



<b>flow IPM 1B</b>	<b>600 V / 4 A</b>
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;"><b>Features</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Optimized for PFC frequencies of 20kHz..150kHz and inverter frequencies of 4kHz..20kHz</li> <li>Input Rectifier, PFC-Boost with integrated PFC-Shunt, PFC-Gate driver and DC-capacitor</li> <li>3 phase inverter with integrated DC Shunt, gate driver circuit incl. bootstrap circuit and over current protection</li> <li>Sense output of DC-current</li> <li>Conclusive Power Flow, all power connections on one side, no input output X-ing</li> </ul> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;"><b>Target Applications</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Low Power Industrial Drives</li> <li>Motor Integrated Fans and Pumps</li> <li>AirCon</li> <li>Electrical Tools</li> </ul> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;"><b>Types</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>20-1B06IPB004RC01-P952A45</li> <li>20-PB06IPB004RC01-P952A45Y</li> </ul> </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;"><b>flow 1B housing</b></p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> </div> <p style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <span>solder pins</span> <span>Press-fit pins</span> </p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;"><b>Schematic</b></p> </div>

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Input Rectifier Diode</b>				
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
DC forward current	$I_{FAV}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	13	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 45\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	130	A
I <sup>2</sup> t-value	$I^2t$	50 Hz half sine wave	80	A <sup>2</sup> s
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	15	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C
<b>PFC IGBT</b>				
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{CE}$		650	V
DC collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	8	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	45	A
Turn off safe operating area		$V_{CE} \leq 650\text{V}$ , $T_j \leq T_{op\text{ max}}$	45	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	16	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	$V_{GE}$		±20	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C



## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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### PFC Inverse Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	6	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	12	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	10	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

### PFC Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	9	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 8,3\text{ms}$ 60 Hz half sine wave	100	A
I <sup>2</sup> t-value	$I^2t$		40	A <sup>2</sup> s
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	30	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	15	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

### Inverter Transistor

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{CE}$		600	V
DC collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	4	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	12	A
Turn off safe operating area		$V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}$ , $T_j \leq T_{jmax}$	8	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	12	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	$V_{GE}$		±20	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$ $V_{CC}$	$T_j \leq 150\text{ °C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	8 400	μs V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

### Inverter Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		600	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	5	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	8	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	9	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

**Maximum Ratings** $T_c = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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**PFC Shunt**

DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_c = 25\text{ °C}$	10	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_c = 25\text{ °C}$	9	W

**PFC Driver\***

Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CE0}$		45	V
Collector current	$I_C$		500	mA
Peak collector current	$I_{CM}$	$t_p \leq 10\text{ ms}$	1000	
Base current	$I_B$		100	
Peak base current	$I_{BM}$		200	mA
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C

\* for more information see infineon's datasheet BC817

**DC - Shunt**

DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_c = 25\text{ °C}$	8	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_c = 25\text{ °C}$	3,2	W

**DC link Capacitor**

Max.DC voltage	$V_{MAX}$	$T_c = 25\text{ °C}$	500	V
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**Gate Driver\***

Supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	$V_{CC}$ common with PFC driver	20	V
Input voltage (LIN, HIN, EN)	$U_{IN}$		10	V
Output voltage (FAULT)	$U_{OUT}$		$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V

\* for more information see infineon's datasheet 6ED003L02-F2

**Thermal Properties**

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{op}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

**Isolation Properties**

Isolation voltage	$V_{is}$	$t = 2\text{ s}$ DC Test Voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance			min 12,7	mm
Clearance			min 12,7	mm
Comparative tracking index	CTI		>200	



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_F$ [V] $V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_F$ [A] $I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Input Rectifier Diode

Forward voltage *	$V_F$				7	25 125		1,04 0,97		V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only)	$V_{to}$				7	25 125		0,87 0,74		V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only)	$r_t$				7	25 125		25 33		mΩ
Reverse current	$I_r$			1200		25			0,01	mA
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK						4,56		K/W

\* chip data

PFC IGBT

Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$				0,0004	25	3,3	4	4,7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage*	$V_{CEsat}$		15			6	25 150		1,43 1,55	2,05	V
Collector-emitter cut-off	$I_{CES}$		0	650			25			0,04	mA
Rise time	$t_r$						25 125		2 2		ns
Turn-off delay time **	$t_{d(off)}$						25 125		107 161		
Fall time	$t_f$						25 125		4 2		mWs
Turn-on energy loss	$E_{on}$						25 125		0,055 0,091		
Turn-off energy loss	$E_{off}$						25 125		0,020 0,038		
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$								930		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$f = 1$ MHz	0	25			25		24		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$								4		
Gate charge	$Q_G$		$\pm 15$	520	15		25		38		nC
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK							5,80		K/W

\* chip data

PFC Inverse Diode

Diode forward voltage	$V_F$					6	25 125	1,23	1,73 1,59	2,15	V
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK							9,56		K/W

PFC Diode

Forward voltage *	$V_F$					6	25 150		1,51 1,42	2,13	V
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$						25 125		11 13		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$						25 125		18 28		ns
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$						25 125		0,12 0,24		μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$						25 125		0,013 0,033		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$						25 125		959 452		A/μs
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK							7,19		K/W

\* chip data

PFC Shunt

R1 value	$R$								100		mΩ
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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_F$ [A]	$V_{DS}$ [V]					$I_D$ [A]	

#### Inverter Transistor

Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$				0,000075	25	4,4	5	5,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage*	$V_{CEsat}$		15			4	25 150	1,7	2,20 2,29	2,8	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. Diode	$I_{CES}$		0	600			25			0,1	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0			25			120	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	$R_{gint}$								none		Ω
Turn-on delay time **	$t_{d(on)}$						25 125		586 635		ns
Rise time	$t_r$						25 125		21 30		
Turn-off delay time **	$t_{d(off)}$						25 125		666 749		
Fall time	$t_f$						25 125		20 50		
Turn-on energy loss	$E_{on}$						25 125		0,117 0,198		
Turn-off energy loss	$E_{off}$						25 125		0,072 0,115		
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$								305		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$f = 1$ MHz	0	25			25		18		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$								9		
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK							8,93		K/W

\* chip data

\*\* including gate driver

#### Inverter Diode

Diode forward voltage *	$V_F$					4	25 150	1,5	2,08 1,92	2,6	V
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{RRM}$						25 125		2 3		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$						25 125		166 254		ns
Reverse recovered charge	$Q_{rr}$						25 125		0,18 0,35		nC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$						25 125		25 16		A/μs
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$						25 125		0,045 0,085		mWs
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK							10,05		K/W

\* chip data

#### DC - Shunt

R2 value	$R$						25		50		mΩ
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#### DC link Capacitor

C value	$C$								100		nF
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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit		
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_F$ [A] $I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ		Max	
<b>Gate Driver</b>												
Supply voltage	$V_{CC}$						25 125	13	15	17,5	V	
Quiescent Vcc supply current	$I_{QCC}$	VLIN=0V; VHIN=3,3V						25 125		1,3	2	mA
Input voltage (LIN, HIN, EN)	$V_{IN}$	$V_{CC} = 15V$					25 125	0		5	V	
Input voltage (GATE)	$V_{GATE}$						25 125	0		15		
Logic "0" input voltage (LIN, HIN)	$V_{IH}$						25 125	1,7	2,1	2,4		
Logic "1" input voltage (LIN, HIN)	$V_{IL}$						25 125	0,7	0,9	1,1		
Positive going threshold voltage (EN)	$V_{EN,TH+}$						25 125	1,9	2,1	2,3		
Negative going threshold voltage (EN)	$V_{EN,TH-}$						25 125	1,1	1,3	1,5		
Input clamp voltage (LIN, HIN, EN)	$V_{IN,CLAMP}$		IIN = 4mA						25 125	9		10,3
ITRIP positive going threshold	$V_{IT,TH+}$						25 125	380	445	510	mV	
Input bias current LIN high	$I_{LIN+}$	VLIN = 3,3V						25 125		70	100	$\mu$ A
Input bias current LIN low	$I_{LIN-}$	VLIN = 0V						25 125		10	200	
Input bias current HIN high	$I_{HIN+}$	VHIN = 3,3V						25 125		70	100	
Input bias current HIN low	$I_{HIN-}$	VHIN = 0V						25 125		110	200	
Input bias current EN high	$I_{EN+}$	VHIN = 3,3V						25 125		45	120	
Output voltage (FAULT)	$V_{FLT}$						25 125	0		$V_{CC}$	V	
Low on resistor of pull down trans. (FAULT)	$R_{ON,FLT}$	$V_{FAULT}=0.5 V$						25 125		45,0	100	$\Omega$
Pulse width for ON or OFF	$t_{IN}$						25 125	1			$\mu$ s	
Turn-on propagation delay (LIN, HIN)	$t_{ON}$	VLIN/HIN = 0V or 3,3V						25 125	400	530	800	ns
Turn-off propagation delay (LIN, HIN)	$t_{OFF}$	VLIN/HIN = 0V or 3,3V						25 125	360	490	760	
FAULT reset time	$t_{RST}$						25 125		4		ms	
Fixed deadtime between high and low side	$t_{DT}$	VLIN/HIN = 0V & 3,3V						25 125	150	310		ns



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_F$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	

#### Thermistor

Rated resistance	$R$					25		22000		$\Omega$
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$\Delta R/R$					100	-12		12	%
Power dissipation	$P$					25		200		mW
Power dissipation constant						25		2		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				25		3950		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				25		3998		K
Vincotech NTC Reference									B	

#### PFC Driver

Base resistor	$R_b$							100,00		$\Omega$
Base pull down resistor	$R_{bpd}$							2,70		K $\Omega$
Thermal Resistance Junction - heat sink	$R_{thJS}$							$\leq 105$		K/W

#### DC Characteristics

DC current gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 300 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$	25	160	250	400	V
				100			
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$				0,7	
Base emitter saturation voltage	$V_{BEsat}$					1,2	

#### AC Characteristics

Transition frequency	$f_T$	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	25		170		MHz
Collector-base capacitance	$C_{cb}$	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{BE} = 10 \text{ V}$			6		pF
Emitter-base capacitance	$C_{eb}$	$V_{EB} = 0,5 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			60		

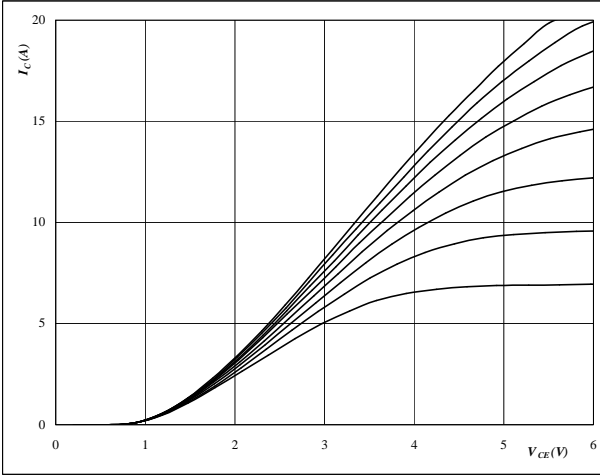


### Output Inverter

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



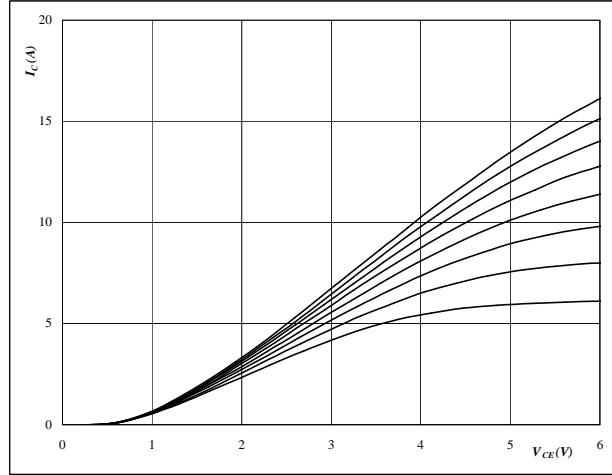
**At**

$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $U_{CC}$  from 10 V to 17V in steps of 1V

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



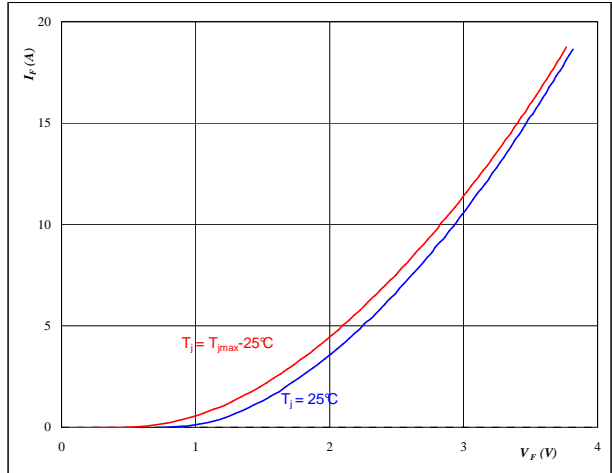
**At**

$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $U_{CC}$  from 10 V to 17V in steps of 1V

**figure 3.** FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$



**At**

$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$



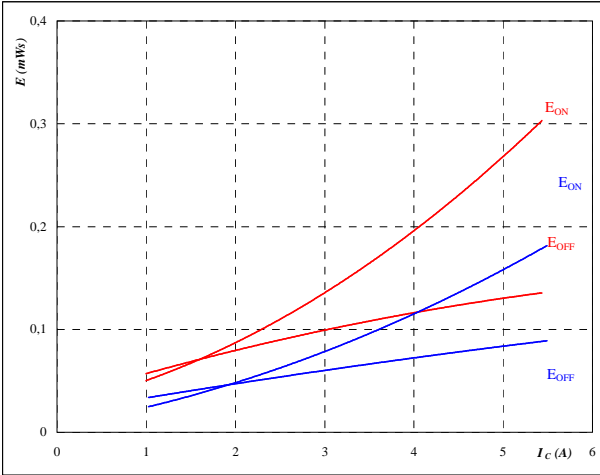


### Output Inverter

**figure 4.** IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of collector current**

$E = f(I_C)$



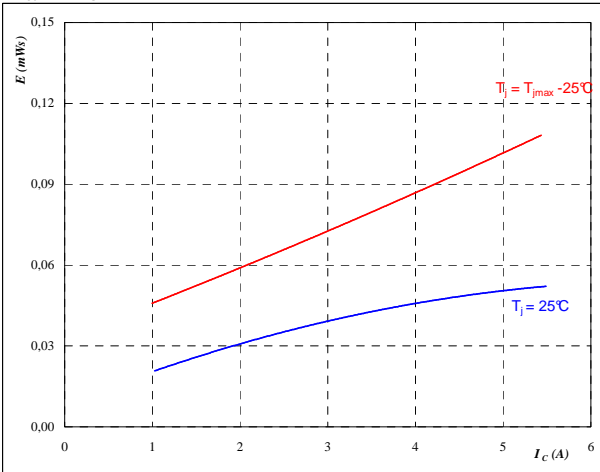
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	400	V
$U_{CC} =$	15	V

**figure 5.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of collector current**

$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	400	V
$U_{CC} =$	15	V

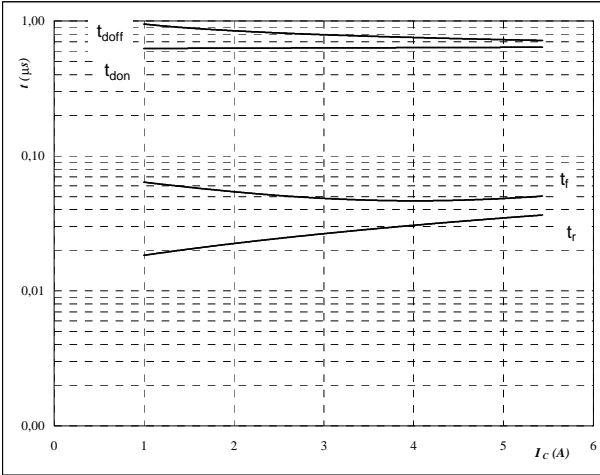


### Output Inverter

**figure 6.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$t = f(I_C)$



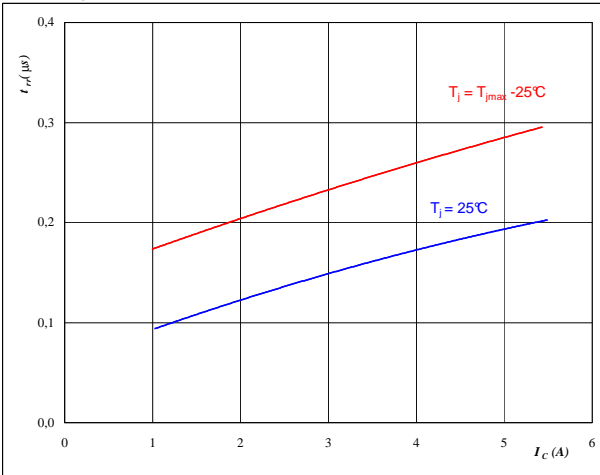
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	400	V
$U_{CC} =$	15	V

**figure 7.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	400	V
$U_{CC} =$	15	V

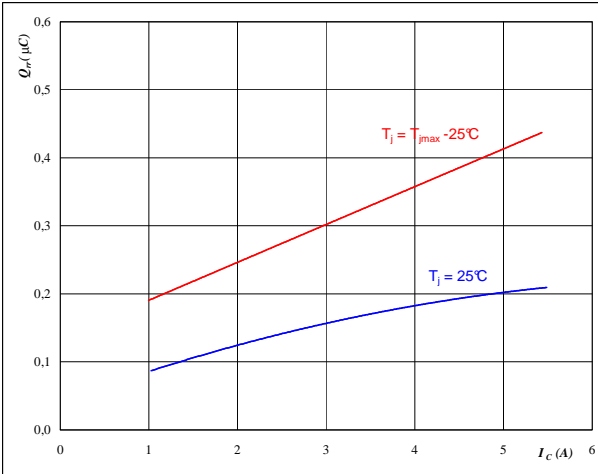


### Output Inverter

**figure 8.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current**

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_c)$$



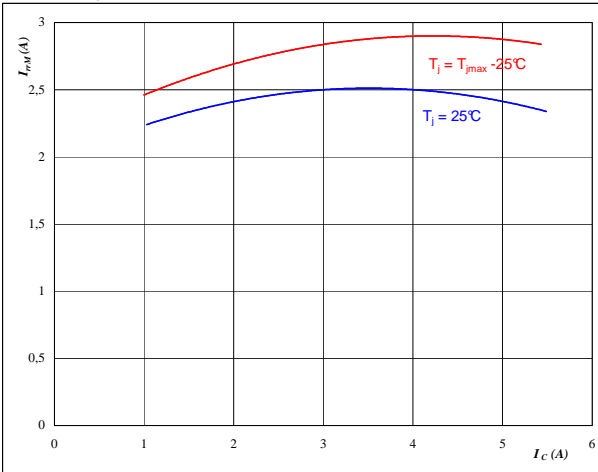
**At**

T <sub>j</sub> =	25/125	°C
V <sub>CE</sub> =	400	V
U <sub>CC</sub> =	15	V

**figure 9.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current**

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_c)$$



**At**

T <sub>j</sub> =	25/125	°C
V <sub>CE</sub> =	400	V
U <sub>CC</sub> =	15	V

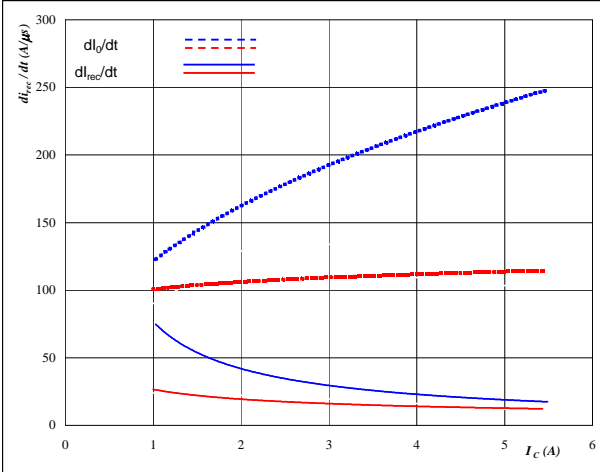


## Output Inverter

**figure 10.** FWD

**Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current**

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$$



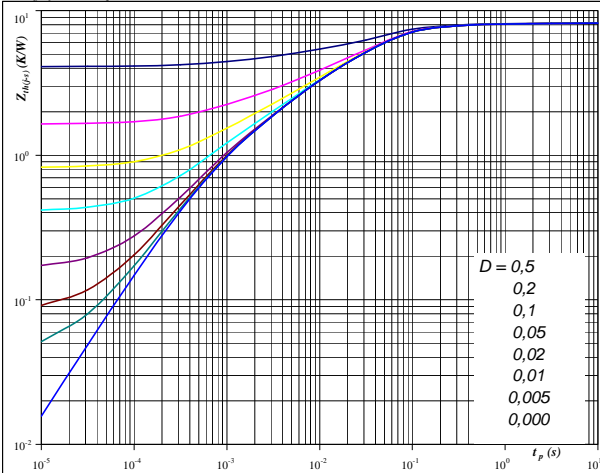
**At**

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	400	V
$U_{CC} =$	15	V

**figure 11.** IGBT

**IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



**At**

$D =$	$t_p / T$	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	8,20	K/W

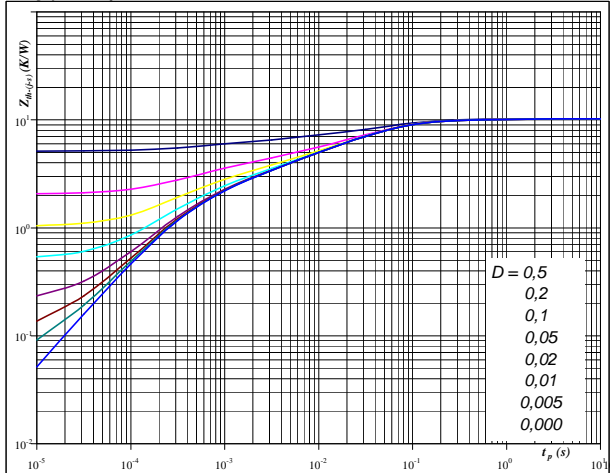
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
2,49E-01	1,64E+00
9,97E-01	1,59E-01
4,55E+00	3,81E-02
1,65E+00	5,10E-03
6,64E-01	7,96E-04
9,00E-02	3,11E-04

**figure 12.** FWD

**FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



**At**

$D =$	$t_p / T$	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	10,24	K/W

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
5,43E-01	6,92E-01
3,81E+00	5,93E-02
2,56E+00	1,81E-02
1,83E+00	2,58E-03
1,50E+00	3,50E-04

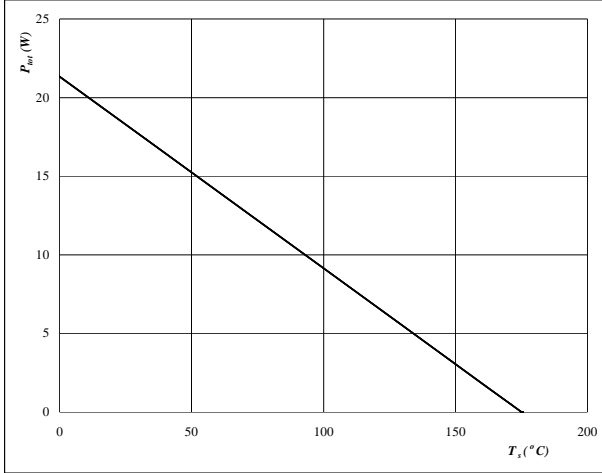


### Output Inverter

**figure 13. IGBT**

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$$

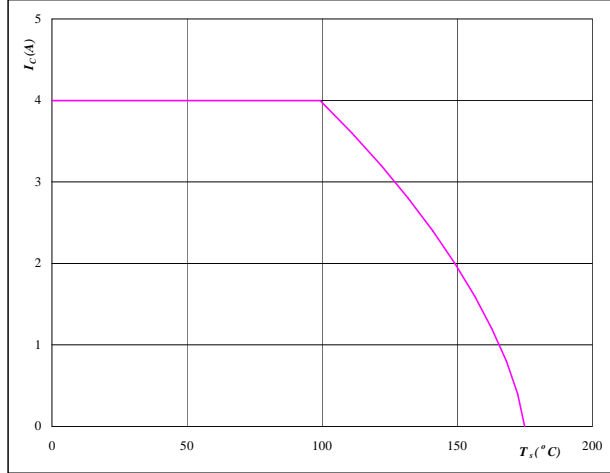


**At**  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C

**figure 14. IGBT**

**Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_C = f(T_s)$$

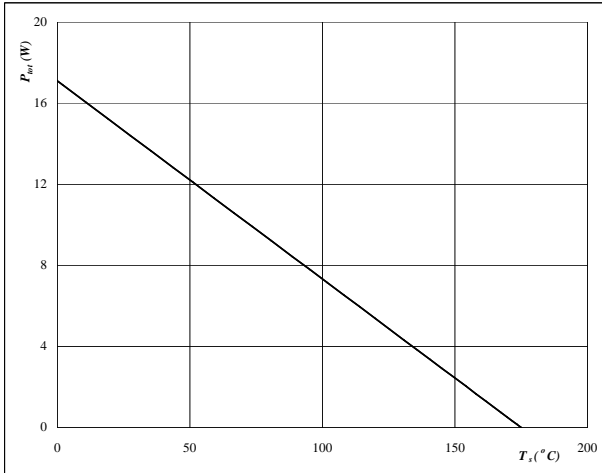


**At**  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C  
U<sub>CC</sub> = 15 V

**figure 15. FWD**

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$$

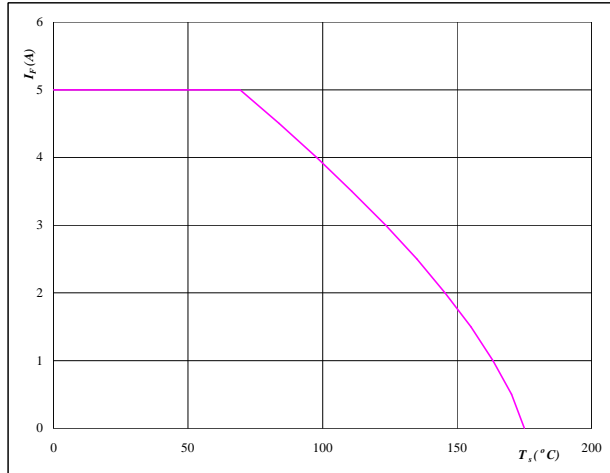


**At**  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C

**figure 16. FWD**

**Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_F = f(T_s)$$



**At**  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C

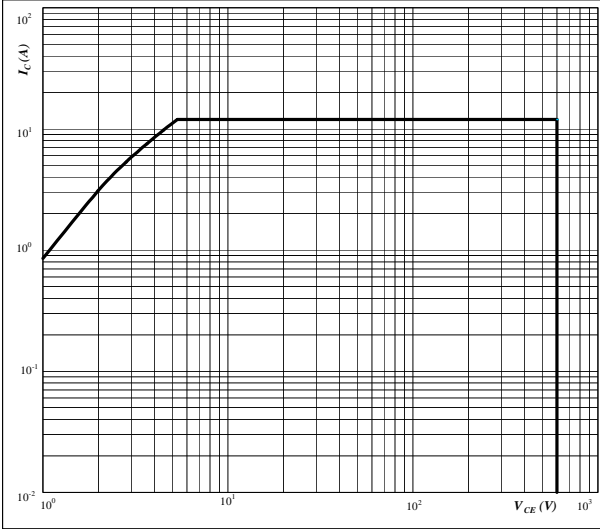


### Output Inverter

**figure 17.** IGBT

Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At

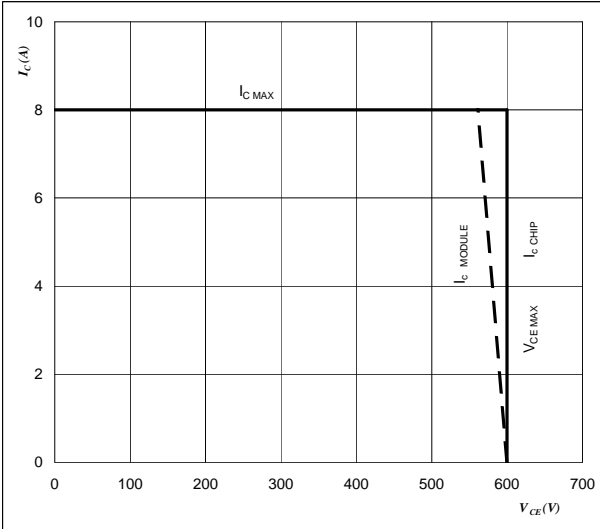
$$T_j \leq T_{jmax}$$

$$U_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$$

**figure 18.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At

$$T_j = T_{jmax} - 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

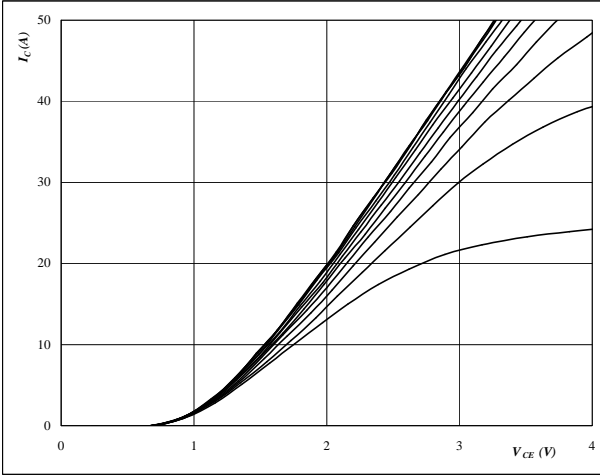


### PFC

**figure 1. IGBT**

**Typical output characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



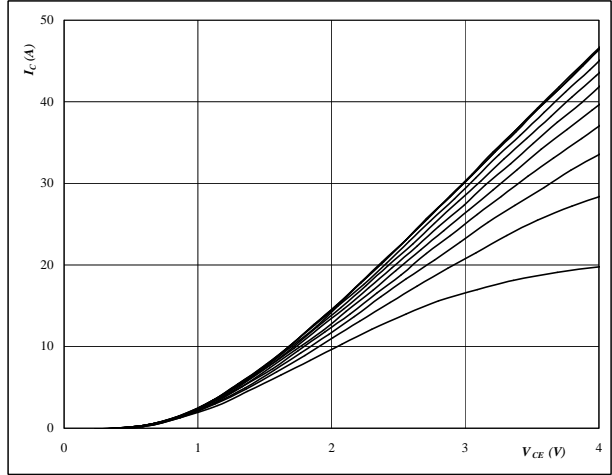
**At**

$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $U_{CC}$  from 7 V to 17V in steps of 1V

**figure 2. IGBT**

**Typical output characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



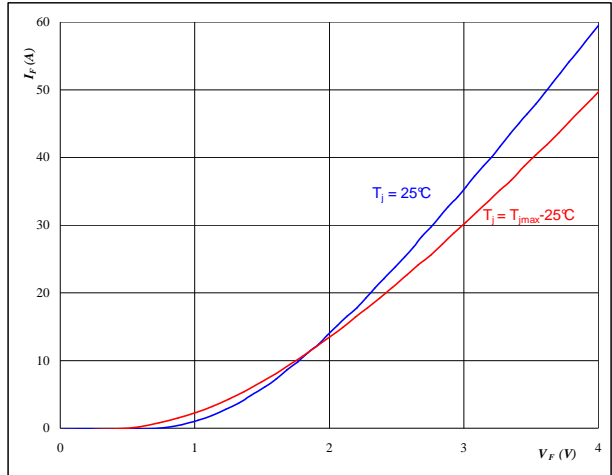
**At**

$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 0 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $U_{CC}$  from 7 V to 17V in steps of 1V

**figure 3. FWD**

**Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

$I_F = f(V_F)$



**At**

$t_p = 250 \mu s$

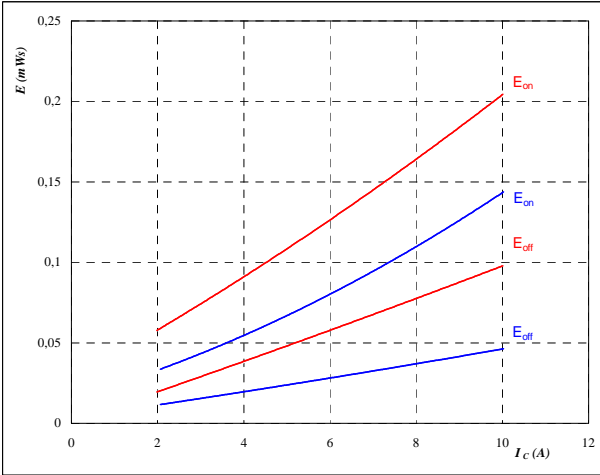


PFC

figure 4. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of collector current

$E = f(I_c)$



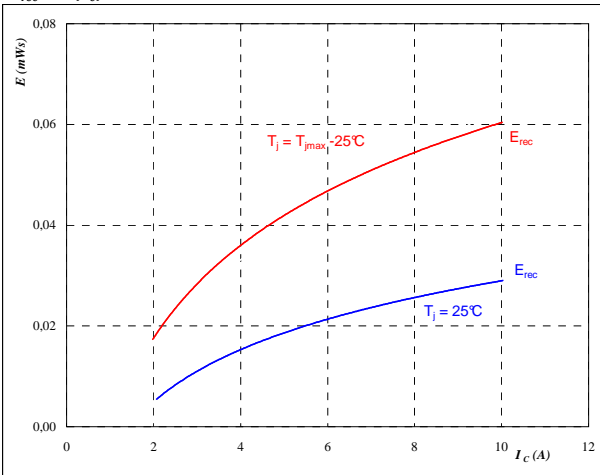
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 400$  V  
 $U_{CC} = 15$  V

figure 5. IGBT

Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of collector current

$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 400$  V  
 $U_{CC} = 15$  V



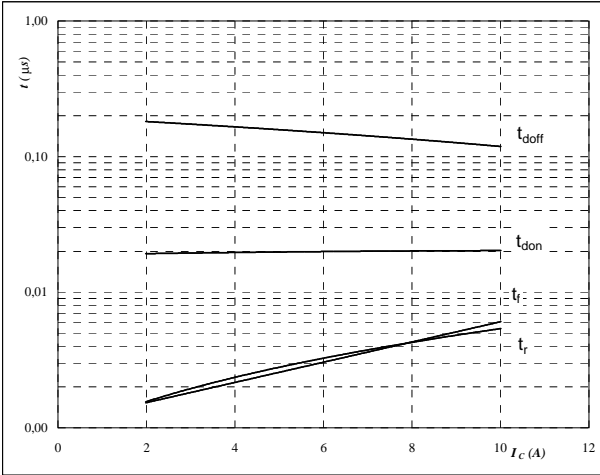


PFC

figure 6. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$t = f(I_C)$



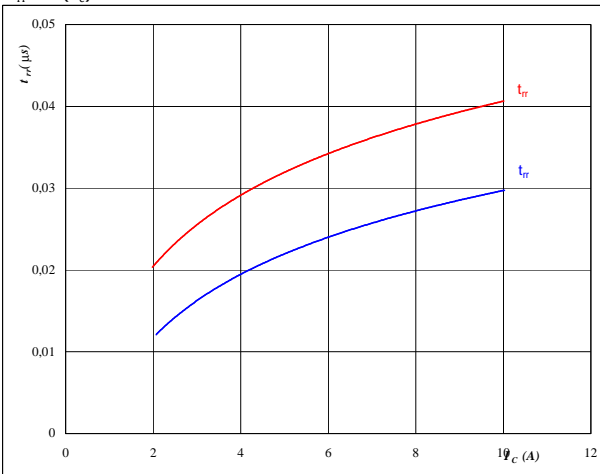
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	400	V
$U_{CC} =$	15	V

figure 7. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	400	V
$U_{CC} =$	15	V

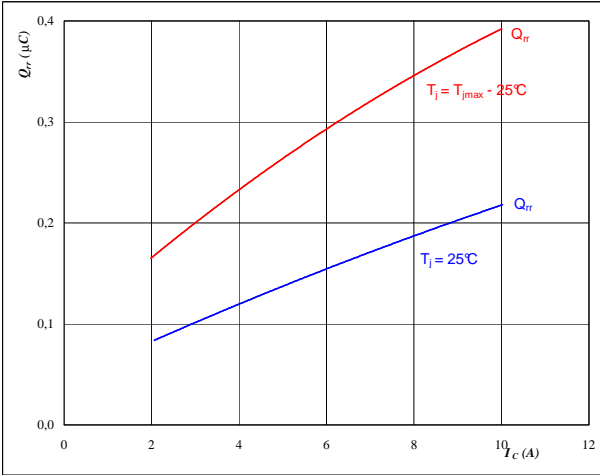


PFC

figure 8. FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$Q_{rr} = f(I_c)$



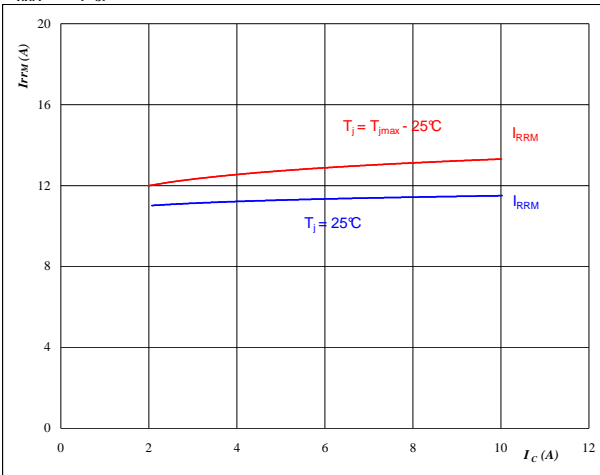
At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	400	V
$U_{CC} =$	15	V

figure 9. FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$I_{RRM} = f(I_c)$



At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	400	V
$U_{CC} =$	15	V

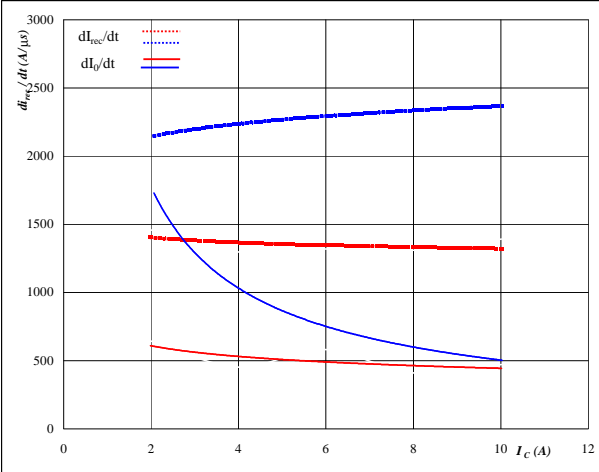


PFC

figure 10. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$



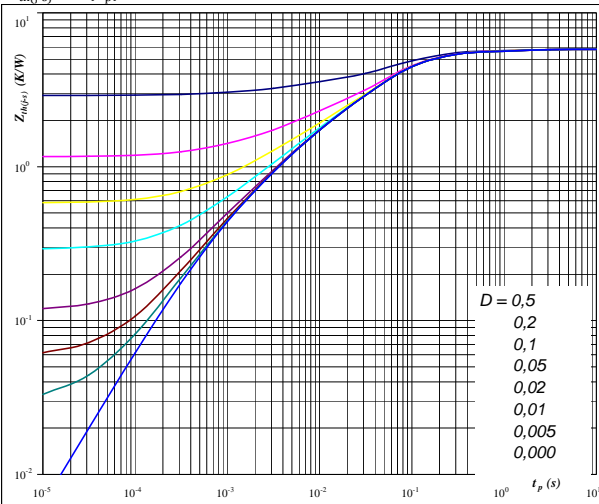
At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	400	V
$U_{CC} =$	15	V

figure 11. IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



At

$D =$	$t_p / T$	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	5,80	K/W

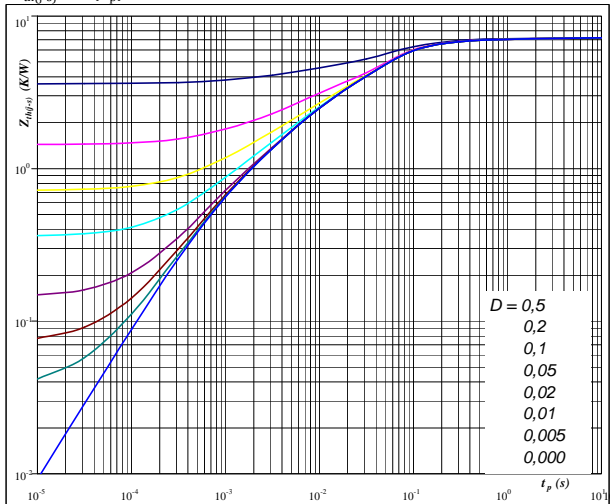
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
8,85E-02	4,38E+00
3,12E-01	8,32E-01
1,99E+00	1,12E-01
2,31E+00	3,80E-02
8,99E-01	4,25E-03
2,11E-01	5,94E-04

figure 12. FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



At

$D =$	$t_p / T$	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	7,19	K/W

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
2,22E-01	2,69E+00
6,61E-01	2,71E-01
4,47E+00	4,89E-02
1,43E+00	5,11E-03
4,13E-01	7,51E-04

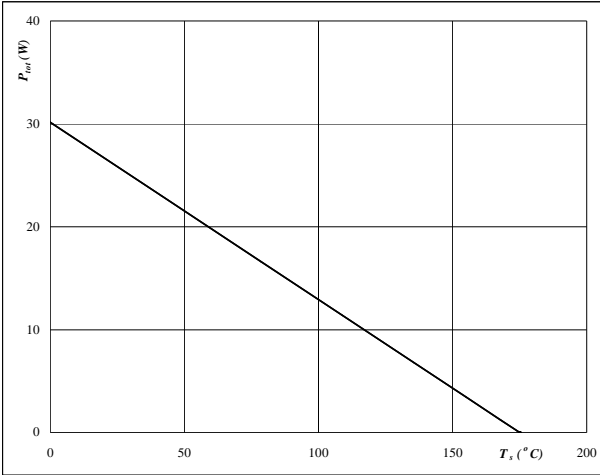


PFC

figure 13. IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$

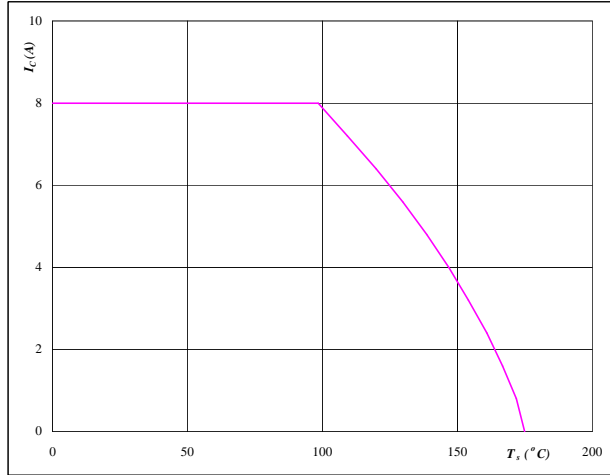


At  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C

figure 14. IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$I_C = f(T_s)$

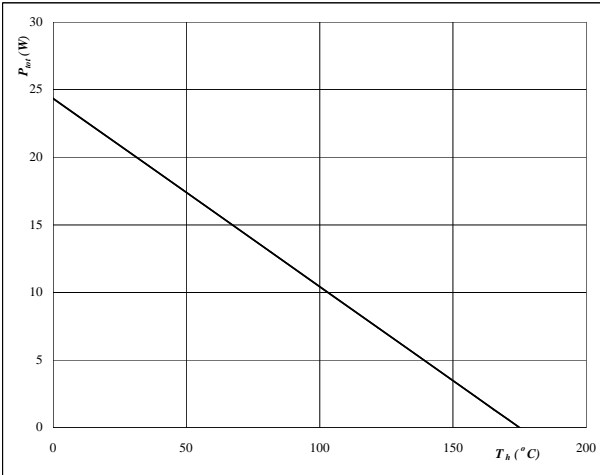


At  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C  
U<sub>CC</sub> = 15 V

figure 15. FWD

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$

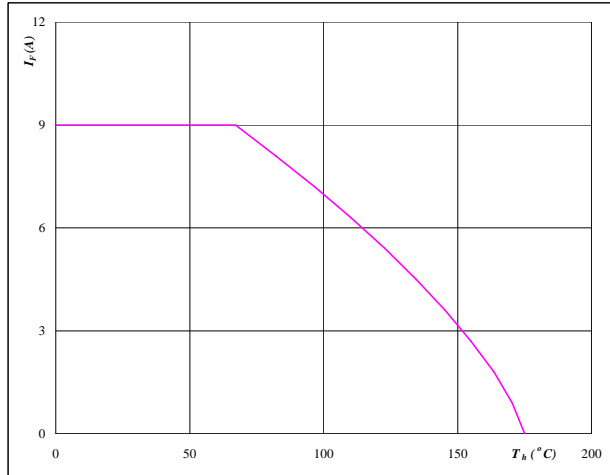


At  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C

figure 16. FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$I_F = f(T_s)$



At  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C

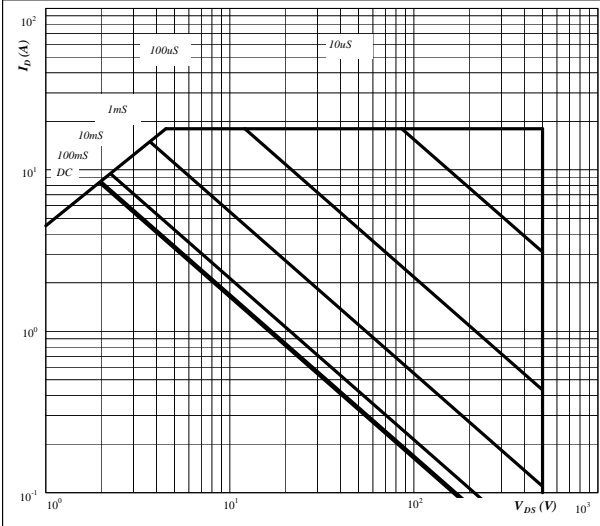


PFC

**figure 17.** IGBT

**Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage**

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



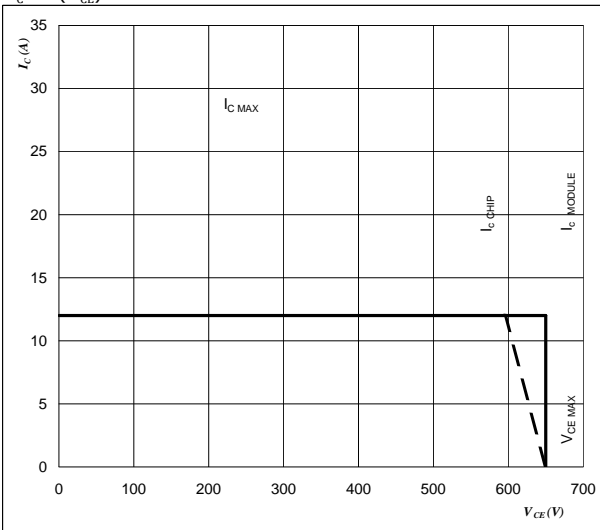
**At**

- $D =$  single pulse
- $T_s =$  80 °C
- $U_{CC} =$  15 V
- $T_j = T_{jmax}$

**figure 18.** IGBT

**Reverse bias safe operating area**

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



**At**

- $T_j = T_{jmax} - 25$  °C

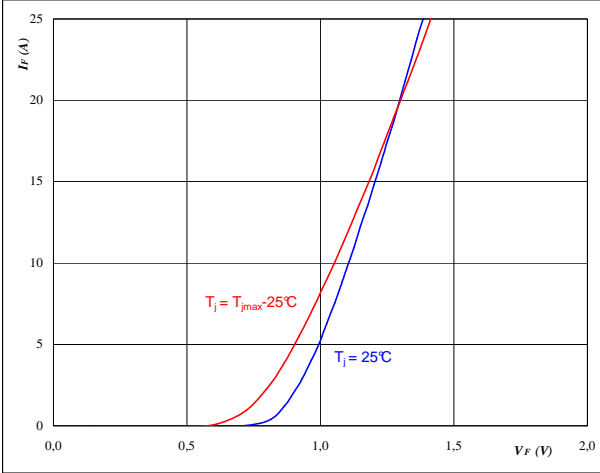


### Input Rectifier Bridge

**figure 1. Rectifier Diode**

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$

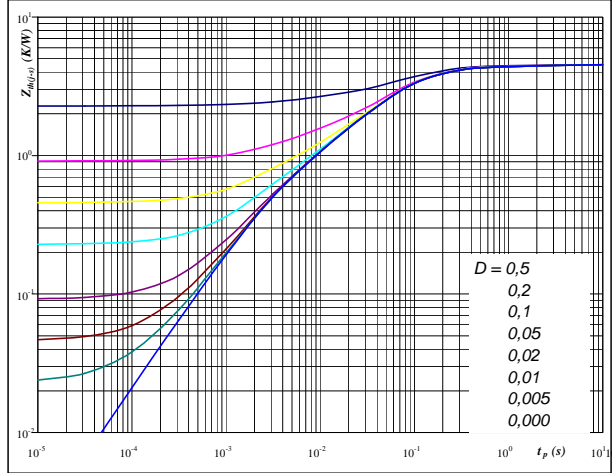


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

**figure 2. Rectifier Diode**

Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$

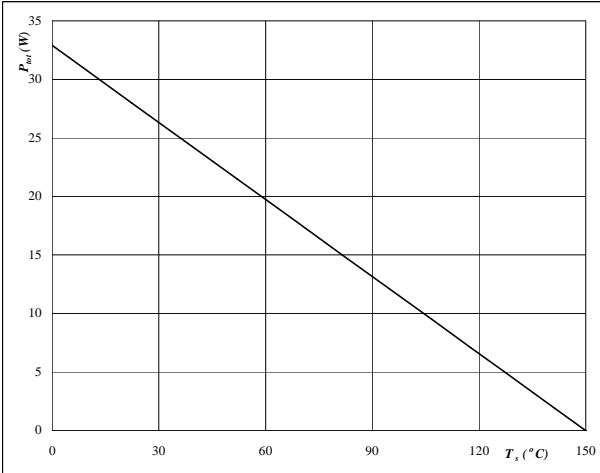


**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 4,56 \text{ K/W}$

**figure 3. Rectifier Diode**

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$

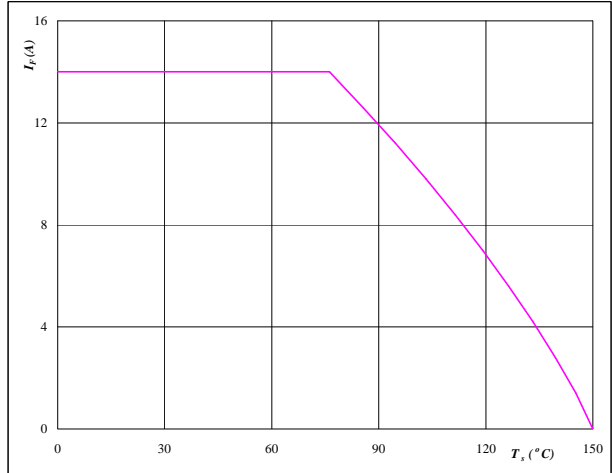


**At**  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$

**figure 4. Rectifier Diode**

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$I_F = f(T_s)$



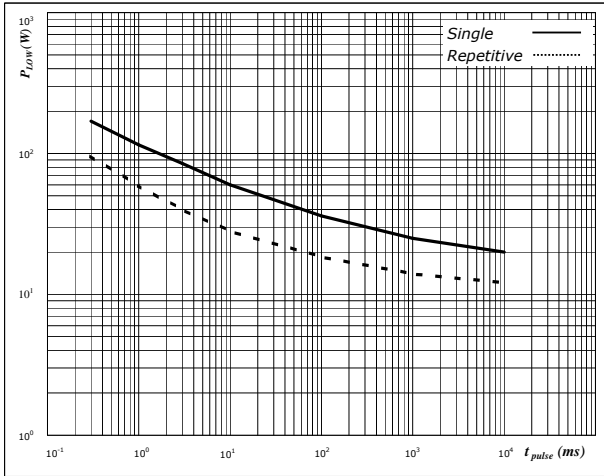
**At**  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$



### Shunt

figure 1. PFC Shunt

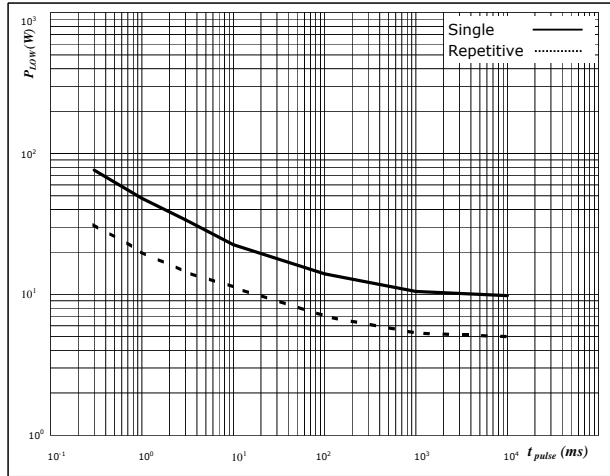
Pulse Power R1



————  $dR/R_0 < 5\%$  after 1 pulse  
 .....  $dR/R_0 < 5\%$  after 10.000 cycles; duty cycle  $< 0,1\%$

figure 2. DC Shunt

Pulse Power R2



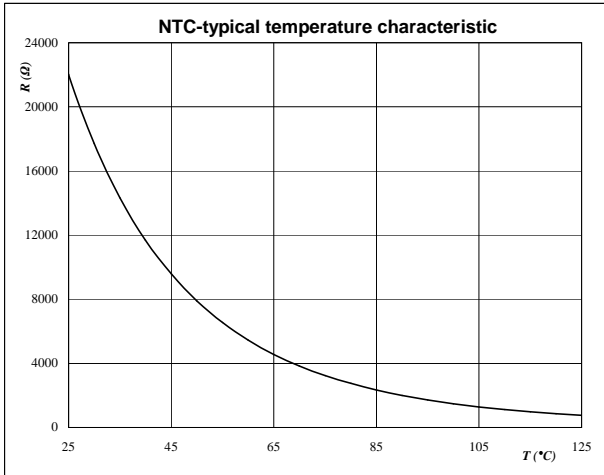
————  $dR/R_0 < 1\%$  after 1 pulse  
 .....  $dR/R_0 < 1\%$  after 10.000 cycles; duty cycle  $< 0,1\%$

### Thermistor

figure 1. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic  
as a function of temperature

$R_T = f(T)$





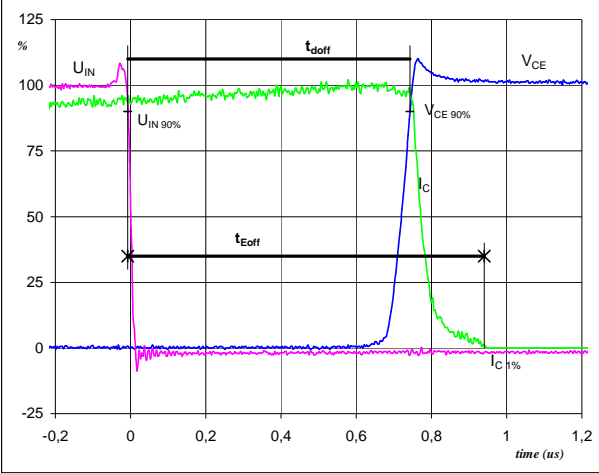
## Switching Definitions Output Inverter

General conditions

$T_j$	=	125 °C
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**figure 1. IGBT**

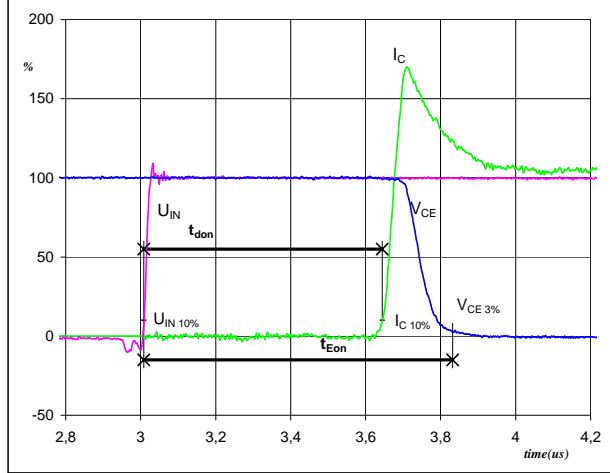
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$   $t_{Eoff}$**   
( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$U_{IN}$ (0%) =	0	V
$U_{IN}$ (100%) =	5	V
$V_C$ (100%) =	400	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	4	A
$t_{doff}$ =	0,75	$\mu$ s
$t_{Eoff}$ =	0,95	$\mu$ s

**figure 2. IGBT**

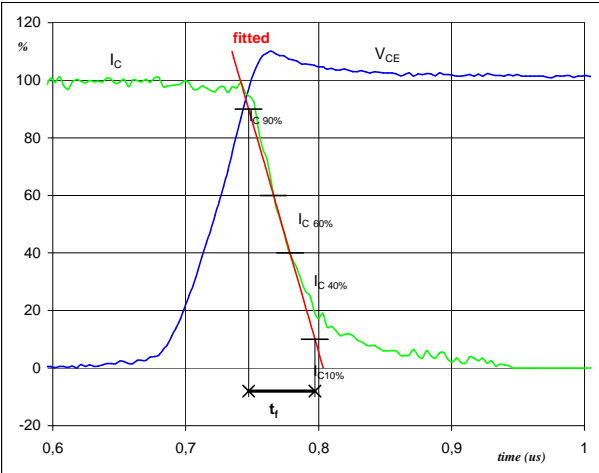
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$   $t_{Eon}$**   
( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$U_{IN}$ (0%) =	0	V
$U_{IN}$ (100%) =	5	V
$V_C$ (100%) =	400	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	4	A
$t_{don}$ =	0,64	$\mu$ s
$t_{Eon}$ =	0,82	$\mu$ s

**figure 3. IGBT**

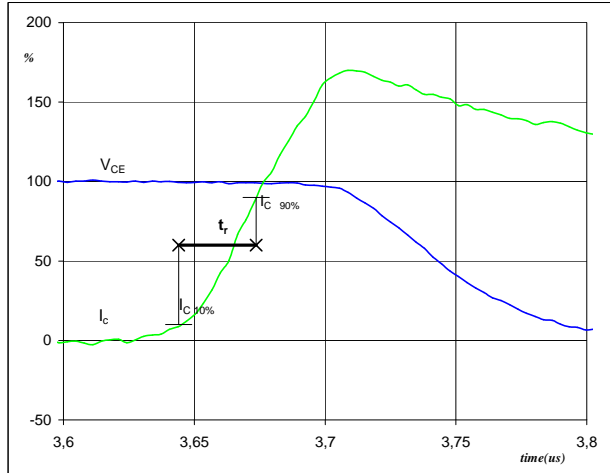
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$**



$V_C$ (100%) =	400	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	4	A
$t_f$ =	0,05	$\mu$ s

**figure 4. IGBT**

**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$**



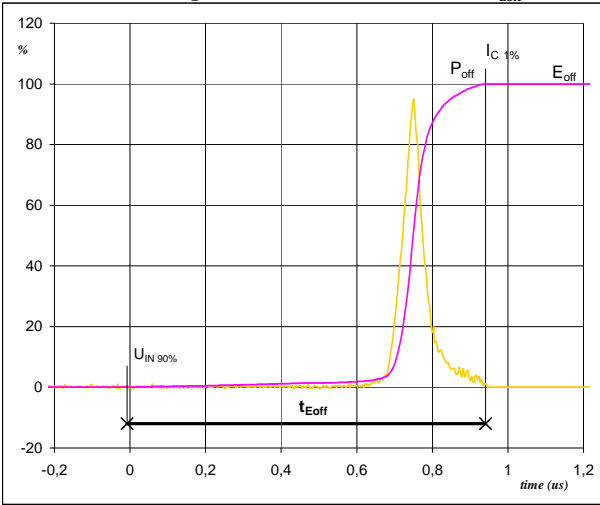
$V_C$ (100%) =	400	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	4	A
$t_r$ =	0,03	$\mu$ s





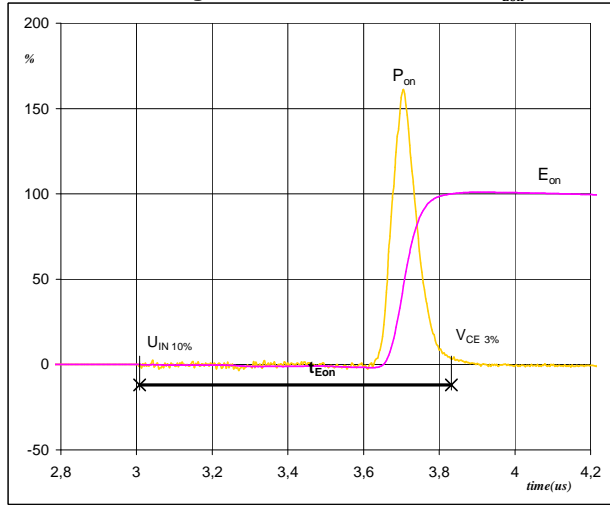
## Switching Definitions Output Inverter

**figure 5. IGBT**  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eoff}$**



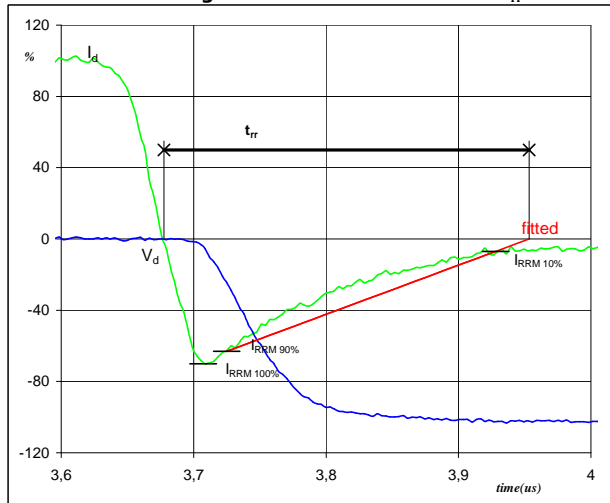
$P_{off} (100\%) = 1,61 \text{ kW}$   
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 0,12 \text{ mJ}$   
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,95 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

**figure 6. IGBT**  
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eon}$**



$P_{on} (100\%) = 1,61 \text{ kW}$   
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 0,20 \text{ mJ}$   
 $t_{Eon} = 0,82 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

**figure 7. FWD**  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$**



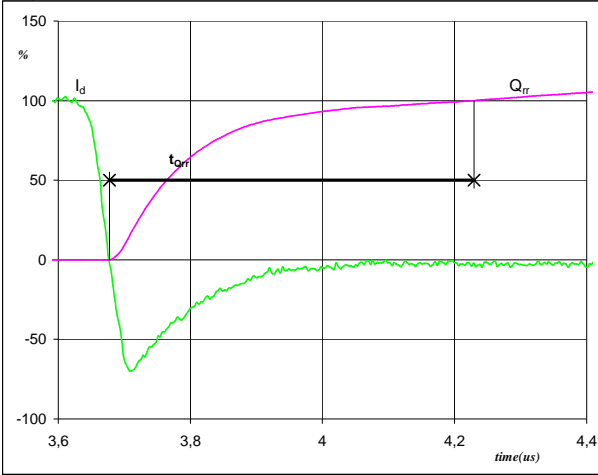
$V_d (100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $I_d (100\%) = 4 \text{ A}$   
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -3 \text{ A}$   
 $t_{rr} = 0,25 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$



## Switching Definitions Output Inverter

**figure 8.** FWD

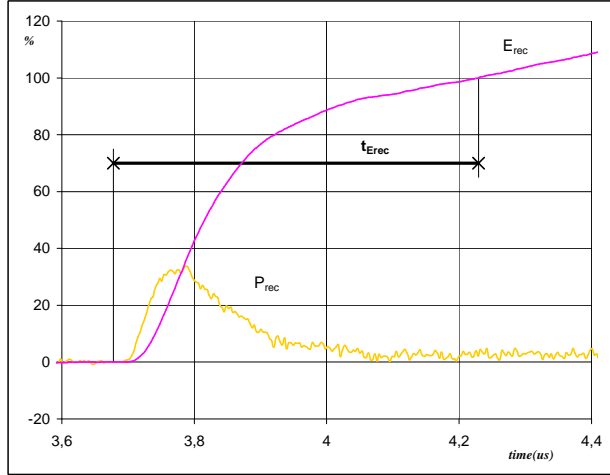
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qrr}$**   
( $t_{Qrr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_{rr}$ )



$I_d$ (100%) =	4	A
$Q_{rr}$ (100%) =	0,35	$\mu\text{C}$
$t_{Qrr}$ =	0,55	$\mu\text{s}$

**figure 9.** FWD

**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Erec}$**   
( $t_{Erec}$  = integrating time for  $E_{rec}$ )



$P_{rec}$ (100%) =	1,61	kW
$E_{rec}$ (100%) =	0,09	mJ
$t_{Erec}$ =	0,55	$\mu\text{s}$



## Application data

**Static logic function table**

VCC	VBS	RCIN	ITRIP	ENABLE	FAULT	LO1,2,3	HO1,2,3
$<V_{CCUV-}$	X	X	X	X	0	0	0
15V	$<V_{BSUV-}$	X	0	3.3V	High imp	/LIN1,2,3	0
15V	15V	$<3.2V_{\downarrow}$	0	3.3V	0	0	0
15V	15V	X	$> V_{IT,TH+}$	3.3V	0	0	0
15V	15V	$> V_{RCIN,TH}$	0	3.3V	High imp	/LIN1,2,3	/HIN1,2,3
15V	15V	$> V_{RCIN,TH}$	0	0	High imp	0	0

**Pin Descriptions**

Pin #	Pin Name	Pin Description
1	NTC2	Temperature sensor connector 1
2	NTC1	Temperature sensor connector 2
3	InvS +	Inverter sense resistor high-side
4	InvS -	Inverter sense resistor low-side
5	EN	Enable I/O functionality
6	-Fault	Fault output, indicates over current or under voltage (negative)
7	-LIN3	Signal input for low-side W phase
8	-LIN2	Signal input for low-side V phase
9	-LIN1	Signal input for low-side U phase
10	-HIN3	Signal input for high-side W phase
11	-HIN2	Signal input for high-side V phase
12	-HIN1	Signal input for high-side U phase
13	$V_{CC}$	Driver circuit supply voltage
14	GND2	Inverter ground
15	GND	PFC ground
16	GATE	PFC gate driver input
17	AC1	Rectifier input
18	AC2	Rectifier input
19	DC1 + (coil)	Rectifier output DC +
20	PFC + (coil)	PFC coil connector
21	DC1 -	Rectifier output DC -
22	PFC -	PFC return
23	DC2 -	Inverter input DC -
24	DC2 +	Inverter input DC +
25	W	Output for W phase
26	V	Output for V phase
27	U	Output for U phase



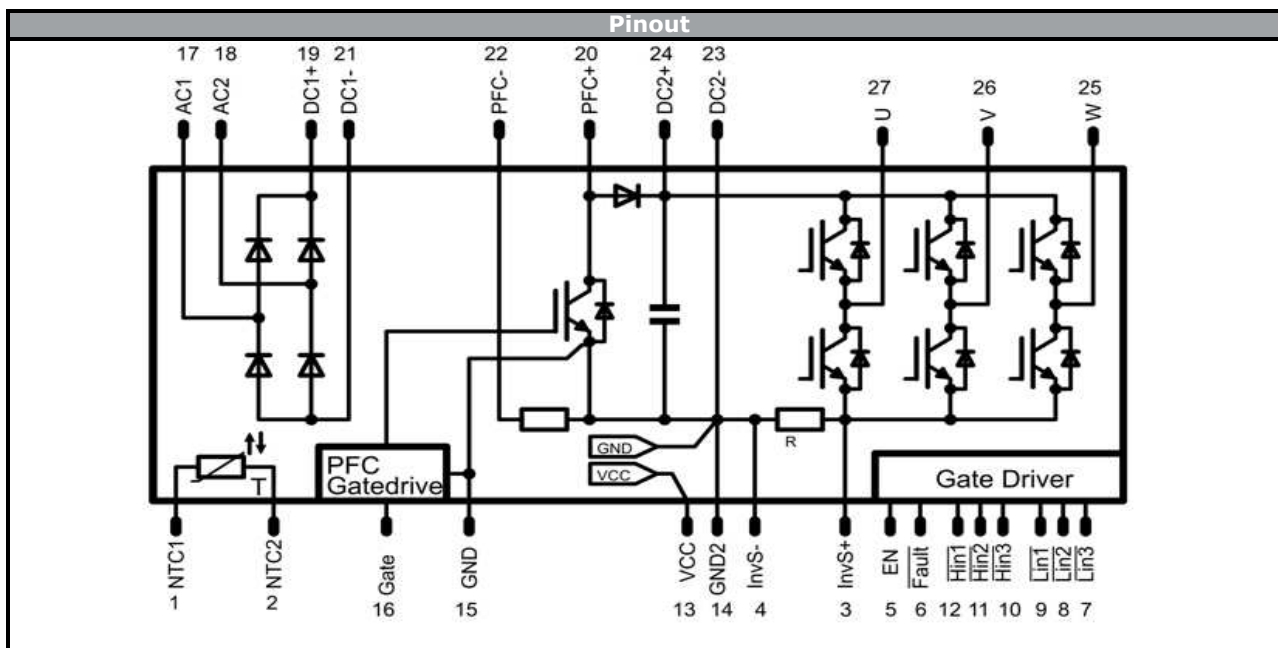
**Ordering Code & Marking - Outline - Pinout**

Ordering Code & Marking									
Version			Ordering Code						
without thermal paste, solder pins			20-1B06IPB004RC01-P952A45						
with thermal paste, solder pins			20-1B06IPB004RC01-P952A45-/3/						
without thermal paste, press fit pins			20-PB06IPB004RC01-P952A45Y						
with thermal paste, press fit pins			20-PB06IPB004RC01-P952A45Y-/3/						
NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTUVVWWYY UL VIN LLLLL SSSS			Name			Date code	UL & VIN	Lot	Serial
			NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTUVV			WWYY	UL VIN	LLLLL	SSSS
Datamatrix		Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code				
		TTTTUVV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY				

Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	45	0	NTC2
2	42	0	NTC1
3	39	0	Inv_S+
4	36	0	Inv_S-
5	33	0	EN
6	30	0	FAULT
7	27	0	LIN3
8	24	0	LIN2
9	21	0	LIN1
10	18	0	HIN3
11	15	0	HIN2
12	12	0	HIN1
13	9	0	VCC
14	6	0	GND2
15	3	0	GND
16	0	0	GATE
17	-0,2	26,4	AC1
18	4,8	26,4	AC2
19	9,8	26,4	DC1+
20	14,8	26,4	PFC+
21	19,8	26,4	DC1-
22	22,5	26,4	PFC-
23	25,2	26,4	DC2-
24	30,2	26,4	DC2+
25	35,2	26,4	W
26	40,2	26,4	V
27	45,2	26,4	U



### Ordering Code & Marking - Outline - Pinout




Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6	IGBT	600 V	4 A	Inverter Transistor	
D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6	FWD	600 V	4 A	Inverter Diode	
T7	IGBT	650 V	15 A	PFC IGBT	
D12	FWD	650 V	15 A	PFC Diode	
D11	FWD	650 V	6 A	PFC inverse Diode	
R3	Resistor			PFC Shunt	
D7,D8,D9,D10	Rectifier	1600 V	12 A	Input Rectifier Diode	
R2	Resistor			DC Shunt	
C1	Capacitor	500 V		DC link Capacitor	
T	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ)	<b>100</b>	>SPQ Standard	<SPQ Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> 1B packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow</i> 1B packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
20-xB06IPB010RC01-P952A45x-D3-14	20 Jan. 2017	Rth values and conditions values changed	1-2, 4-5, 12, 19, 22

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Vincotech products are not authorised for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of Vincotech.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.