit	
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	V_F [V]	I_D [A]	I_C [A]	I_F [A]		T_j [°C]

Capacitor (PFC)

Static

Capacitance	C	DC bias voltage = 0 V				25		33		nF
Tolerance							-5		5	%

Thermistor

Static

Rated resistance	R					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of R_{100}	Δ_{RR}	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P					25		130		mW
Power dissipation constant	d					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

⁽¹⁾ Value at chip level

⁽²⁾ Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

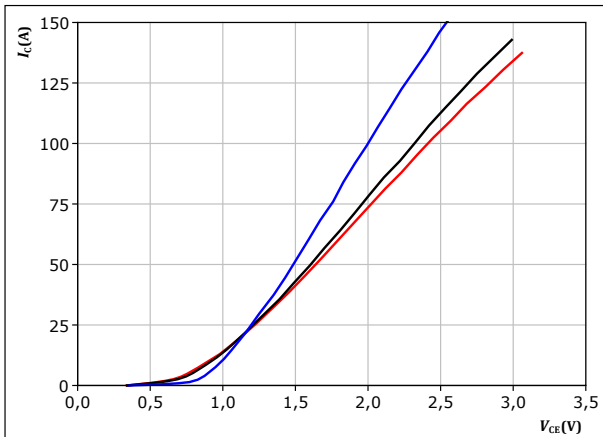


Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

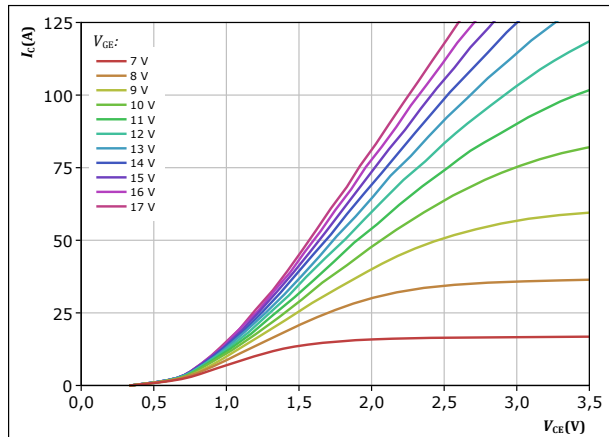


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 $T_j:$ 25 °C, 125 °C, 150 °C

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

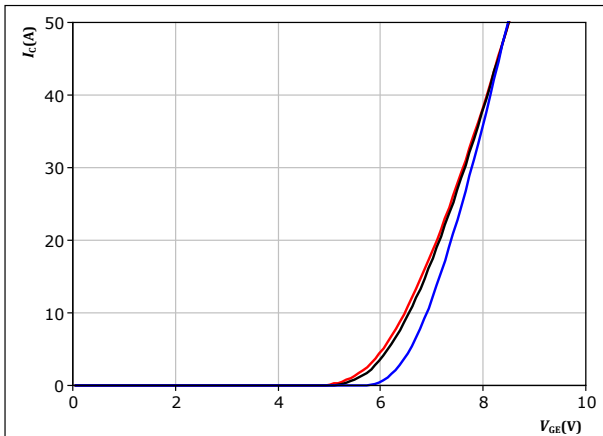


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

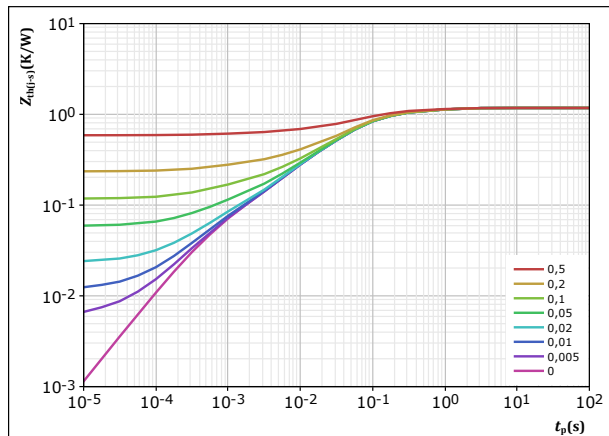


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
 $T_j:$ 25 °C, 125 °C, 150 °C

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,176 \text{ K/W}$
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
1,28E-01	9,19E-01
3,00E-01	1,49E-01
5,67E-01	4,76E-02
1,34E-01	6,63E-03
4,70E-02	5,83E-04



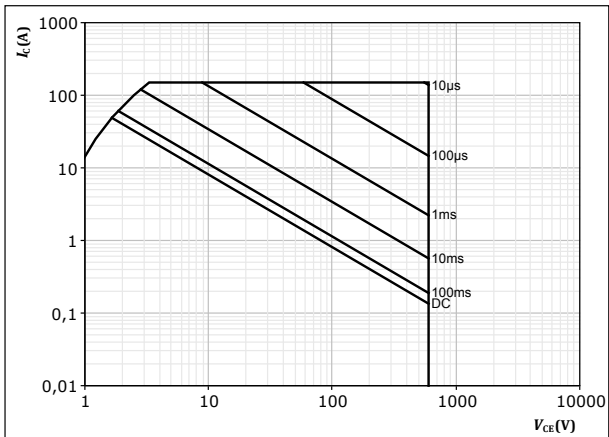
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Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

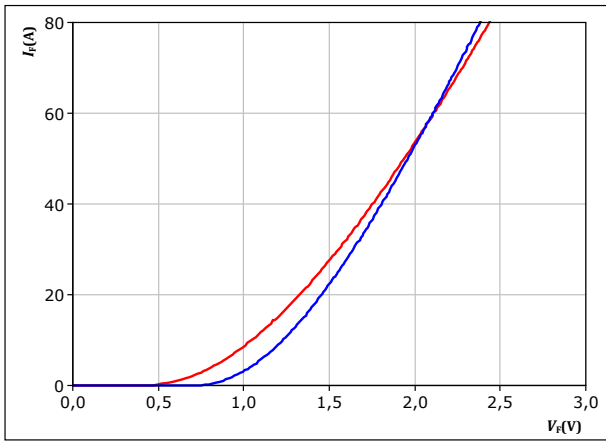


Inverter Diode Characteristics

figure 6. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

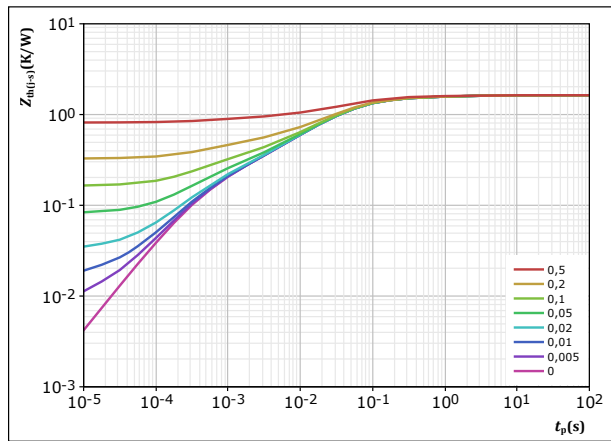


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 7. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,633 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
7,13E-02	2,70E+00
1,55E-01	3,01E-01
7,25E-01	5,48E-02
3,93E-01	1,54E-02
1,57E-01	2,76E-03
1,32E-01	4,03E-04

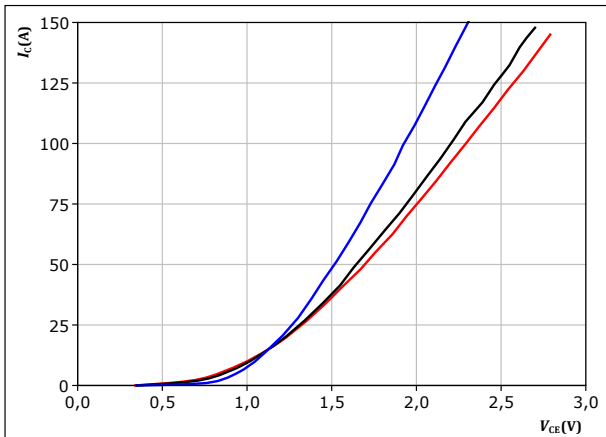


PFC Switch Characteristics

figure 8. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_c = f(V_{CE})$$

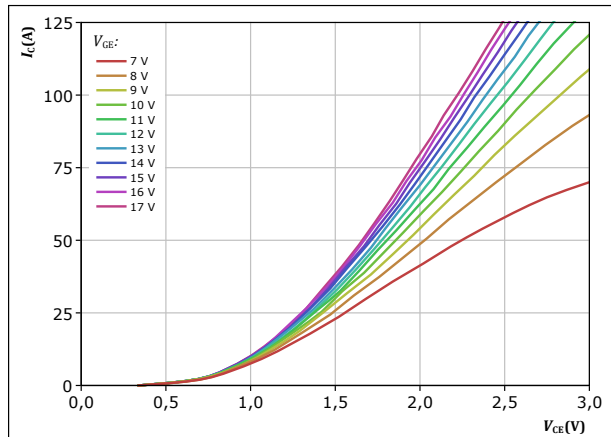


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $T_j: 25^\circ\text{C}$
 125°C
 150°C

figure 9. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_c = f(V_{CE})$$

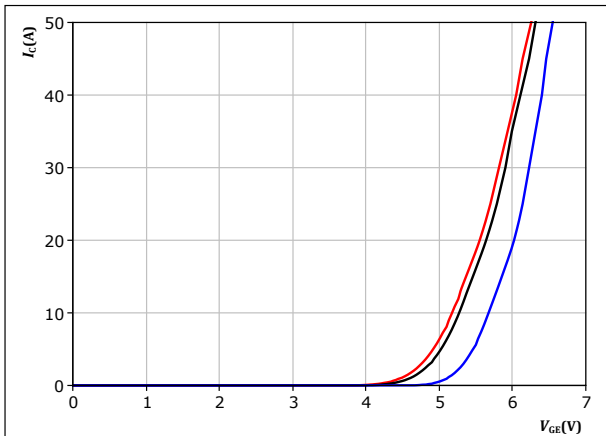


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 10. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_c = f(V_{GE})$$

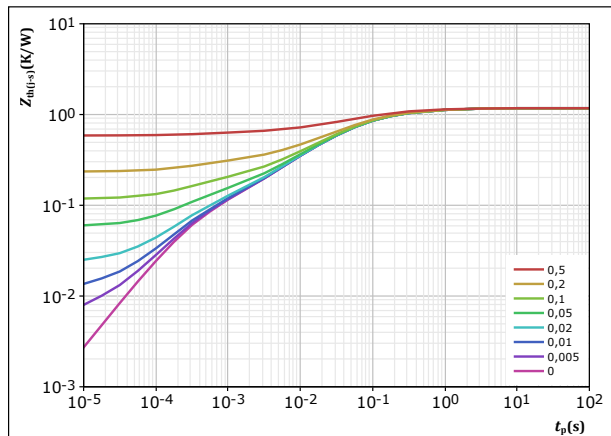


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $T_j: 25^\circ\text{C}$
 125°C
 150°C

figure 11. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,174 \text{ K/W}$
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
9,21E-02	1,52E+00
2,50E-01	2,21E-01
4,87E-01	5,30E-02
2,29E-01	1,06E-02
4,67E-02	2,01E-03
6,92E-02	3,15E-04

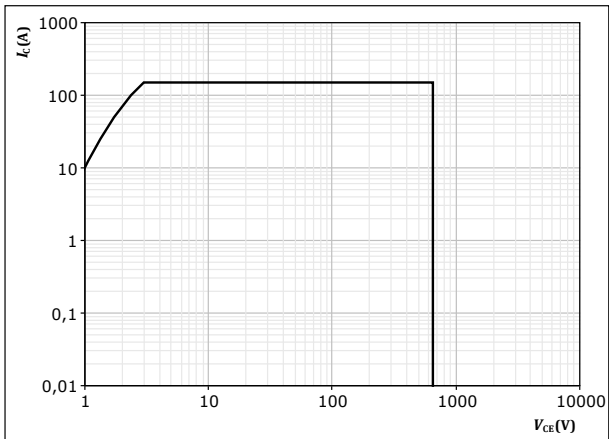


PFC Switch Characteristics

figure 12. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



D = single pulse

T_s = 80 °C

V_{CE} = 15 V

T_j = T_{jmax}



PFC Diode Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

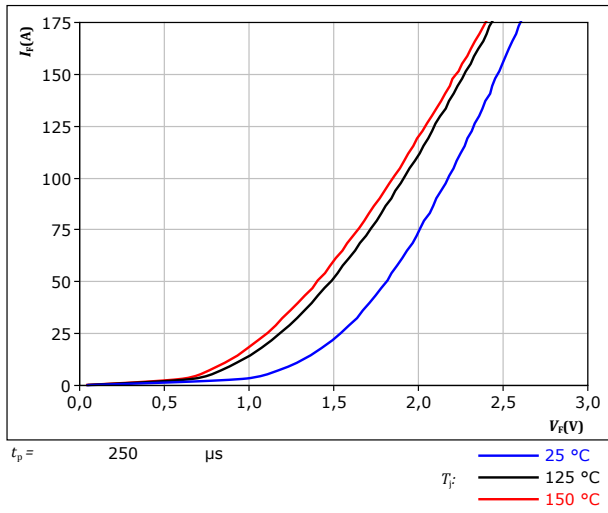
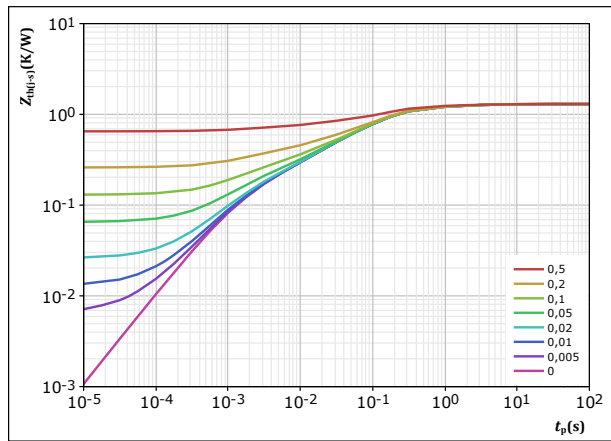


figure 14. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	t_p / T	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	1,299	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
R (K/W)	τ (s)	
6,87E-02	3,97E+00	
2,08E-01	5,47E-01	
7,02E-01	1,09E-01	
2,07E-01	1,20E-02	
1,14E-01	1,37E-03	

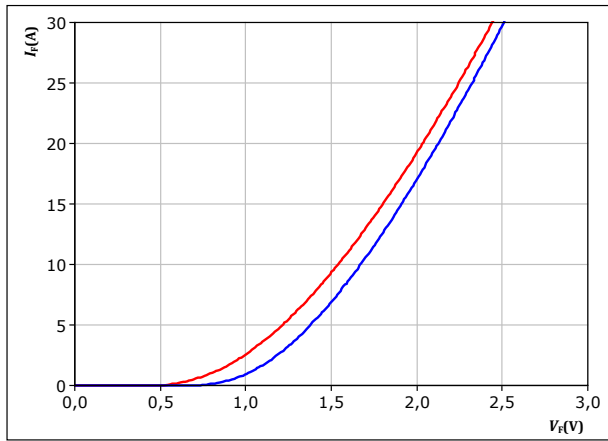


PFC Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

figure 15. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

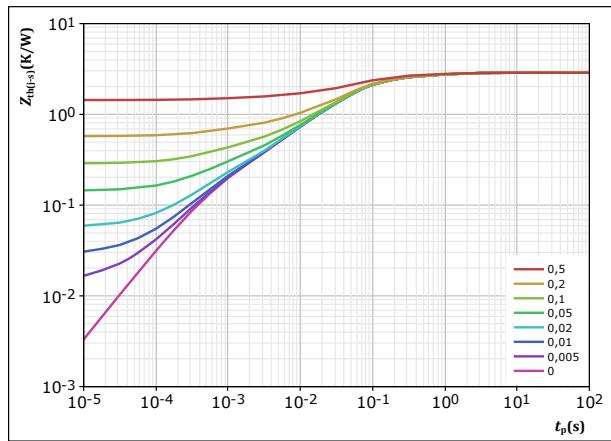


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 16. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 2,874 \text{ K/W}$
FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
2,86E-01	1,08E+00
5,75E-01	1,73E-01
1,57E+00	4,54E-02
3,05E-01	5,64E-03
1,34E-01	5,58E-04

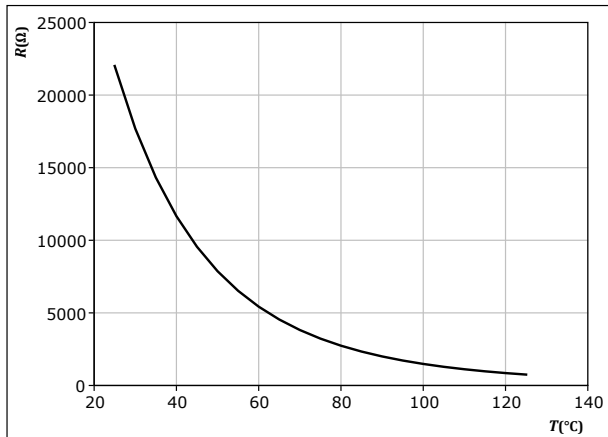


Thermistor Characteristics

figure 17. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

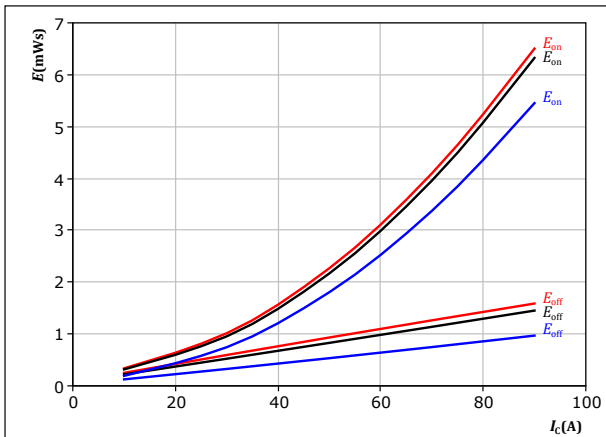




Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 18. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$

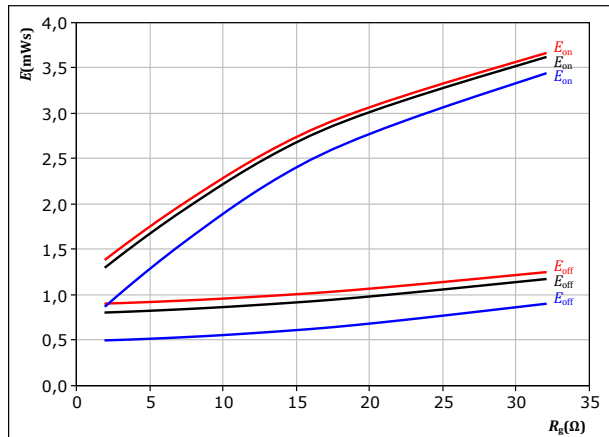


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V	$T_j:$ 25 °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	125 °C
$R_{g(on)} = 8$ Ω	150 °C
$R_{g(off)} = 8$ Ω	

figure 19. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$

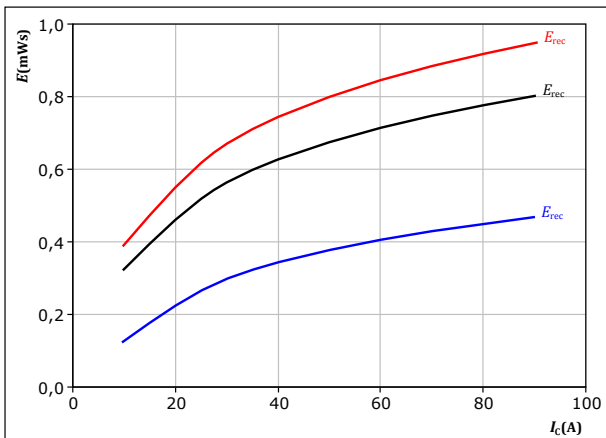


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V	$T_j:$ 25 °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	125 °C
$I_c = 50$ A	150 °C

figure 20. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

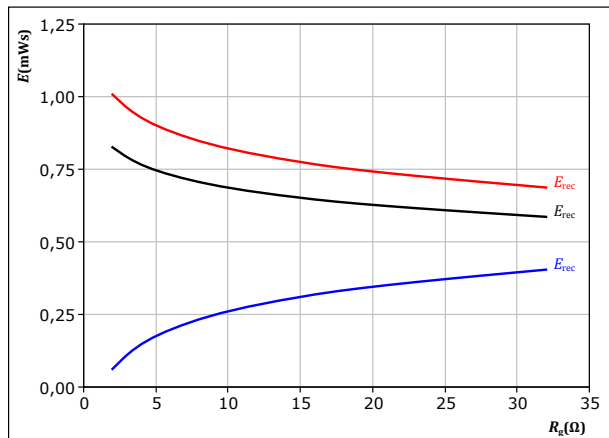


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V	$T_j:$ 25 °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	125 °C
$R_{g(on)} = 8$ Ω	150 °C

figure 21. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

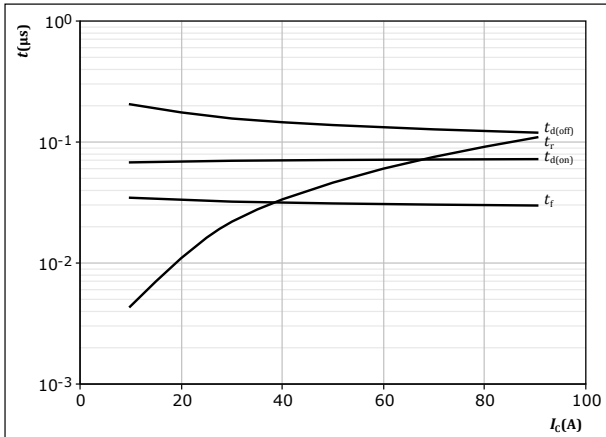
$V_{CE} = 350$ V	$T_j:$ 25 °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	125 °C
$I_c = 50$ A	150 °C



Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 22. IGBT

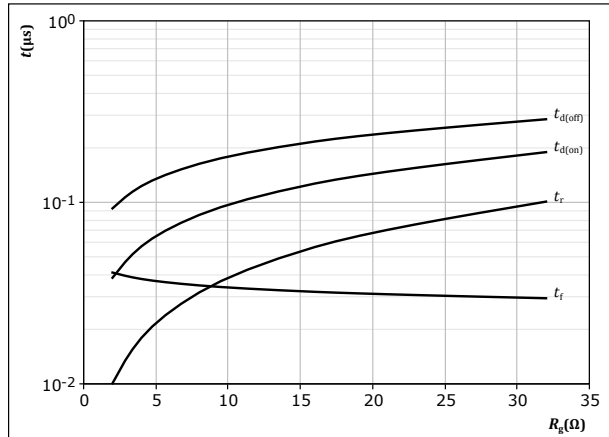
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 23. IGBT

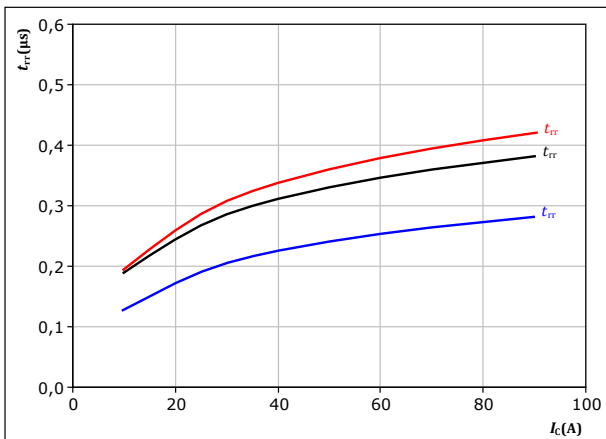
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$

figure 24. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$

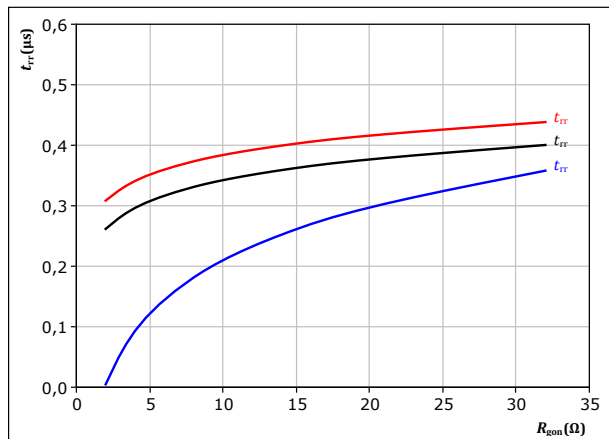


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j :
— 25 $^\circ\text{C}$
— 125 $^\circ\text{C}$
— 150 $^\circ\text{C}$

figure 25. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$

T_j :
— 25 $^\circ\text{C}$
— 125 $^\circ\text{C}$
— 150 $^\circ\text{C}$

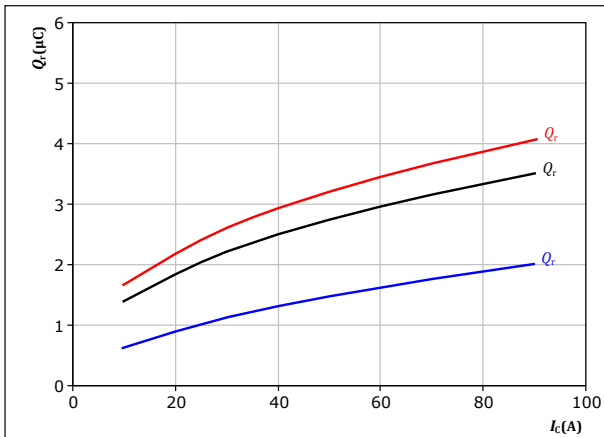


Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 26. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

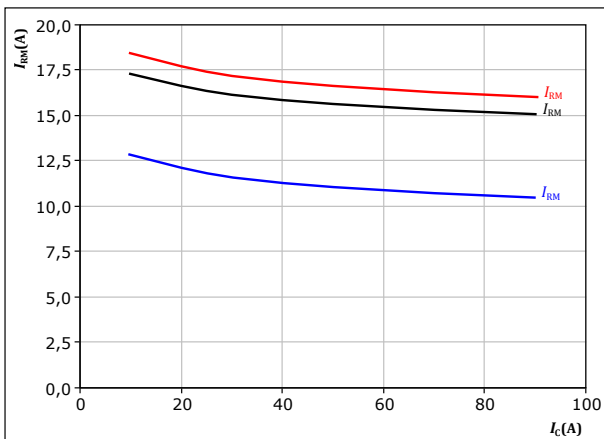
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 8 \ \Omega$

T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 28. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

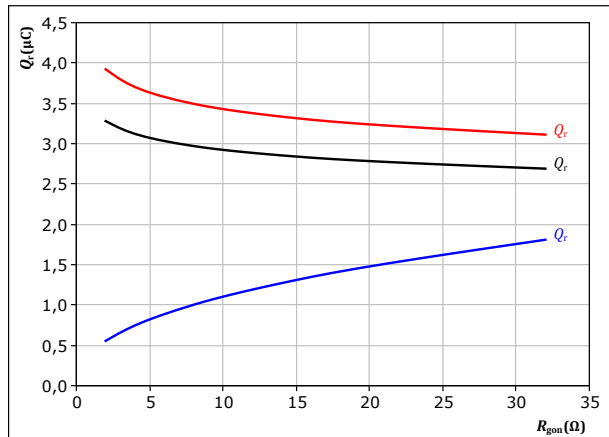
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 8 \ \Omega$

T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 27. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

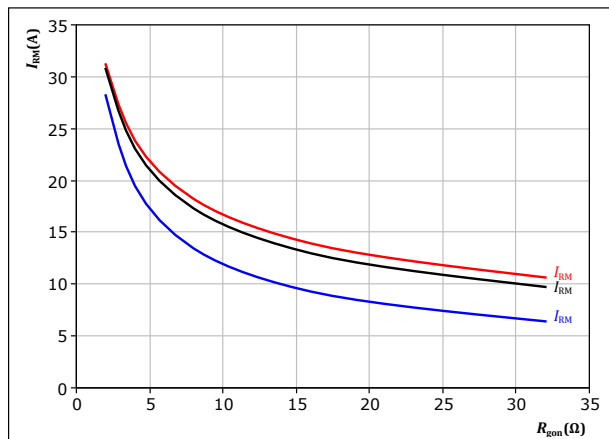
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$

T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 29. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$

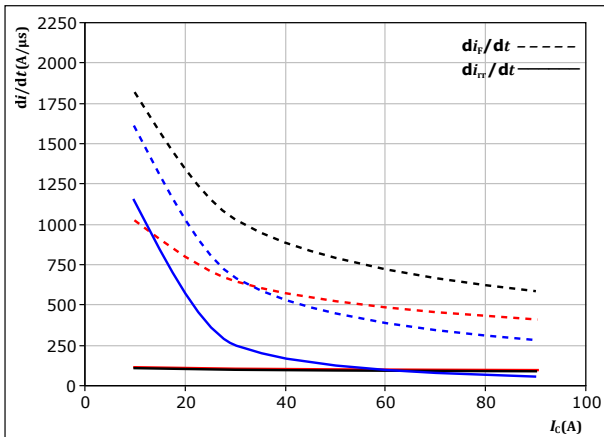
T_j : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)



Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 30. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_c)$



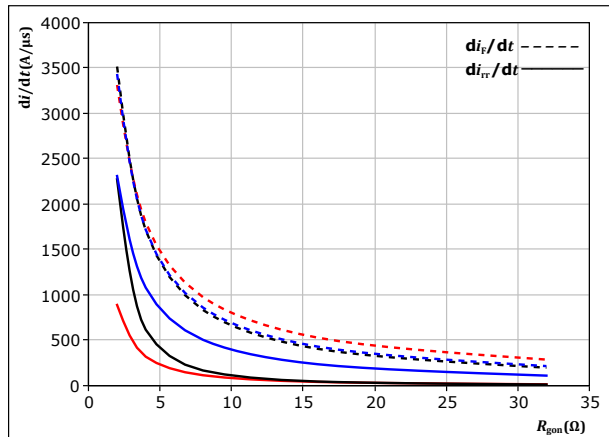
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω

T_j : 25 °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 31. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

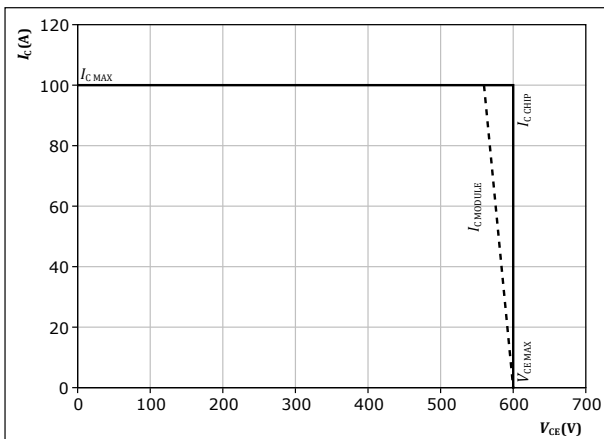
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 50$ A

T_j : 25 °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 32. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



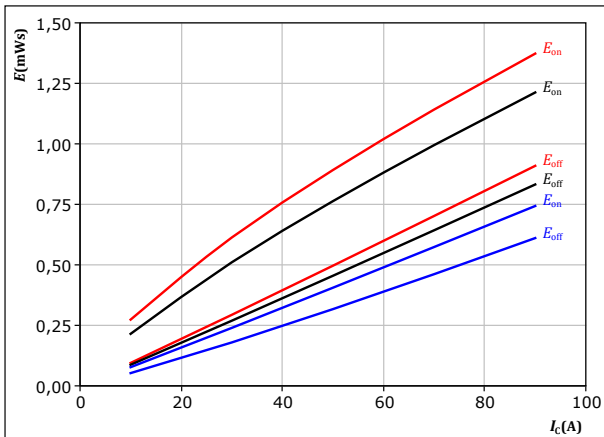
At $T_j = 150$ °C
 $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 8$ Ω



PFC Switching Characteristics

figure 33. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$

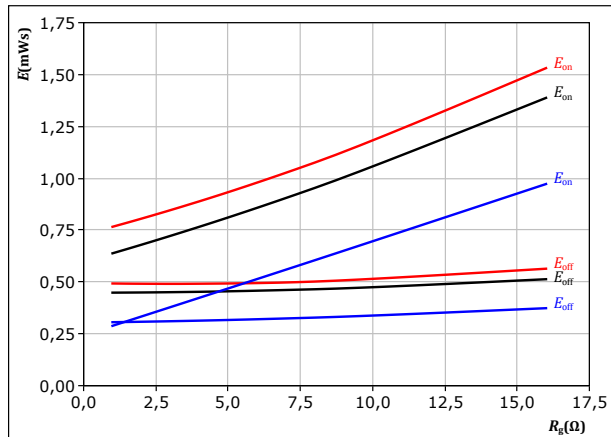


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400$ V	$T_j:$ 25 °C
$V_{GE} = 0/15$ V	125 °C
$R_{g(on)} = 4$ Ω	150 °C
$R_{g(off)} = 4$ Ω	

figure 34. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$

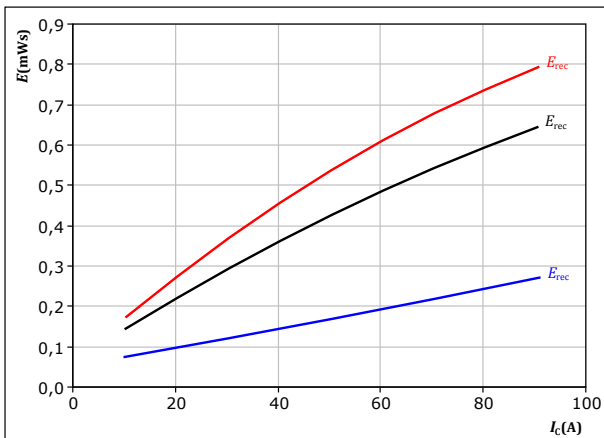


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400$ V	$T_j:$ 25 °C
$V_{GE} = 0/15$ V	125 °C
$I_c = 50$ A	150 °C

figure 35. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

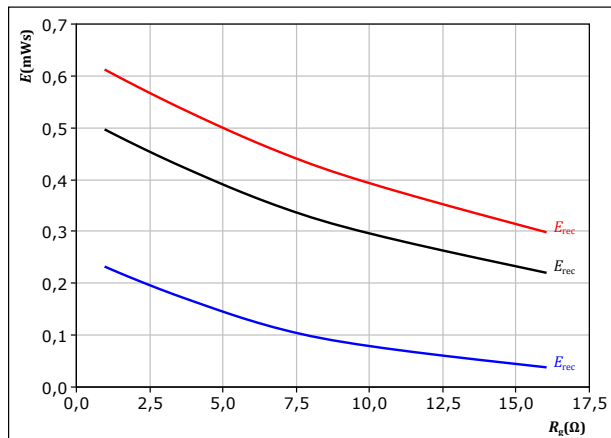


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400$ V	$T_j:$ 25 °C
$V_{GE} = 0/15$ V	125 °C
$R_{g(on)} = 4$ Ω	150 °C

figure 36. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

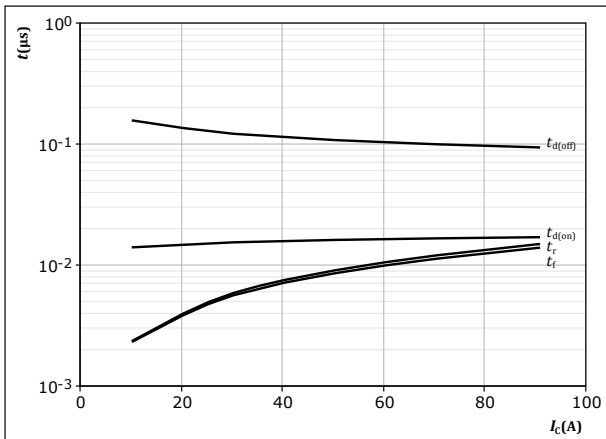
$V_{CE} = 400$ V	$T_j:$ 25 °C
$V_{GE} = 0/15$ V	125 °C
$I_c = 50$ A	150 °C



PFC Switching Characteristics

figure 37. IGBT

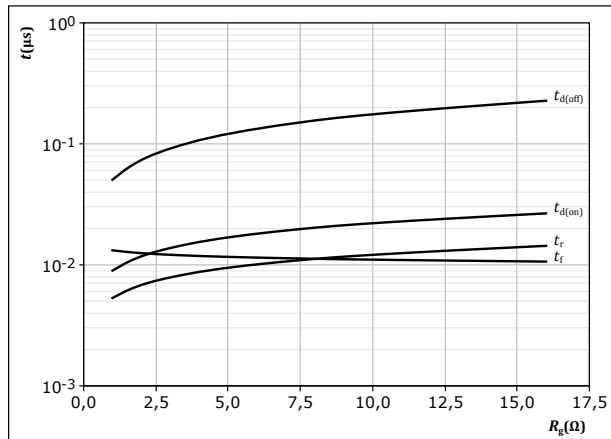
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 38. IGBT

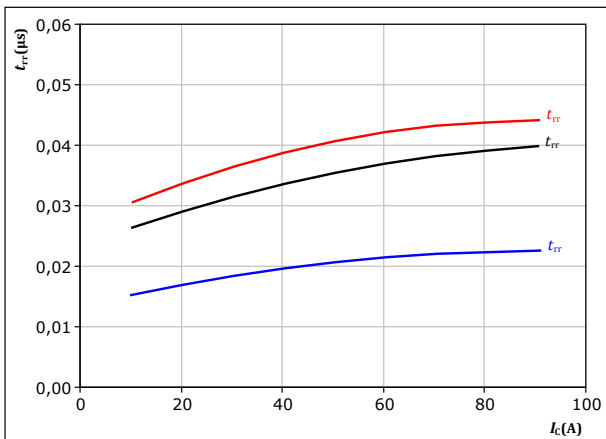
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$

figure 39. FWD

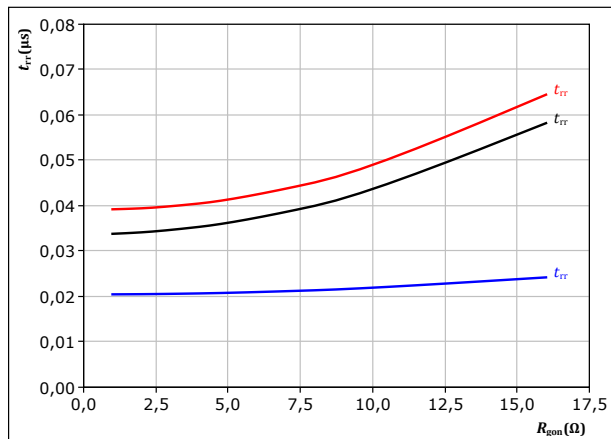
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 40. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

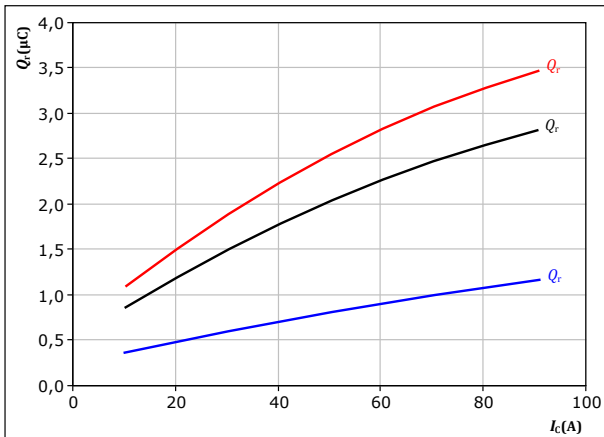


PFC Switching Characteristics

figure 41. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

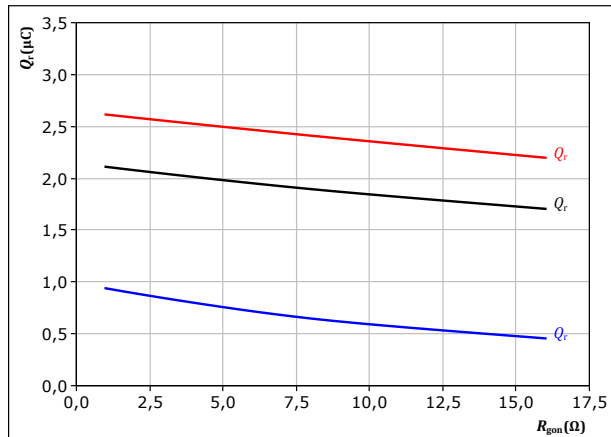
$V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 42. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

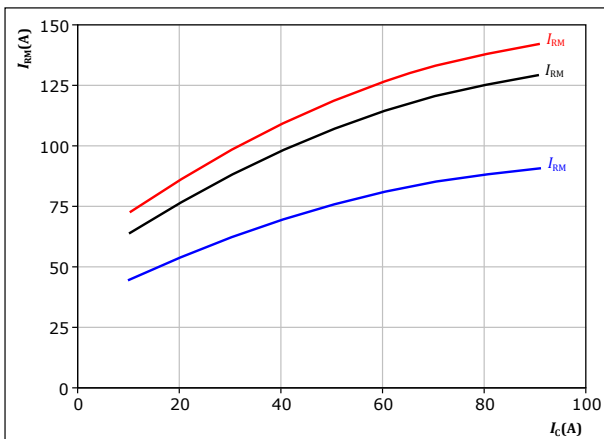
$V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $I_c = 50$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 43. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

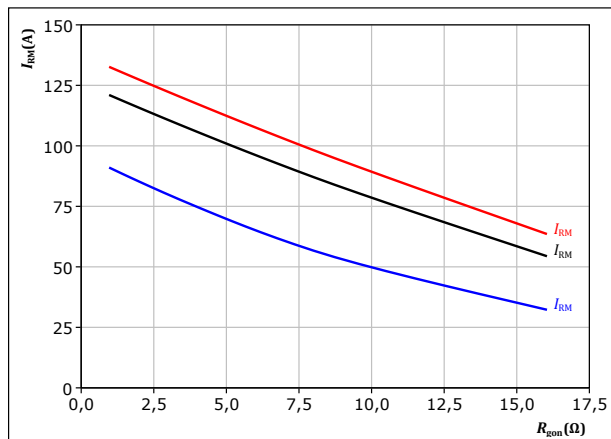
$V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 44. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $I_c = 50$ A

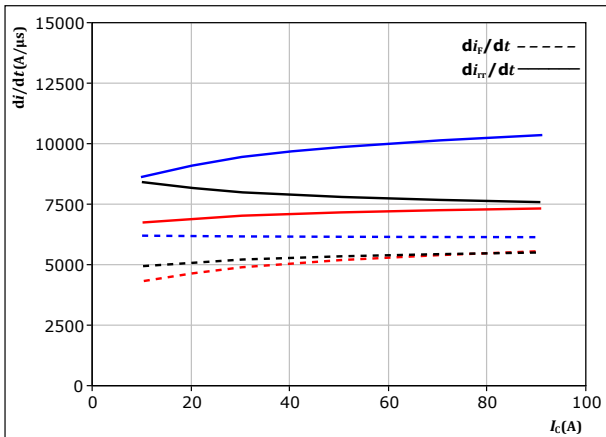
T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C



PFC Switching Characteristics

figure 45. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_C)$



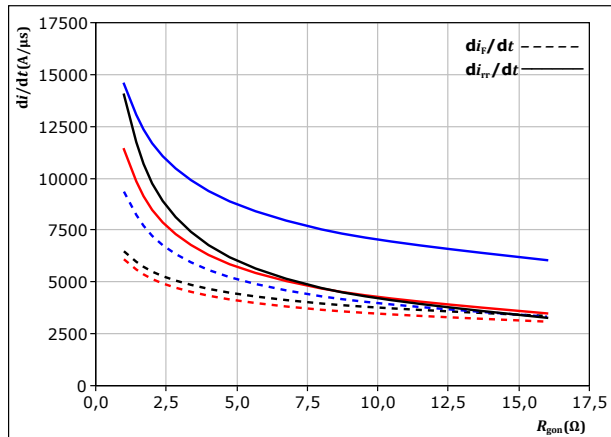
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 46. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

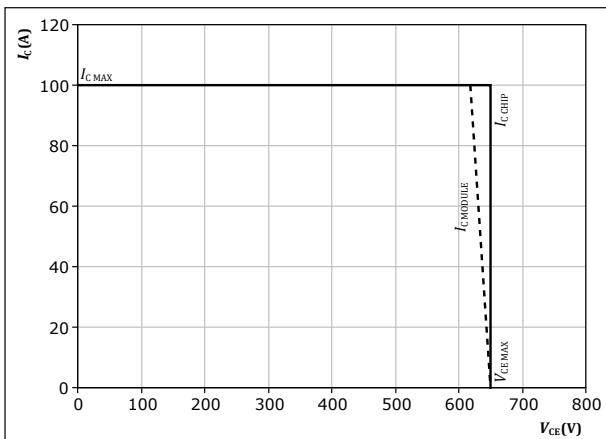
$V_{CE} = 400$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $I_C = 50$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 47. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 150$ °C
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω



Switching Definitions

figure 48. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

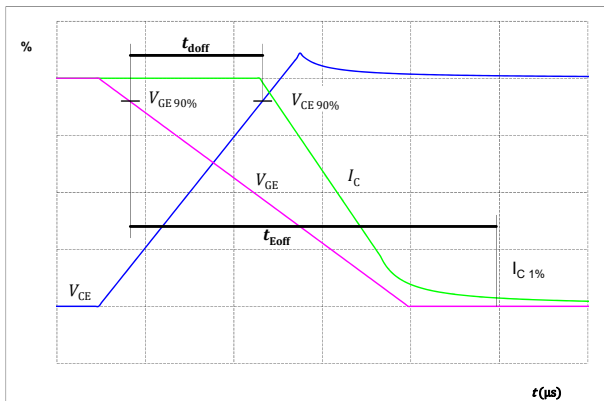


figure 49. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

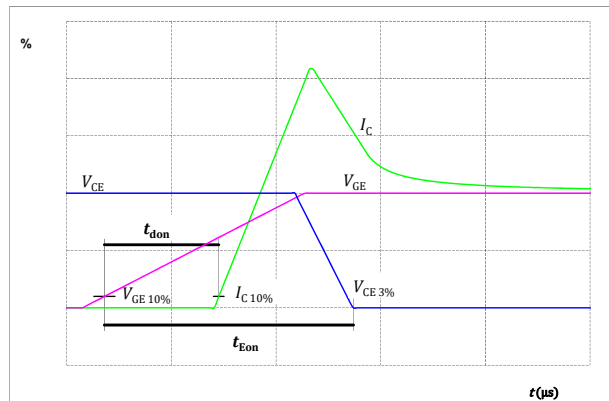


figure 50. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

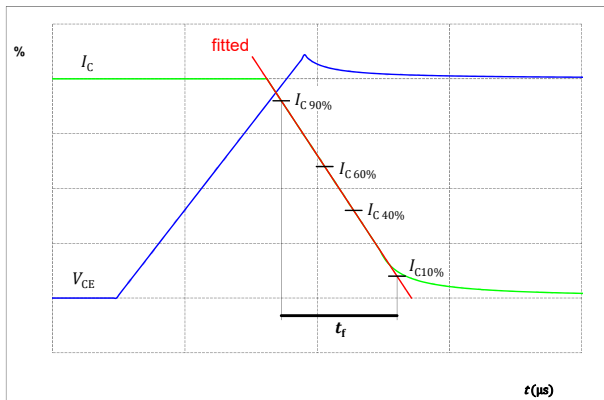
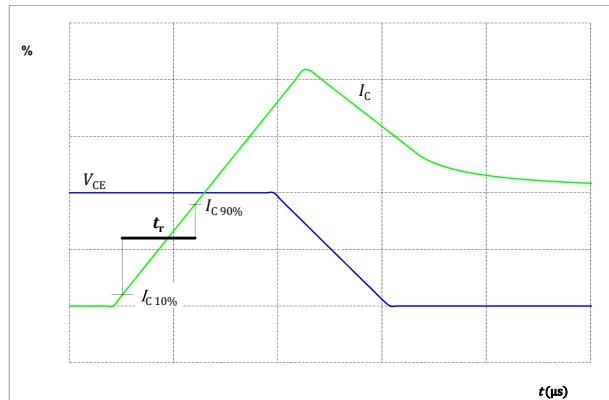


figure 51. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r





Switching Definitions

figure 52. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}

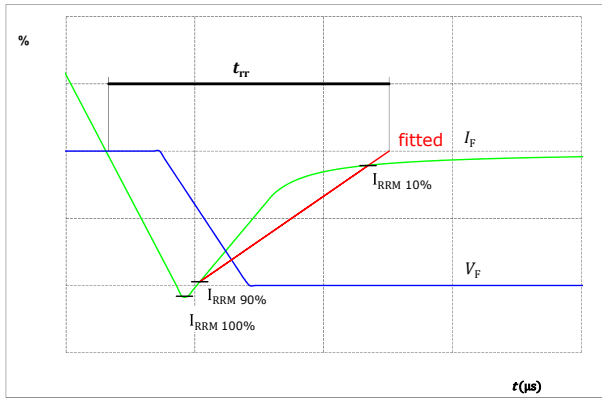
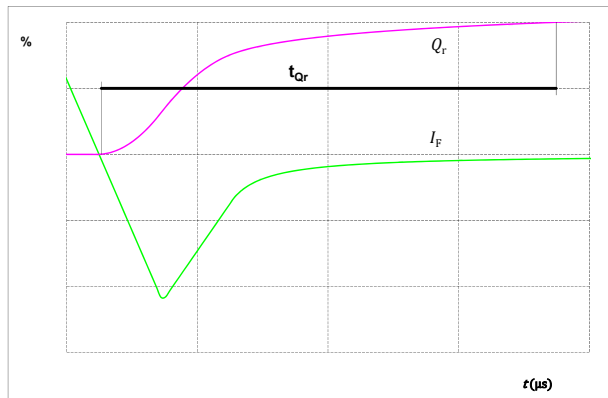


figure 53. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)





Vincotech

10-PG06PPA050SJ01-LH54E08T
datasheet

Ordering Code	
Version	Ordering Code
Without thermal paste	10-PG06PPA050SJ01-LH54E08T
With thermal paste (5,2 W/mK, PTM6000HV)	10-PG06PPA050SJ01-LH54E08T-/7/
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	10-PG06PPA050SJ01-LH54E08T-/3/

Marking						
	Text	Name NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTIVV	Date code WWYY	UL & VIN UL VIN	Lot LLLLL	Serial SSSS
	Datamatrix	Type&Ver TTTTTIVV	Lot number LLLLL	Serial SSSS	Date code WWYY	

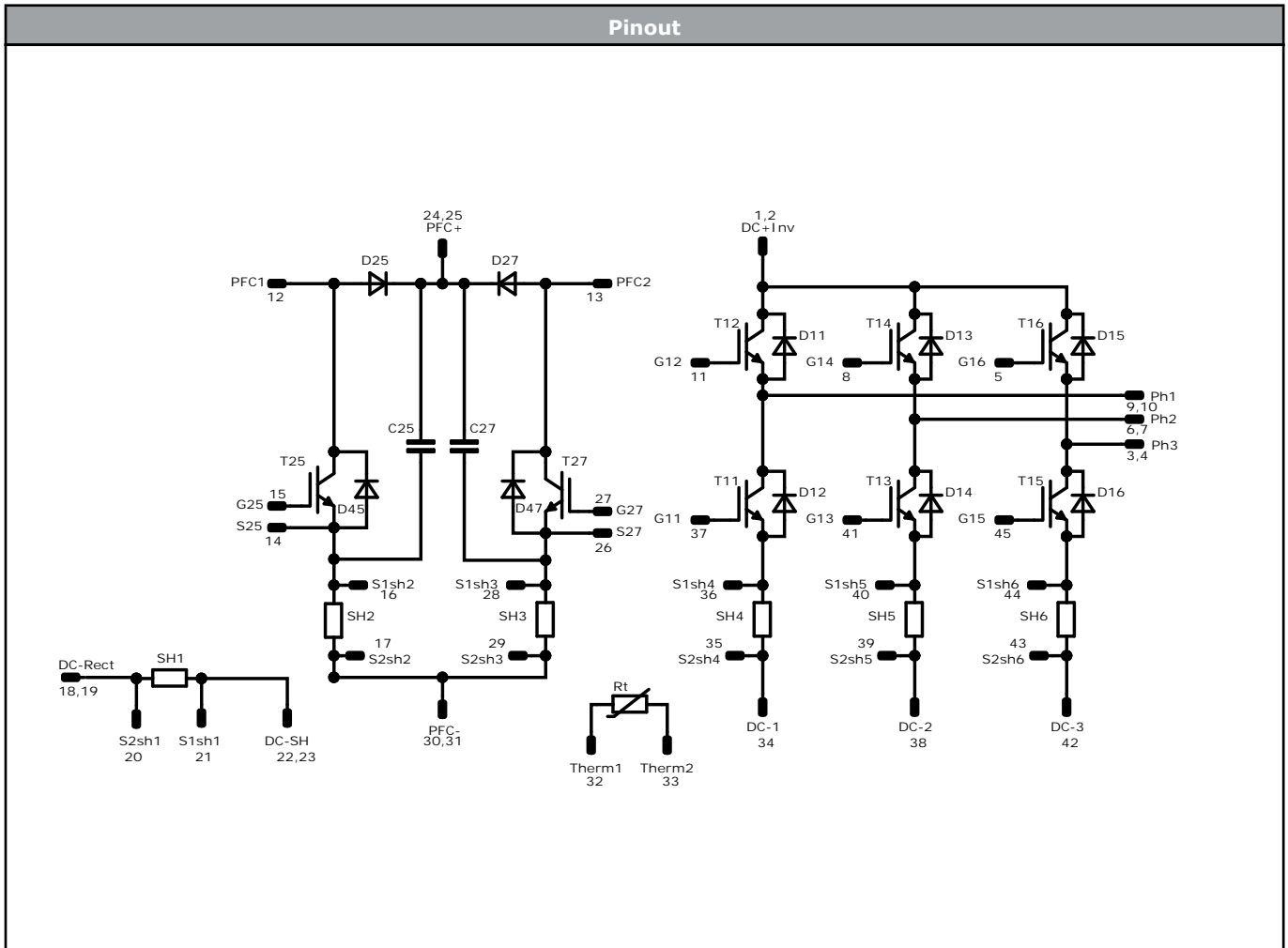
Outline			
Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	52,5	2,7	DC+Inv
2	52,5	0	DC+Inv
3	46,2	0	Ph3
4	43,5	0	Ph3
5	43,5	3	G16
6	37,2	0	Ph2
7	34,5	0	Ph2
8	34,5	3	G14
9	28,2	0	Ph1
10	25,5	0	Ph1
11	22,5	0	G12
12	0	0	PFC1
13	0	6,1	PFC2
14	19,5	6,6	S25
15	22,5	6,6	G25
16	25,5	8,3	S1sh2
17	25,5	11,3	S2sh2
18	0	16,8	DC-Rect
19	0	19,5	DC-Rect
20	0	22,5	S2sh1
21	0	25,5	S1sh1
22	0	28,5	DC-SH
23	2,7	28,5	DC-SH
24	9,8	25,8	PFC+
25	9,8	28,5	PFC+
26	20,7	16,5	S27
27	20,7	19,5	G27
28	16,9	23,5	S1sh3
29	16,9	26,5	S2sh3
30	20,7	28,5	PFC-
31	23,4	28,5	PFC-
32	22	25,5	Therm1
33	22	22,5	Therm2
34	27	28,5	DC-1
35	33,5	28,5	S2sh4
36	33,5	25,5	S1sh4
37	33,5	22,5	G11
38	36,5	28,5	DC-2
39	43	28,5	S2sh5
40	43	25,5	S1sh5
41	43	22,5	G13
42	46	28,5	DC-3
43	52,5	28,5	S2sh6
44	52,5	25,5	S1sh6
45	52,5	22,5	G15
46	not assembled		

center of pins: 0,0 pitch
for connection parameter see the handling instruction

Tolerance of positions: ±0,04mm at the end of pins
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



Vincotech



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11, T12, T13, T14, T15, T16	IGBT	600 V	50 A	Inverter Switch	
D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16	FWD	600 V	30 A	Inverter Diode	
T25, T27	IGBT	650 V	50 A	PFC Switch	
D25, D27	FWD	600 V	60 A	PFC Diode	
D45, D47	FWD	650 V	10 A	PFC Sw. Protection Diode	
SH4, SH5, SH6	Shunt			Inverter Shunt	
SH2, SH3	Shunt			PFC Shunt	
SH1	Shunt			Shunt	
C25, C27	Capacitor	630 V		Capacitor (PFC)	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	




Vincotech

Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 100	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 1</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 1</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-PG06PPA050SJ01-LH54E08T-D4-14	15 Aug. 2022	Change of PFC Diode	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.